The Chicago Tribune.

VOL XXII. CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1868. NUMBER 78.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

FOREIGN.

Hon. Reverdy Johnson was formally received by Queen Victoria as United States Minister on Monday, in London, on the 14th inst. The Queen has returned to Balmoral, her Highland home.

The International Workingmen's Convention, held in Brussels, an address was adopted calling upon workmen to oppose war and discountenance assassination.

Whelan has been convicted of the assassination of the late Hon. Thos. D'Arcy McGee, and sentenced to be hanged on December 10. No new trial was anticipated. His counsel were paid $1,000 in gold for defending him, and the fees are reported to be anxiously looking for them.

The London *Pall Mall Gazette* says the opinion prevails in every capital in Europe that a great continental war will come before the end of the year.

GENERAL.

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 144.

The Marshal of New York and the United States Marshal for the Northern District of Illinois had a struggle for the possession of Moses E. Ludington, on the 15th instant, in the city of New York. The Illinois Marshal had been delivered Ludington into the custody of the Marshal, but the New York party was the stronger, and they triumphed temporarily, but a writ of *habeas corpus* caused them to surrender.

The Republicans of Peru, Indiana, held a great demonstration on the 14th instant.

Large Republican meetings were held in Illinois, Indiana and Ohio.

A large number of children are dying in the vicinity of Chicago, Ill., from dysentery.

The Cook County Republican Convention, held in Chicago on the 15th instant, Hon. Norman B. Judd was renominated for Congress; Gustav Fischer was nominated for Sheriff; Norman T. Gassette for Circuit Court Clerk; and Charles H. Reed for State's Attorney.

Rev. E. N. Bishop, D. D., formerly rector of St. John's Church, in this city, died in Paris, France, on the 31st ult.

The annual convention of the Episcopal Diocese of Illinois commenced its session in the Bishop's Church, corner of Washington and Peoria-streets, in this city, on the 15th instant.

WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 15.

THE ADJOURNED SESSION.

Senator Morgan and General Schenck, in accordance with the terms of the agreement signed by the Republican members of each House, met to-day, and will publish the course they deem best to pursue, by Associated Press to-night. They are positive in the opinion that there is no necessity for a session, and that no good is to be accomplished.

THE CAMPAIGN.

The Republican Majority in Maine Upwards of 20,000.

The Entire Republican Congressional Delegation Elected.

The Legislature Almost Unanimously Republican.

Rejoicing Everywhere Over the Glorious Victory.

Large Republican Meetings in Illinois, Indiana and Ohio.

Debate Between Governor Baker and Senator Hendricks, at Peru, Ind.

THE MAINE ELECTION.

BOSTON, Sept. 15.—J. G. Blaine, Chairman of the Maine Republican State Committee, telegraphs from Augusta: "We have carried every Congressional District, even where the vote is closest, by over 3,000 majority. We have carried every county, including the three that were carried by the Democrats last year. We have elected every Senator, and seven-eighths of the House of Representatives, and have rolled up a popular majority for Governor Chamberlain of 20,000."

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 15.—Returns from 320 towns, embracing more than four-fifths of the entire vote of the State, give Chamberlain 58,143; Pillsbury, 44,650. The same towns last year gave Chamberlain 45,907; Pillsbury, 37,082. The Republican majority this year, 13,493; last year, 8,825. The towns yet to be heard from gave last year Chamberlain, 11,394; Pillsbury, 9,266. Should the same ratio of relative increase be obtained in these, with those already reported, their total vote would be: Chamberlain, 14,313; Pillsbury, 10,834; which would give a total vote of 128,000, of which Chamberlain would have 72,180 and Pillsbury 54,800, giving Chamberlain a majority of 20,000. It is not believed, however, that the towns to be heard from will maintain the ratio of increase exhibited in those that are reported.

Judge Rice and other leading Democrats here claim 50,000 votes for Pillsbury, but concede the same relative increase to Chamberlain.

Mr. Blaine, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, has only claimed 20,000 majority, asserting that Chamberlain's vote would go as far above 70,000 as Pillsbury would exceed 50,000. Mr. Blaine's canvass of the State was most thorough, and his figures have thus far proven very accurate and reliable.

REJOICINGS OF THE PEOPLE OVER THE NEWS FROM MAINE.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

DES MOINES, Sept. 15.

The glad news from Maine has transported loyal Iowa into ecstasies. All expected well of her, but she has nobly outstripped our most sanguine expectations. Republicans are wild with enthusiasm. The Democrats are as mum as a depopulated graveyard. One hundred guns were fired in honor of the grand triumph this morning, and this evening there is a torch-light parade of four or five hundred Tanners.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 15.—The Maine election returns create great enthusiasm among the Republicans here. The *Daily News* (Copperhead) has telegraphic headings of "Democratic gains," but even the Democrats were unable to find a single Democratic gain in the telegraph columns, and conclude the headings were made before the news was received.

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 15.—The Republicans are jubilant over the good news from Maine, and the Democrats are equally despondent over the great reaction.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 15.—There was great rejoicing last night over the news from Maine. The Boys in Blue and the Tanners were out in force, accompanied by music. Bonfires were kindled, and the victory was celebrated with great enthusiasm.

DIXON, Ill., Sept. 15.—A despatch this morning, announcing the glorious result in Maine yesterday, was soon noised abroad, and was received with delight by our earnest Republicans. The Cops look glum.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 15.—There is enthusiastic rejoicing throughout this State over the Maine news among Republicans. Here the rejoicing broke out in the wildest demonstrations about midnight last night, as the last despatch from New York came in, and very soon bonfires were lighted, and rockets, Roman candles and shouts filled the air. To-night there was an immense demonstration at the west front of the capitol. There was a large torchlight procession and plenty of speeches.

COMMENTS OF THE NEW YORK JOURNALS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—The *Herald* says a political earthquake swept over Maine yesterday.

The *Times* says the Maine election shows that the people have made up their minds to elect Grant and Colfax, and is important as indicating the drift of popular sentiment.

The *Tribune* considers the Maine election as the commencement of a tidal wave of honesty which will sweep over the country.

The *World* says the Republican majority is a reduced one, and congratulates the Democrats of Maine on the sturdy fight they made.

The *Sun* says the Democracy have met a serious reverse in Maine, and considers the influence on the coming elections will be great.

The *Express* says nobody expected Maine to go otherwise than it did, but if the Democrats gain as heavily otherwise, several States may be carried sure for the latter.

The *Post* considers the election as complete a triumph of the Republican party as ever before attained.

The *Commercial* says the thanks of the nation are due to Maine for her victory of yesterday.

GREAT POLITICAL DEMONSTRATION AT PERU, IND.—DEBATE BETWEEN GOVERNOR BAKER AND SENATOR HENDRICKS.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

PERU, Ind., Sept. 14.

The demonstration here to-day on the occasion of the debate between Governor Baker and Senator Hendricks was a marked success, not only in point of numbers, but in the harmony that has characterized the proceeding. At an early hour the people began to arrive in wagons, on horseback, by boat down the Wabash, and on the roads leading to the town of Peru. Many pedestrians might have been seen trudging along, many footsore and weary, but cheerfully, in view of the event of the day.

Governor Baker and Senator Hendricks arrived on the ten o'clock train from Logansport, and received an enthusiastic reception at the depot from a large crowd, uninformed, of both parties. A salute of ten guns was given as the train ran into the station. Both speakers proceeded by private carriage, Governor Baker to the residence of Mr. Fyare, and Senator Hendricks to that of Mr. Ellinger. From Mr. Fyare's Governor Baker proceeded to the Morrow House, where he was enthusiastically greeted by a large number of gentlemen and ladies. Senator Hendricks preferring to be paraded in a carriage, at the tail of a small squad of Blue Boys in White, which number was sensibly augmented by a reinforcement of children, whose uniform of white shirts and red pants, together with their infantile glee at the important figure they cut in the make up of the Democratic procession, somewhat relieved the otherwise sombre character of the scene.

THE PROCESSIONS.

At 12 o'clock every street was filled with the crowd, and numerous detached bodies of uniformed men, among whom the most prominent were a company of mounted Tanners, numbering 87. They were followed by about 50 mounted uniformed men, who represented Sackman's Rangers. This was an unusual and comical feature of the turnout. The leaders bore aloft a large pumpkin transfixed by a pointed broom-handle. Others carried wisps of straw, bunches of corn, and other vegetable productions attached to the saddle bow, or wherever a hook could be found upon which to hang anything. They were loudly cheered. The Peru Tanners turned out largely, and were received with hearty applause. A large delegation from Wabash arrived by canal boat about 12 o'clock, and their numbers filled the streets to repletion. In the meantime the Democrats had mustered in respectable force, but it was evident that a large majority of the crowd were for Grant and Colfax. Indeed, with the exception of an occasional yell that sounded remarkably like that heard on the rebel side of the house during the war, one could scarcely have supposed that the Copperheads were taking part in the demonstration. At 1 p. m. sharp the Republican procession was formed, and amid the loudest applause from the assembled thousands took up their line of march for the grove, a beautiful sylvan location for the celebration, situated in the southwestern corner of the city, immediately on the line of the Wabash Valley Railroad. In marked contrast with the procession of the Republicans, the Copperhead procession failed to connect, and the result was that they straggled into the grove in parties of two, three and half a dozen, many of them chanting a broken refrain, the burden of which, so far as distinguishable, seemed to be the ratification of General Seymour and Governor Blair.

AT THE GROVE.

A large crowd, which could not have numbered less than 8,000, had already gathered in front of the speakers' stand. The fair sex of Wabash and Miami were present in strong force, and formed a very attractive feature of the occasion. All necessary preparations had been made by the Committee of Arrangements, the respective branches of which were presided over by Mr. H. Dutton and M. G. Ireland. Special accommodations had been made for the representatives of the press, which, from Chicago, Cincinnati and Indianapolis, were present.

THE SPEAKING.

At twenty minutes before two the meeting was called to order by Mr. G. Ireland, who introduced Mayor Farrar in a few appropriate words. The Mayor stated the object of the meeting, and requested that harmony, which should characterize a meeting of this kind, should prevail. He then introduced Senator Hendricks, who came forward to the music of a discordant yell from the Copperhead portion of the crowd, and said:

SPEECH OF SENATOR HENDRICKS.

At the close of the war, in the spring of 1865, there sprung up great questions of importance which belong to a period of peace. The first was the question of reconciliation and reconstruction; second, the adjustment of the finances of the country. Incident to these were the questions of reducing the public expenditures and the reduction of the army. But out of these grew the question whether the bonded debt might be redeemed in legal-tender Treasury notes. He quoted from Mr. Lincoln and from Governor Morton, to show that the Southern States were never out of the Union, but that their relations with the Union were merely suspended, and claimed that President Johnson, on coming into power, attempted to follow out Mr. Lincoln's views in restoring these States to their practical relations with the Union. Governor Morton and General Grant had said, in 1865, after the close of the war, that the prospect of reconciliation and reconstruction was highly encouraging. Then Congress met and imposed conditions which retarded the work of reconstruction. He reviewed the Freedmen's Bureau, claiming that the theory upon which it was founded was the inability of the negro to care for himself, while the theory underlying the Reconstruction acts was that the negro could take care of himself and the white man too. Under such legislation the work of reconstruction was no further advanced now than three years ago. He quoted from the speeches of Governor Baker, showing that he was pledged to negro equality, while Governor Morton was opposed to it, as appeared from his message to the Legislature, November 13, 1865. He (Hendricks) did not believe that the negro ought to become a part of the political community of this country. He did not believe that they should be allowed to sit on juries or to vote. The declaration of the Democratic platform was that there should be equal taxation ... In the Republican platform ...

... It was equal taxation. If they want to tax bonds, why not say so? Every thing else was taxed. ... As to the question of paying the bonds in greenbacks, he maintained and contended at great length that they could be so paid, and that there was no other and better way to do it, except when stipulated in the contract in the original bond. ...

He next alluded to and combatted certain views on the negro question advanced by Governor Morton and Governor Baker, from which he deduced the argument that if the negroes were allowed the privileges of white men in the South, it would end in the stoppage of immigration from the Northern States and Europe, and eventually turn over those fertile lands to the colored race. He was opposed to this on the grounds of every cherished principle of our government. What he wanted was to find in the way in which the products of the South could be profitably exchanged for the luxuries of the North, and there was but one way to do this, to accept such measures as would place the South in the hands of men of intelligence, with broad and statesmanlike views, who would develop its resources, and aid in a true unity of purpose with the North.

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR BAKER.

As my friend was addressing you, I could not help recurring to the text of Scripture—"The wicked flee when no man pursueth." (Laughter.) Now I call all to witness that the Senator and myself was the first one to use the word Copperhead. If I should be so unfortunate as to use it, I will only use it according to the definition in the last edition of Webster's Dictionary. After giving it all the speaking definitions it was capable of, he defined it to be a Northern man who sympathized with the rebellion. (Applause and laughter.) If you talk about life, liberty, or the pursuit of happiness, you must be careful or you will find yourself denounced as the type of some tender-souled Democrat. My friend Hendricks first introduced reconstruction, and does not dare to go back of 1865. He begins at the year 1865, and is oblivious of the past history of the country. You must judge the tree by its fruits. He who is faithless in small things will also be faithless in those of greater importance. Mr. Johnson's reconstruction policy may have been all right. There are only two ways of reconstruction. One is the rebel way—to let the red-handed rebels come back and make laws for you and I; and the other is the Union way—to make them show first that they can be trusted. It is held that all the rebel State Governments existed during the whole period of the war. The Democratic doctrine is that rebellion brings no disability. This is President Johnson's plan. What right has he to say who shall vote and who shall not? The result of his amnesty proclamation was to bring these rebels to attempt to govern the loyal men of the country. Afterwards Mr. Johnson issued a proclamation leaving out the qualifications. I will read the oath required:

"I do solemnly swear, in the presence of Almighty God, henceforth faithfully to support, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States and the union of the States thereunder, and that I will, in like manner, faithfully support all acts of Congress passed during the existing rebellion."

Not to be passed, but passed during the existing rebellion. It is all in the past tense. Mr. Lincoln's emancipation proclamation was a war measure for the purpose of suppressing the rebellion. When the war ceased, Mr. Johnson, without calling Congress together, issued his amnesty proclamation and followed it up by his reconstruction proclamation. Puts in the same oath, but leaves out the qualifications Mr. Lincoln put in. One was a proclamation to aid in putting down the rebellion, and the other was in the interest of the rebels, and to restore rebels to power. What is the reason why Mr. Lincoln's act was null and void, as the Democrats say, and why Mr. Johnson's was all right and proper.

They said the issuing of greenbacks was illegal and unconstitutional, and that they were branded with the mark of Cain. They don't say so now. I do not think there is a Democrat here who would refuse to take one, the mark of Cain and all besides. (Applause and laughter.) Not much Cain about them now. The issuing of greenbacks during the war was a military necessity, as much as any of the other acts my friend calls illegal and unconstitutional. In 1862 they proposed to open the gate of irredeemable paper currency. Why? Because it is in the interest of repudiation. These men don't like to pay a debt incurred in putting down the rebellion. Brick Pomeroy says so boldly. He is in favor of taxing the bonds because they represent the debt, and they all side with him openly or secretly.

My friend says the Freedmen's Bureau bill was the first reconstruction measure. The Freedmen's Bureau existed before the close of the war. It was necessary to prevent these men from reducing the negro to his condition before the war by legislation. The spirit of these rebels is well shown by the fact of their changing the name of the county seat of a county in Mississippi from a loyal name to that of a rebel. They taxed colored ministers of the gospel for licenses, and if found without one he should be fined not less than ten dollars, nor more than one hundred dollars. If it was not paid, he should be put on the block and sold to the man who would take him for a period of time and pay the taxes. It was the same with the poll tax they levied. Other outrages were also committed that called loudly for some method of protection for them. That protection was found in the Freedmen's Bureau. Congress proposed the fourteenth article as an amendment to the constitution, and to adjust the entire subject, but my friend does not say a word about it. The amendment to the constitution, the fourteenth article, conferred the right of citizenship on all persons born in the United States. It did not force negro suffrage on the South, but provided that where citizenship was denied to any one on account of color, there, the representation in Congress of that State should be proportionately lessened, thus doing away with the old three-fifths rule under which 40,000 white persons in South Carolina might have the same representation as 120,000 white persons in Indiana. The South might let the negro vote or not, just as they pleased, but if they did not let them vote they should not be counted in the basis of representation. We proposed next that neither by the national nor State Governments should the rebel debt ever be assumed, and that the negroes emancipated by the proclamation should never be paid for. The only propositions ever made looking to such a payment had been made by the Democrats. This had been done in Kentucky and in Maryland. He called attention to the inconsistency of such men as Wade Hampton, who had spent four years in waging war on the country, now framing a Democratic platform, which declares the Reconstruction acts unconstitutional, null and void. On the question of human rights and liberties he had never uttered a sentiment that he would take back to be Governor of Indiana. (Applause, and cries of "bully.") He asked for no political rights that he was not willing to concede to every other man. So far as the question of negro suffrage in Indiana was concerned, he had nothing to say. It was for the people to decide. Congress had no right to legislate for the State of Indiana on the question of suffrage; but with the Southern States the case was different, for by the crime of rebellion they had forfeited their rights.

Senator Hendricks claimed that the Democratic party were in favor of equal taxation of all articles according to their real value, including government bonds, but the Republican party had always been in favor of discrimination in taxation in favor of the poor man as against the rich man, and to tax articles of luxury rather than necessaries of life. He compared the present system of taxation with that proposed by the Democratic party, showing its superior advantages in favor of Western men and farmers. Contrasting the amount of tax paid by Massachusetts with that paid by Indiana, he showed that the former paid five times the amount of the latter, and entered into a detailed statement in relation thereto. He then ridiculed the platform of the Democratic party, and maintained that it was opposed in principle to their old doctrines, and consisted of rotten planks from whiskey rings, oil rings and every other source of corruption. He illustrated this by some amusing anecdotes, which told with great force upon the audience. The rebellion, he considered, was a Democratic rebellion in its aims and its progress. The proposition of the Democratic party to repeal the Enrollment law was against his convictions and wishes. It could only be put in operation when there was need for it, and it behooved us in time of peace always to be prepared for war.

HENDRICKS' REPLY.

Senator Hendricks briefly replied, after which the meeting terminated with loud hurrahs for Grant and Colfax, for Governor Baker and for the Democratic candidates.

At night a grand torchlight procession was had. The same evening Governor Baker briefly addressed the people of Logansport, and one of the finest displays of torchlights was made that we ever witnessed.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

DELPHI, Ind., Sept. 15.

The third of the series of joint meetings of Governor Baker and Senator Hendricks took place here to-day. The number in attendance was from 2,500 to 3,000 persons, about equally divided between the two parties. The discussion was opened by Governor Baker, in a speech of an hour in length, exhibiting many good points and characterized by an excellent spirit. Senator Hendricks, finding a large part of the audience with him, undertook to play the *rôle* of a demagogue, and did it to perfection. He commenced and closed by charging Governor Baker with unfairness, when the charge was totally groundless; spoke in sarcastic terms of what a Governor should or should not do, and exhibited a most disgusting and offensive personality throughout his speech. In this he was encouraged by a large number of noisy and half-drunken Democrats in the crowd.

Governor Baker, who has been careful throughout the discussion up to this time to treat his opponent with the utmost courtesy, responded in a half hour's speech that was one of the keenest and most cutting ever delivered in the State. He met every point promptly, charged home his record upon his wily opponent, and fully satisfied his friends of his ability to meet and vanquish him under any circumstances.

In his response Mr. Hendricks showed his wounds plainly, and did not satisfy his followers.

The result of the meeting was excellent, and Republicans feel highly elated to-night over the result of it, while the efforts of Mr. Hendricks to crush his opponent by misrepresentation, met with a most disastrous failure. It is understood to-night that he is himself quite ashamed of the course which he pursued.

REPUBLICAN RALLY AT KEWANEE, ILL.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

KEWANEE, Ill., Sept. 15.

The Grant and Colfax Club, of Kewanee, held its first meeting last night. Tremont Hall was densely packed with one of the most intelligent and enthusiastic audiences that has assembled during the campaign. The meeting was in marked contrast, both in numbers and intelligence to the Corporal's guard which the Democrats produced a week or so ago. The Tanners were out in full uniform and created much enthusiasm. They first marched up and down Tremont street, thence to the residence of General Howe, who, with General Henderson, of Princeton, was to address the meeting. General Henderson made a speech of an hour's length, in which he proved conclusively that the issues of the present campaign were virtually the same as during our late slaveholders' rebellion; that the blood and treasure wasted were for the same principles that are wanted now for at the ballot-box. He also showed without a shadow of a doubt that Horatio Seymour was ... and in case of his election would prove false to his party and party ...

GENERAL PALMER AT ROCK ISLAND.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

ROCK ISLAND, Ill., Sept. 15.

Major General John M. Palmer, whose arrival was looked forward to with exceeding interest, was met at the depot this morning by his friends and comrades in arms, and escorted to the hotel, where he was called upon and received the greetings of numerous comrades and friends, irrespective of party. At 2 p. m. he was escorted to the speaker's stand, in Union Square. It had been raining all the morning, and had scarcely ceased. He was received with rounds of applause, by 10,000 people.

After quiet was restored, General Palmer was introduced by Judge Pleasants in few remarks, when our future Governor proceeded in his usual happy strain, with a speech of two hours in length, which was enthusiastically applauded.

The number of ladies was considerably large considering the unpropitious state of the weather. The speaker's voice was incapable of being heard by the immense concourse in the square with too crowded ...

After General Palmer retired, Joseph Knox, of Chicago, made a telling speech, followed by Dr. Gregg, of this city, who recited the horrors of the rebel prisons ...

At dusk the Tanners' uniforms became conspicuous. Directly their torches were flitting in every quarter of the town. The Tanners of Coal Valley, Blackhawk, Hampton, Cordova, Geneseo, Bowling, Pemberton, Davenport, Moline, and ... arrived during the day and the fore part of the evening, ... until the streets were thronged.

In the evening the Tanners' procession, including the above-named companies, with the four companies of Rock Island, mounted and on foot, formed under Major Beardsley, commanding, and marched through the principal streets, and a brilliant display of roman candles. A wagon was drawn by citizens, ... red and blue lights. The whole procession numbered 3,000, while spectators thronged the streets.

The streets were muddy and the sky threatening. The ... discipline showed in every company. The men marched like veterans, although the wind was severe and frequently put out the lights. Cheer after cheer arose, which every old soldier recognized as genuine Union. They're never deceived by the rebel feint, spasmodic cheer, which is too well known to need elucidation.

PENDLETON AT CENTRALIA AN INGLORIOUS FIZZLE.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

CENTRALIA, Ill., Sept. 15.

The Democrats of Southern Illinois have had their great Pendleton meeting here to-day. The attendance was very small considering the national reputation of George H. Pendleton, the chief speaker, and the great efforts that the unwashed and unterrified have put forth to make his the greatest gathering in Southern Illinois. By actual count of a good Democrat, the procession numbered just 781 persons, including men, women and children. The whole crowd present to hear the speaking would not number more than three thousand, of whom at least one-third were Republicans.

To-night they are making the night hideous with their drunken howlings for Seymour and Blair, and in their vain attempts to close the day with a torch-light procession, which numbers 150 marchers, led by two bands of music. The meeting will not help their cause, and only tends to exhibit their weakness. The Eleventh District will do its full duty in November.

COLORADO ELECTION.

The latest Colorado papers give the following returns of the territorial election, September 8, for a Delegate to Congress. The candidates were Allen A. Bradford, Republican, and David S. Belden, Democrat. The vote of Denver was:

	Bradford.	Belden.
First Ward	[illegible]	[illegible]
Second Ward	[illegible]	[illegible]
Third Ward	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fourth Ward	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]	[illegible]
Central City	[illegible]	[illegible]
Black Hawk	[illegible]	[illegible]
Georgetown	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nevada	[illegible]	[illegible]
Golden City	[illegible]	[illegible]

COUNTY RETURNS.

From the Central City Register, Sept. 10.

Bradford's majorities so far as heard from, are:

Jefferson County	[illegible]
Denver	[illegible]
Colorado City	[illegible]
Pueblo County, First Precinct	[illegible]
Field's Precinct	[illegible]
Fourth Precinct	[illegible]
Fifth Precinct	[illegible]
Seventh Precinct	[illegible]
Las Animas County	[illegible]
Trinidad	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

Belden's majorities:

Clear Creek	21
Gilpin	50
Pueblo, Sixth Precinct	16

Bradford's net majority so far as heard from.. 612

SWEDISH REPUBLICAN RALLY AT PRINCETON, ILL.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

PRINCETON, Ill., Sept. 15.

The Swedish Republicans are having a grand mass meeting here to-day, and are being addressed by distinguished speakers from their native land in both Swedish and English. More than nineteen twentieths of the Swedes of Bureau County uniformly vote the Republican ticket. Bureau will pile up an increased majority for Grant and Colfax, and the whole Republican ticket.

LARGE REPUBLICAN GATHERINGS AT WESTVILLE AND LAPORTE, IND.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

LAPORTE, Ind., Sept. 15.

Despite the weather, which was raining and disagreeable, a large and enthusiastic crowd assembled at Westville, in this county, to-day, to hear the issues of the day discussed by Col Thos. H. Nelson, late Minister to Chili. For over two hours the Colonel held the audience spell-bound by his eloquence, and the masterly manner in which he displayed the sham Democracy, and the storm of cheers which frequently interrupted him, showed how thoroughly his audience were in sympathy with him. During a part of the time he was speaking the rain poured down almost in torrents, but men, women and children remained unmoved till the close, their ardor not in the least abated.

This evening the Colonel addressed another large meeting in this city, and the enthusiasm with which he was greeted, so far excelled anything we have witnessed during the campaign, although we have thus far been by no means devoid of excitement.

The Colonel is certainly one of our most efficient canvassers, and our people thoroughly appreciate him.

After Colonel Nelson had concluded his speech, the crowd was addressed by H. S. Drigsley, Esq., candidate for District Elector, in a most felicitous style, for a few moments, amid a storm of cheers, which frequently compelled him to pause in his remarks until order could be restored.

To-day has been a glorious one for the Republicans of this county. We are wide awake here, and intend to give Grant and Colfax one thousand majority in this county this fall.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATION.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 15.—The Fifth District Republican Convention, in session here to-day, renominated Geo. A. Halsey for Congress without opposition.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—A special from Boston says Butler's renomination for Congress is defeated.

ST. LOUIS.

Parade of Knights Templar—Twenty States Represented by Thirty Commanderies—A Brilliant Display.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 15.—The parade of Knights Templar, this morning, was one of the finest and most interesting events that has ever occurred here. Over thirty commanderies were in the procession, representing nearly twenty States and still a greater number would have been present but for the detention of several trains. In addition to the gayly dressed Knights on foot, a number of carriages were in line, containing a large number of the highest officers of the various Grand Bodies. Among these were B. L. Palmer, Grand Master, of the Grand Encampment of the United States; J. D. French, Past Grand Master; S. ... G. Caldwell, Grand Recorder; ... Grand Standard Bearer; ... Sword Bearer; John L. Lewis, Grand High Priest of the Great Grand Chapter of the United States; E. S. Cavis, Grand ... James Martin, Secretary; Stillman Blanchard, Past Grand Commander; Very Eminent Sir Knight ..., Right Eminent ... Warren; Right Eminent ... Warden; Grand Junior A. B. Alden, Chief-of-Staff, and others.

After marching through a number of the principal streets of the city, the procession halted at the Masonic Hall, where the business of the Triennial Conclave will be done. The streets on the line of march were thronged with spectators, who greeted the delegations with cheers, waving of handkerchiefs and other manifestations of ... Several residences on ... were handsomely decorated with Masonic emblems.

The Light Guard Band, of Chicago, will give a grand promenade concert to-night, at the skating rink.

The City Council yesterday unanimously tendered the hospitalities of the city to the various visiting delegations.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 15.—The banquet given tonight at the Masonic Hall ... Royal Arch Chapter ... Grand Royal Arch Chapter of the United States was one of the grandest affairs in the way of an entertainment ... About three hundred invited guests sat down ... Martin Collins, Grand High Priest of Missouri, delivered a welcome address ... responded to by John ... of the United States ... Captain General of the ... United States ... of South Carolina, ... of the Supreme Council ... New York, Grand ... Kentucky ... Grand Treasurer ... several gentlemen ... The burden of all ... harmony, good will ...

George H. Pendleton ... night. A large ... gave him ... him to his hotel ... night.

Charles D. Drake ... this State, delivered ... canvass at Mexico ... very large audience.

Albert Pike ... morrow night, at the Tammany Hall.

Georgia Legislature.

ATLANTA, Sept. 15.— ...

EUROPE.

Latest News by Ocean Telegraph.

North Germany.

KING WILLIAM'S SPEECH AT KIEL.

KIEL, Sept. 15.

King William of Prussia, on his tour of military inspection, has arrived in this city. To-day he visited the university, where he was received with appropriate ceremonies. The faculty presented an address, in which they referred to the tranquility which now exists throughout Europe, and expressed the hope that it would remain unbroken. The King, in reply, said: "I do not see any cause for a disturbance of the peace of Europe. In the army and navy I behold the vigor of fatherland. They have proved that they do not shun combat, and if compelled to enter into conflict they will fight it out."

Great Britain.

MINISTER JOHNSON PRESENTED TO THE QUEEN.

LONDON, Sept. 15.

Reverdy Johnson had an interview with the Queen, yesterday. He was introduced by Lord Stanley, and presented his credentials as United States Minister. The Queen has left for Scotland.

REWARD OFFERED FOR INCENDIARIES.

CORK, Sept. 15.

The City Government offers a reward of one hundred pounds for the arrest of incendiaries who have caused several fires recently in the city and vicinity.

NEWS OF THE EARTHQUAKE IN LONDON.

LONDON, Sept. 15.

Telegraphic accounts of the terrible earthquakes on the western coast of South America have created much excitement here. The commercial world is eager for full details of the loss of life, property and shipping, and the arrival of mail reports is looked for with deep interest.

WAR PREDICTED.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* this afternoon has a leading article on the prospects of peace or war. It says that in every capital of Europe the belief that a great and immediate war is impending grows day by day; that the best informed men expect it to break out before the end of the year.

France.

ANOTHER GRAND REVIEW OF TROOPS.

PARIS, Sept. 15.

The Emperor will have a grand review of troops at Javemasan to-day, and go to Biarritz to-morrow.

A SUPPOSED OMEN OF PEACE.

PARIS, Sept. 15.

The defeat of M. Dufaure is interpreted as an omen favorable to a continuance of peace.

Austria.

FARRAGUT'S FLEET AT TRIESTE.

TRIESTE, Sept. 15.

Admiral Farragut and squadron arrived at this port to-day from the Dardanelles.

Belgium.

ADJOURNMENT OF THE WORKINGMEN'S INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 15.

The International Congress of workingmen closed yesterday, and a resolution was adopted advising workmen to abstain from trade during war. An address was adopted calling upon workmen to oppose war, refuse countenance to assassination, and use their efforts to induce others to do so.

NEW YORK.

Summary of Late City News.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—In the Court of General Sessions yesterday, Judge Russell presiding, delivered an opinion in the case of The People vs. Moses E. Ludington. The defendant, who is a resident of Chicago, was charged with having obtained goods to the value of $5,000 from a firm in this city. An indictment was found against him in this district, and on a requisition made on the Governor of the State of Illinois, Ludington was surrendered, he being at the time in the custody of the Marshal of the United States for the Northern District of Illinois. Judge Russell decided that the defendant, being in custody under the several charges, could not be legally taken out of the custody of said Marshal. The defendant was then discharged, but was immediately re-arrested by the Sheriff of New York County, when a violent struggle ensued, the Illinois Marshal manfully fighting for the possession of the prisoner. The bystanders joined in the melee on either side, according to their respective sympathies, and an uproarious scene ensued. The New York Sheriff secured the prisoner, however, but a writ of *habeas corpus* was immediately applied for, and will be returned this afternoon.

In the case of Beverly Clark, charged with being engaged with ten others in conspiracy to defraud the government in the Post Office Department, the Judge held that the overt act, although committed by another one of the conspirators in Detroit, Mich., bound all of them to the crime, making them liable to trial, and he accordingly ordered Clark to be committed for trial in the Eastern District of Michigan in default of $5,000.

INDIANAPOLIS.

Excitement Regarding the Recent Mysterious Murder.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 15.

The excitement in reference to the late murder at this place is still very great. A man named Thomas J. Abrahams, a carpenter, was arrested to-day; after being recognized as the person who purchased the gun from a pawnbroker, with which the deed was committed. Abrahams' wife also has a dress similar to the one worn by the lady who was seen with the deceased parties near the scene of murder. Both Abrahams and the deceased seem to have made a large amount of money within a few years, without any one knowing just how they did it. Important developments are expected to-morrow.

DES MOINES.

Horrible Burning Accident—The Weather.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

DES MOINES, Sept. 15.

The most horrible accident occurred at Indianola, twenty miles from this city, whereby Mrs. Stout, wife of the proprietor of the City Hotel, of this place, lost her life. She was visiting a sister at that place, and yesterday morning was helping that lady mix some ointment or medicine over a stove, for a sick child, when the oils of the concoction exploded, scattering the fluid over Mrs. Stout, and immediately enveloping her in flames. Before they could be quenched she was so severely injured that she died after thirteen hours of great agony.

It has been raining here, off and on, for several days, and the weather is quite cool to-night.

PRINCETON.

Annual Fair of the Bureau County Agricultural Society.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

PRINCETON, Sept. 15.

The Bureau County Fair commenced here today. In consequence of a cold rain the receipts have been small, but the entries of stock and mechanical instruments are numerous, and the managers anticipate a fine exhibition and large attendance.

The show of fine blooded cattle, sheep and hogs will be excellent. The time for entries has been extended one day, and the fair will continue until Friday evening.

Tailoring.

London Woollens

Of the NEWEST designs and CHOICEST qualities, for FALL and WINTER wear for gentlemen. Also, a SUPERB line of ELBEUF goods for winter use, surpassing in richness, extent and variety any stock of a similar character in the entire West.

ELY, 3 & 4 Washington-st.,
Draper, Tailor and Furnisher.

Wanted.

WANTED.

The advertiser is a gentleman of experience, and any one desirous of obtaining the services of such a man, in the capacity of Bookkeeper or Travelling Salesman, can be furnished with satisfactory evidence. Good pay expected. Address "C T R," Tribune office.

WANTED.

Laborers for the Union Pacific Railroad at $3 per day.

Also, first-class rock quarrymen, wages $6 per day. Apply at 38 KINZIE-ST., in the store.
B. HANSEN, Agent U. P. R. R.

Writing Paper.

Writing Paper, Card Board, &c.

All standard sizes and weights of Flat and Folded Papers, and Card Boards constantly on hand.
Special sizes made to order on short notice.
CULVER, PAGE & HOYNE,
Manufacturers and Jobbers, 118 and 120 Lake-st.

General Notices.

TO GRADERS.

Bids wanted for several miles of grading at Norwood, ten miles from the city, on the Wisconsin Division, Northwestern Road. For specifications, call at the Banking House of TYLER, ULLMANN & CO., No. 80 Dearborn-st., on or before Thursday morning 9 o'clock.

Atlantic & Gt. West'n R'w'y Co.

A Pamphlet, containing the terms of settlement come to with the Bond and Debenture holders of this Company, may be obtained at, or will be sent by post from the General Offices of the Company, where any further information as to its affairs may be procured.

No. 40 Broadway, New York.
W. ARMSDALL O'DOHERTY, Secretary.

MERCANTILE BOOKS

Examined and adjusted by an experienced Accountant. Merchants having doubts about the correctness of their books, would find it to their advantage to address "C.L.D." 31 Price-place.

Caution.

It having come to my knowledge that a man, representing himself as General Passenger Agent of the Northern Central Railway Company, and in my name obtaining passes and money from railroad men not personally known to me, I would hereby caution all against furnishing passes or money to any person in my name.
ED. S. YOUNG,
General Passenger Agent N. C. R. W. Co.

Professional.

DR. S. J. CARPENTER

CAN BE CONSULTED AT
Rooms 1 and 2,
121 Madison-st, corner of Clark,
ON

Consumption,
DEAFNESS,
Discharges from the Ear,
CATARRH,
Loss of Voice,
Offensive Breath,
Eye and Ear,
Throat and Lungs.

Office Hours—From 9 a. m. to 1 p. m., and from 2 to 5 p. m.

CHICAGO, April 28, 1868.

DR. CARPENTER—I take great pleasure in stating that your treatment for Catarrh has operated very much to my satisfaction. I am entirely cured of the loathsome complaint, and (when the brief time used in effecting the cure is taken into consideration) I think myself warranted in saying that your method is as wonderful as it is efficacious.

Yours truly, J. M. MOSART,
Director of Music at St. James Church.

CATARRHAL CONSUMPTION.

The head is the seat of a great many diseases which reduce the invalid to a skeleton, and send him to a consumptive's grave. Yet the head is rarely examined after death to ascertain the nature of the disease, even when no cause of death is found by dissecting the other parts. Catarrhal discharges are often very copious, as well as offensive, contaminating with an acrid and poisonous matter, which extends over and inflames the membranous lining of the nose, mouth, palate, throat, larynx, trachea, and air cells and tubes of the lungs, and the inner parts of the eyes and ears, coating all these parts with a thick mucus, which, in the case of the lungs, prevents the action of the air upon the blood, by which means the blood is left unpurified, to produce Consumption and humors of various kinds. Catarrh causes cough, with expectoration of white and yellow matter; pain, tightness, and strictures of the lungs, with ulceration and cancer of the passages it covers. It causes dulness of hearing, discharge from the ears, and sometimes partial loss of sight. It produces roaring and buzzing noises of various kinds in the ears, floating objects before the sight, pain in the eyeballs and nerves of the eyes, with numerous aches of the eyes, ears and head. Catarrh is often a cause of pulmonic consumption. This disease is caused by humors in the blood, by frequent colds, breathing dust and impure air. It has produced thousands of cases of insanity, idiocy, inflammation, deafness, blindness and consumption, and has sent many victims to the tomb.

Catarrh is perfectly curable, under the proper treatment.

S. J. CARPENTER, M. D.

Clothing.

THE OLDEST
WHOLESALE
CLOTHING HOUSE
IN CHICAGO.
ESTABLISHED IN 1850.

PHILIP
Wadsworth & Co.
MANUFACTURERS
And Jobbers of
CLOTHING!
AND
Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Have on hand the Largest and Best assortment in our line that can be found in Chicago.

LOW PRICES, GOOD WORK, AND GOOD STYLES.

We ask our old-time friends to call on us, and all others who want goods in our line.

PHILIP WADSWORTH & CO.,
34 & 36 LAKE-ST.

Real Estate for Sale.

Good Investments.

TEN ACRE BLOCK

Immediately adjoining the Brighton House, and cornering on the Archer-road. Price $650 per acre. Growing rapidly, and will bring $1,000 per acre before spring.

ONE-HALF MILE CANAL FRONT

Near the same place, and having railroad conveniences; good for manufacturing purposes; now growing in value. Price $11,000. Terms easy.

TWO EIGHTY ACRE TRACTS

On the Archer-road, just beyond the Brighton House. $9,000 each. Terms easy.

THIRTY ACRES

Near the Lake View House, convenient to the gravel road and horse cars. Elegant grove on the land, and very desirable investment. $1,500 per acre, on time.

FORTY ACRES

On the Milwaukee-av. Road, one-half mile from the city limits. $1,100 per acre, part time.

LOTS

Well located for business, immediately adjoining Albee's new market, on Cottage Grove-av., north of Twenty-sixth-st.—very growing property.

FINE LOTS

On Sedgwick and Clark-sts., near Lincoln Park.

☞ The foregoing are among some of our many best chances for investment, and we ask attention to them.

S. H. KERFOOT & CO.,
Real Estate Brokers, 71 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN.

Ten Acres of Choice Land

Situated near the City Limits,

Commencing on State-st. and running west, having east and west fronts on State, Burnside, Butterfield, Clark and Arnold-sts., besides Wentworth-av. and two streets west. The land is dry and will sell readily by the lot. We will sell this 10 acres for $22,500 if taken this week. The property is cheap at $30,000. Title is perfect. Apply to
WARREN & GOODRICH,
Real Estate Agents,
125 Dearborn-st., Room 2.

Wholesale Hardware.

Brintnall, Terry & Belden,
Wholesale Hardware,
No. 175 Lake-st.

Westenholm Pocket Cutlery,
Spear & Jackson Saws,
Disston's Saws,
Blood's Edge Tools,
Davenport & Mallory Fine Locks, La Belle (Wheeling) Nails, &c., &c.

THE ATTENTION OF BUYERS IS SOLICITED

Business Chances.

FOR SALE.

A Half-interest in a Commission House, Doing a good trade, located on South Water-st. ... Address, with references "F W S," Tribune office.

Clothing.

THE CLOTHING TRADE OF CHICAGO.

Past and Present.

It has occurred to me that a few words of common sense reasoning, relative to the high prices of clothing during the past five years—and those still adhered to by many dealers—might not be amiss, but would be beneficial to the thoughtful reader.

During the war, when the demand was greater than the supply, and European and home manufacturers were employed day and night to fill the orders constantly crowding upon them, it was then that the consumer was compelled to pay a double price for a suit of clothes. That demand suddenly lessened at the termination of the war, but, so sudden and unexpected was that termination, that it found our manufacturers and importers with a stock of high cost goods on hand sufficient to supply the demands of two or three years to come. What was then to be done with those stocks? Were they going to place them in the market at their value, regardless of cost, or endeavor to obtain a profit on their cost? The latter they resorted to, and hence the continued high prices since the war. I am sorry to say that a few of our leading clothing houses have acted much upon the principle of the manufacturer and importer, and now find themselves the possessors of a high cost stock, which they are endeavoring to rid themselves of at a profit, or at least sustain no loss. It has been my determination during the past year to sell my goods at what they were worth, irrespective of cost, and in doing this I have accomplished my purpose, viz.: to sell all my old and high cost goods, and thereby enable me to fill my benches this fall and winter with a stock of new and desirable goods, purchased at their intrinsic value, and to give my customers goods at prices fully AS LOW AS BEFORE THE WAR. This is no circular of mere talk, but of candor and purpose; and I invite all who have clothing to buy for fall and winter wear, to give my stock an examination and my prices a comparison with other houses.

L. DeGRAFF,
Corner State and Randolph-sts.

Roofing Material.

BARRETT'S ROOFING!

Only Manufacturers in the Northwest,
OF
Barrett's Felt and Composition
ROOFING MATERIAL!
ALSO, DEALERS IN
Paving Cement and Coal Tar.

We call the attention of the public to the very general use that is being made of our Felting, between the sheathing and siding of frame houses. It keeps out the wind and dampness, and is said to be equal to a brick wall for warmth.

We have had eighteen years' experience in the roofing business in Chicago, and in the Manufacture of Roofing Materials. We are supplying materials to every part of the Northwest, and can offer superior facilities to any one in the Western country in our line of business.

We Refer to the Following Gentlemen:

ARCHITECTS.	BUSINESS HOUSES.
John M. Van Osdell,	Doggett, Bassett & Hills,
O. L. Wheelock,	Bowen Bros.,
W. W. Boyington,	Potter Palmer,
E. Burling & Co.,	Hale & Ayer,
A. Bauer,	I. H. Burch,
Otto Matz,	Hall, Kimbark & Co.,
Cochrane & Piquenard,	N. S. Bouton & Co.,
G. P. Randall,	Fuller, Finch & Fuller.

Barrett, Arnold & Powell
Office 124 LaSalle-st.,
(Oriental Building) CHICAGO.

Show Cases.

BARCLAY'S
SHOW
CASE
WAREROOMS,
The Largest and Cheapest
IN THE WEST.
141 STATE-ST., CHICAGO.

Stoves, Ranges, Heaters, &c

REMOVAL.

BANGS BROS., Dealers in Stoves, Ranges, Furnaces, Hot Air Registers and Ventilators, have removed from 82 Monroe-st., to their new Store, 156 State-st., between Madison and Monroe-sts.

NEW GAS BURNING
STOVES!
FOR ILLINOIS COAL.
Patented August 11th, 1868.

TIBBALS, SHIRK & WHITEHEAD,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers,
Salesrooms, 243 Lake and 257 South Water-st.

THE AMERICAN HEATER
And Oriental Furnaces
For sale by BARKER & ILLSLEY, 173 and 175 State-st.

Elastic Stockings.

ELASTIC STOCKINGS,

For Varicose Veins, Weak, Lame and Swollen Legs, &c. Silk, Linen and Cotton, of the very best quality. All kinds of Trusses, Shoulder Braces, Supporters, Crutches, Apparatus for Deformities, &c., accurately fitted at the Radical Cure Truss Offices of MARSH & CO., New York, and MARSH, BOWLES & CO., 12 Washington-st., adjoining Crosby's Opera House.
☞ A competent female to wait upon ladies.

Dentistry.

DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. FARNHAM, formerly at 143 Clark-st., corner of Madison, takes pleasure in informing his friends and patrons that after a sojourn of a few months in the country, he has returned and taken rooms at 35 Washington-st., where he will be happy to wait on all who may need his professional services.

DENTISTS.

A first-class practical and operative dentist with ... will be sold very cheap ... Address D. B. ...

Machinery, &c.

"FALL TRADE."

ATWATER & BARSTOW,
175 RANDOLPH-ST.,
Jobbers and General Agents for Manufacturers.

Axes, Hatchets, R. R. Picks, Mattocks, Grub Hoes.
Anvils, Vices, Blacksmiths' Bellows, Drills, Tire Shrinkers, Tire Benders, Thimble Skeins, Twelve-irons, Bolster Plates, &c.
Fence Wire and Staples, Nails, Shovels, Spades, Scoops.
Spading, Manure and Hay Forks, Hay and Corn Knives.
Bush Scythes and Snaths, Wood Saws, Axe and Pick Handles, R. R. and Garden Wheelbarrows, &c., &c.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR
STEPHENS & CO.'S
U. S. Standard Boxwood and Ivory Rules.
CHURCHYARD'S
Blacksmiths' Bellows.
JAMES HILL'S
Moulders' and Hand Bellows.
NOBLE'S
Patent Bit Braces.
WATROUS & CO.'S
Ship Augers and Bits.
PRAIRIE STATE
Corn Shellers.
UNION
Wood Sawing Machines.
SEDGEBEER'S
Farm and Hand Mills.

Terms Cash. Prices Very Low.

Safes.

HERRING'S SAFES
ONCE MORE.

The Great Fire in Oil City
---50 Buildings Burned.

OIL CITY, Pa., Aug. 25, 1868.
Messrs. Herring, Farrel & Sherman:

GENTS—On the morning of the 21st July, our city was visited by a destructive fire, consuming over fifty buildings, including stores, dwellings and hotels, and a large quantity of oils, involving a loss of over TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS. I had one of your Safes in the fire, containing my books, papers, &c. After the fire, and when the safe was sufficiently cool to open, I FOUND THEM ALL SAFE, the covers of the books being damaged by the action of the steam; still, the contents of the safe, in the main, legible.
Yours, &c., J. BUSHNELL.

The Late Fire in Greene-st., N. Y.

NO. 180 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, Aug. 31, 1868.
Messrs. Herring & Co.:

GENTS—At the destruction of our manufactory by fire, on the 14th inst., at No. 42 Greene-st., one of your celebrated Fire-proof Safes fell from the fourth floor, and was exposed to an intense heat, and finally recovered from the ruins on the afternoon of the 16th, and we are so well satisfied with the preservation of its contents, that we shall place none other than your make of Safes in our new establishment.
Very respectfully yours,
MABIE, TODD & CO.,
Manufacturers of Gold Pens and Pencil Cases.

HERRING'S PATENT
CHAMPION SAFES
The Victors in 500 Fires.

MANUFACTURED AND SOLD BY
HERRING & CO., 40 State-st.
HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN, 251 Broadway, corner Murray-st., New York.
FARREL, HERRING & CO., 629 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.
HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN, 12 Camp-st., New Orleans.

Gift Enterprise.

PASCHALL HOUSE
ASSOCIATION,
Of St. Louis, Mo.
500 Grand Prizes,
VALUED AT
$500,000,
To be distributed to Shareholders,
AT SKATING RINK HALL,
ST. LOUIS,
OCT. 8, 1868.

One Hundred Thousand Certificates are issued, at FIVE DOLLARS EACH.

The Distribution embraces
THE PASCHALL HOUSE,
St. Louis, valued at $200,000, and constitutes the FIRST GRAND PRIZE; also, 7 brick residences in St. Louis, 1 valuable do. in Jefferson City, 1 splendid do. in Memphis; 400 prizes Solid Silverware, Watches, Jewelry, Pianos, Sewing Machines, and $10,000 in cash, making 500 prizes, ranging from $10 to $200,000.

Details of the Drawing.

A committee of responsible gentlemen will conduct the award of prizes, at Mercantile Library Hall, on the following plan:

One hundred thousand numbers, representing the certificates issued, will be placed in one wheel, and five hundred tickets, inscribed with the names of the prizes, to wit, "Paschall House," &c., to be placed in another. From these wheels a number and a prize will be drawn at the same time, and the number drawn will take the prize drawn with it.

The prizes will be ready for delivery upon the result of the award being known, and the persons by whom the ten real estate prizes are drawn will receive deeds to the same, with title clear and unencumbered.

The numbers drawing prizes will be published in the papers now advertising the scheme, and lists sent to holders of the certificates.

All moneys received from the sale of these certificates will be placed in responsible banking houses of St. Louis, where it will remain to the credit of the Association until after the drawing takes place.

Persons ordering certificates by mail can procure Post Office orders or drafts and send at OUR RISK; otherwise we will not be responsible FOR MONEY LOST. Give orders with town, county and State carefully written. All orders for certificates and communications should be addressed to
PHILIP S. LANHAM, Manager,
NO. 415 WALNUT-ST.,
Southern Hotel, St. Louis, Missouri.
J. A. COPELAND, Sec'y.
☞ Certificates can be had of McNally & Co., 81 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

Blank Books, &c.

Blank Books, Binders' Stock, Tools
AND MACHINERY.
Large assortment and low prices.
CULVER, PAGE & HOYNE,
Manufacturers and Jobbers, 118 and 120 Lake-st.

Cigars, Tobacco, &c.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
CLOSING OUT SALE
OF
Cigars, Tobacco & Fancy Goods
125 South Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

To be closed out within twenty days, 200,000 FINE DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED CIGARS, TOBACCO AND FANCY GOODS, in lots to suit purchasers, at private sale. Call and examine the goods, as they will be closed out regardless of cost. Also, lease and fixtures of 125 South Clark-st., for sale, and possession given October 1st. Sale to commence Sept. 14, 1868. HEWITT & MILLS.

Campaign Torches.

TORCHES. TORCHES.

The best Campaign Torches in use furnished on shortest notice, and in any quantity.

CHICAGO MANUFACTURING CO.,
41 and 43 FRANKLIN-ST., CHICAGO.

Business Cards.

Bates & Westworth,
Architectural and Ornamental Carvers,
No. 73 Randolph-st.,
Cabinet Makers' Trimmings.

School Books.

Guyot's Unrivalled and Exceedingly Popular
Geographies and Maps.
For information, circulars and special terms for introduction, address HIRAM HADLEY, Agent, Care S. C. Griggs & Co., Chicago.

Nursery.

BLOOMINGTON NURSERY.

17th Year; 600 Acres; 10 Greenhouses. ... F. K. PHOENIX, Bloomington, McLean County, Ill.

Fancy Dry Goods.

KEITH, WOOD & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
Fancy Dry Goods,
HOSIERY AND NOTIONS.

We have a splendid line of Fall Goods now in stock, and offer them to the Merchants of the Northwest at BOTTOM MARKET PRICES.

KEITH, WOOD & CO.,
64 & 66 MICHIGAN-AV.

Life Insurance.

THE NATIONAL
LIFE
Insurance Company
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
WASHINGTON, D. C.,
Chartered by Special Act of Congress,
Approved July 25th, 1868.

Cash Capital - - $1,000,000.

BRANCH OFFICE, PHILADELPHIA,
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,

Where the general business of the Company is transacted, and to which all general correspondence should be addressed.

DIRECTORS.

Jay Cooke, Phila.	E. A. Rollins, Washington.
C. H. Clark, Phila.	Henry D. Cooke, Wash.
F. Ratchford Starr, Phila.	Wm. E. Chandler, Wash.
Wm. G. Moorhead, Phila.	John D. Defrees, Wash.
George F. Tyler, Phila.	Edward Dodge, New York.
J. Hinckley Clark, Phila.	H. C. Fahnestock, N. Y.

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HENRY D. COOKE, Washington, Vice President.
JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.
EMERSON W. PEET, Phila., Secretary and Actuary.
E. S. TURNER, Washington, Assistant Secretary.
FRANCIS G. SMITH, M. D., Medical Director.
J. EWING MEARS, Assistant Medical Director.

MEDICAL ADVISORY BOARD.

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P. J. HORWITZ, Chief Medical Department, U. S. N., Washington.
D. W. BLISS, M. D., Washington.

SOLICITORS AND ATTORNEYS.

WM. E. CHANDLER, Washington, D. C.
GEORGE HARDING, Philadelphia, Pa.

This Company, National in its character, offers, by reason of its Large Capital, Low Rates of Premium and New Tables, the most desirable means of insuring life yet presented to the public.

The rates of premium, being largely reduced, are made as favorable to the insurers as those of the best Mutual Companies, and avoid all the complications and uncertainties of Notes, Dividends, and the misunderstandings which the latter are so apt to cause the Policy Holders.

Several new and attractive tables are now presented, which need only to be understood to prove acceptable to the public, such as the INCOME-PRODUCING POLICY and RETURN PREMIUM POLICY. In the former, the policy holder not only secures a life insurance, payable at death, but will receive, if living, after a period of a few years, an annual income equal to ten per cent (10 per cent) of the par of his policy. In the latter, the Company agrees to return to the insured the total amount of money he has paid in, in addition to the amount of his policy.

The attention of persons contemplating insuring their lives or increasing the amount of insurance they already have, is called to the special advantages offered by the National Life Insurance Company.

Circulars, Pamphlets and full particulars given on application to the Branch Office of the Company in this city, or to its General Agents.

☞ LOCAL AGENTS ARE WANTED in every city and town; and applications from competent parties for such agencies, with suitable endorsement, should be addressed to THE COMPANY'S GENERAL AGENTS ONLY, in their respective districts.

GENERAL AGENTS OF THE COMPANY

JAY COOKE & CO., New York, for New York State and Northern New Jersey.
E. W. CLARK & CO., for Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey.
JAY COOKE & CO., Washington, D. C., for Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, District Columbia, and West Virginia.
J. A. ELLIS & CO., Chicago, Ill., for Illinois.
☞ Special Agents and solicitors wanted.
Hon. STEPHEN MILLER, St. Paul, for Minnesota.

Insurance.

ARE YOU INSURED?

FIRST-CLASS SECURITY
OFFERED BY THE
Underwriters' Agency of New York.
CASH ASSETS, $3,500,000.
Losses Paid in Chicago in Four Years, $240,000.
INSURE IN THE UNDERWRITERS'.
Fire and Marine Policies issued by
ROBERT GREEN, Agent,
No. 70 LaSalle-st.

Lake Transportation.

N. T. CO.

STEAMER FOR OGDENSBURGH
AND INTERMEDIATE PORTS,
Taking passengers for Milwaukee, Glen Arbor, Northport, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Oswego, New York, Montreal and Boston.

THE NEW AND FIRST-CLASS STEAMER
MILWAUKEE, S. B. Ripton Master.
Will leave their dock, foot of North LaSalle-st., WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 16, at 7 o'clock.
Steamers of this line leave regularly Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock.
N. F. HOWE & CO., Agents.
J. H. GREEN, Passenger Agent. Office, north end of Wells-st. bridge.

Boots and Shoes.

NEW STOCK,
NEW GOODS.
5,000 Cases Kip Boots,
At Less than Manufacturers' Prices.

I. P. FARNUM,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
BOOTS & SHOES
10 Lake-st., Chicago, Ill.

For Sale.

CRAB APPLES.

500 Bushels of the Common Wild Apple Wanted.

Parties that can gather the same will please address us by letter, stating at what price by barrels or bags in good shipping order. They must be gathered before frost.
... South Water-st.

PROVISIONS.

... Extra Sugar Cured Canvassed Hams.
... Plain Canvassed Hams.
... Sugar Cured Breakfast Shoulders.
... Sugar Cured Beef.
... Extra Mess Pork. ... Clear Bacon ...
for sale by
ANDREW BROWN,
... River-st.

FOR SALE.

... House on ... , with ... Apply to
... BROS. & CO.,
... Cottage Grove-av.

Mucilage Stand.

Morgan's Pat. Reservoir Mucilage Stand.

...

Financial.

MONEY TO LOAN

... by
R. M. THOMPSON,
... Washington-st.

To Rent.

TO RENT.

The Store ... Madison-st. ... Apply to
GILLET, McCULLOCH & CO.,
... South Water-st.

Medical.

Keep Your Blood Pure.

There are no remedies, now before the public, so well calculated to purify the blood and reconstruct (so to speak) the whole system, as Roback's Blood Purifier, Blood Pills and Stomach Bitters.
☞ Sold by all Druggists, everywhere.

LEUCORRHŒA,

Or Whites, which follow local debility and constitutional weakness, can be effectually cured by the use of Roback's Stomach Bitters. Do not let the druggist sell you any other remedy, as these Bitters are prepared with especial reference to this complaint, and are warranted to cure.
☞ Sold by all druggists, everywhere.

BAD TASTE

In the mouth in the morning is one of the symptoms of a bilious condition or disordered state of the liver, and should not for a single day, be neglected, as it is but the premonitory symptom of a train of evils and the very seeds of disease. Procure at once Roback's Blood Pills, administer them according to the directions accompanying each box, and the difficulty and danger of disease will at once be removed.
☞ Sold by all druggists, everywhere.

NOT A BEVERAGE.

Unlike most of the bitters of the present day, Dr. Roback's are not intended as a pleasant stimulating whiskey beverage, but are perfectly medicinal, containing only sufficient pure Bourbon whiskey to hold in solution the Medicinal extractive matter from which they are composed.
☞ Sold by all druggists, everywhere.

New Paper Collar.

THE ATTENTION OF
Jobbers, Furnishing Houses,
AND
COUNTRY MERCHANTS
Is earnestly invited to a
NEW PAPER COLLAR,
FOR GENTLEMENS' WEAR,
(THE NORWICH PAPER COLLAR CO.)
Moulded to Fit the Neck by an Improved and Original Method.

These Collars combine the VALUABLE QUALITIES of ANY OTHER MAKE which have been in popular use, with the ... They are MOULDED by an entirely new and original process ...

We would call your particular attention to the ... and invite an inspection of these Goods ... BEFORE OFFERED.

AT WHOLESALE AT
FIELD, LEITER & CO.'S,
Wholesale Dry Goods.

Commission Merchants.

REMOVAL.

SHERMAN, HALL & LYBRAND,
WOOL, PROVISION & PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Have removed to their NEW STORE,
45 Michigan-av. and 29 & 31 South Water-st.

Proposals.

PROPOSALS FOR DRAINAGE.

Board of Trustees of the Town of Cicero, Geo. E. Thorne, Chairman, No. 63 West Randolph-st., Chicago.

CICERO, Sept. ..., 1868.

Sealed Proposals will be received by the Board of Town Trustees of Cicero ... for Drainage Sections ... at the office of the County Surveyor ...

J. J. MOLONEY, Clerk.

Proposals for Subsistence Stores

OFFICE U. S. COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
Room 14, No. 84 LaSalle-st.,
CHICAGO, ILL., Sept. 15, 1868.

Sealed Proposals (in duplicate) will be received at this office ... for the following:
... pounds CLEAR BACON SIDES ...
... barrels MESS PORK ...
... barrels double-extra FLOUR ...
... pounds COFFEE ...
... pounds STAR CANDLES ...
... gallon kegs PICKLED CABBAGE and ONIONS ...

Bvt. Col. and C. S. U. S. A.

Stationery.

JOHN H. SMALL & CO.,
STATIONERS,
Blank Book Manufacturers,
AND
Commercial Printers.
117 Dearborn-st. (opp. Times Office), Chicago.

Schools.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S
French & English Boarding & Day School
For Young Ladies and Little Girls,
... East Thirty-eighth-st. ...
NEW YORK.

St. Mary's Hall, Faribault, Minn.

...

Cider Vinegar.

VINEGAR.

...

Straw Goods.

Straw Goods, Tie Goods ...

...

Scales.

HOWE'S SCALES

...

J. T. ...

The Tribune.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1868.

THE DAILY TRIBUNE is issued every morning, for circulation by carriers, newsmen and the mails. THE TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE is issued on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, for the mails only; and THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE is issued on Thursdays, for the mails and sale at our counter and by newsmen.

TERMS:
TO SUBSCRIBERS BY MAIL.
The Daily Edition, per year .... [illegible]
The Tri-Weekly Edition, per year .... [illegible]
The Weekly Edition, per year .... [illegible]
TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.
The Daily, delivered in city, per week .... [illegible]
The Daily, delivered in city, per year .... [illegible]

THE CAMPAIGN WEEKLY, until November 11, closing at that date with full and complete returns of the election, 25 CENTS PER COPY.

Remittances may be made either by Draft, Express, Post Office Order, or in registered letters, at our risk.

Address, TRIBUNE COMPANY, Chicago, Ill.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republican County Convention met yesterday and nominated a ticket which will be found in another column. For Representative in Congress, Sheriff, State's Attorney and State Senator there was no contest, and the nominations were made unanimously. The interest in the convention centred chiefly on the Circuit Clerkship. Mr. N. T. Gassette was nominated by a small majority—he receiving nearly the entire vote of the country delegates. Mr. Gassette received the nomination fairly, and is therefore entitled to the united support of the Republican party. He was not our first choice, but we shall labor for his election with the rest. That he will prove a good Clerk we have no doubt.

The fitness of Mr. Judd's renomination was recognized by the entire party, he having served only one term, and having given general satisfaction to his constituents.

Mr. Fischer, the nominee for Sheriff, is one of the most popular men in the county. He is a German by birth, and has been in the Sheriff's office as a deputy about eight years, and during the whole time has been distinguished for faithfulness and sobriety in the discharge of his duties. He will come nearer to getting the entire German vote of the city and county than anybody else who could have been named.

Mr. Reed has discharged the duties of State's Attorney acceptably during the past four years, and is now unanimously renominated by the Republicans of the counties of Cook and Lake. He will be re-elected with scarcely a show of opposition.

Mr. John C. Dore, the nominee for State Senator in the Twenty-fourth District, is a man of the highest character and standing, and he enjoys the confidence of the business community in the fullest degree. He was formerly President of the Board of Trade, and is now President of the Commercial Insurance Company. Probably no man could be found better qualified to lead the Republican legislative ticket in the coming campaign.

Mr. Benjamin H. Cleaves, a gallant soldier during the war, who lost an arm by the premature discharge of a cannon a year or two ago, while firing a national salute, was nominated for the office of Coroner. Mr. Cleaves is an honest and industrious young man, of good habits, and will, we are confident, discharge the duties of his office satisfactorily to the public.

In the Fifty-ninth Legislative District Mr. H. B. Miller, Mr. L. L. Bond and General J. S. Reynolds are nominated for Representatives. Messrs. Bond and Reynolds were two of the best members of the last Legislature. Mr. Miller is a well-known and wealthy citizen, a German by birth. Twenty years ago he established the *Telegraph*, a German paper, in Kalamazoo. He subsequently removed to Buffalo, N. Y., where he published a paper also called the *Telegraph*. While a resident of Buffalo he was elected to the New York Legislature.

In the Sixtieth District J. C. Knickerbocker and F. C. Munson were nominated. Mr. Knickerbocker has been an Alderman for several years, and one of the most intelligent and influential members of the Council. Mr. Munson has been engaged in the stationery trade for a number of years, as a member of the firms of Bradley & Munson and Munson & Skinner. He is a good business man and has been an active Republican since the earliest organization of the party.

Iver Lawson, Esq., one of the nominees for the Legislature in the Sixty-first District, has been a member of the Common Council two years. He is a Norwegian by birth, but has resided in Chicago so long that few men of any nationality are more widely or more favorably known. Mr. E. S. Taylor, the other nominee in this district, was a member of the last Legislature, and has rendered the party very efficient service in the present and preceding campaigns as a public speaker.

The entire ticket will be elected beyond a peradventure.

THE PRELIMINARY BATTLE.

Maine has responded to Vermont, and both have sounded the knell of repudiation and rebellion. Maine has been made the stamping ground of the arch-repudiator from Cincinnati; he appealed to the people of that State by every argument at his command to escape taxation by repudiation, and to avoid negro political equality by a fresh outbreak of rebellion. They have answered him in such tones as leave no doubt as to their opinion of his propositions. It is but a few weeks since he told the people of Maine, in his Bangor speech, that theirs was the privilege of fighting the first battle of the campaign, and one that would greatly influence the result in Indiana and Ohio. He said: "The eyes of the whole country are upon you, Democrats of Maine. You will fight the first battle of the campaign. If you win it—even *if you improve upon the result of last year*—you will give us a prestige of victory." The Democrats did not win the battle, nor did they improve upon the result of last year. On the contrary, the Republican majority of last year has been doubled.

The result in Maine is overwhelming. It tells the whole story of the campaign. It indicates the "land slide" which is to make, in November, the vote of the North unanimous for Grant and Colfax. Maine and Vermont have but indicated the tendency of public sentiment, and the elections in October will but show, by their unanimity for Grant, how earnestly and determinedly the people second his demand for "Peace." The fight in Maine has been bravely fought, and the victory has been gained only after a hard contested battle. All the money that could be used was sent by the Copperheads from New York, but the people were too deeply interested to be diverted, no matter however so slightly, from the great end of establishing the supremacy of the national authority, and the placing of that authority in honest and patriotic hands. The New York brokers are now pouring money into Indiana and giving Hendricks unlimited power to draw for all he needs; but we mistake very much the public feeling of Indiana if she does not spurn the bribes and compete with Vermont and Maine for the glory of an increased majority for Grant and Colfax.

The *World* found it convenient to give to Maine, the day before the election, with this reflection: "The great preliminary battle that is to determine the contest will be fought in October in Pennsylvania, Indiana and Ohio." The great mistake which these Democratic prophets make is in assuming that the present campaign marks a new epoch in our political history, when it is as plain as numberless striking facts can make it that we are not yet out of the contest which commenced with the assault on Fort Sumter. If there were any danger before July 4th that any sensible person would take a different view, the Blair letter and its echoes through the South removed that peril. The country understands perfectly that Grant as President is to do for the South what as General he did for Lee's army—repress its last rebellious attempts and receive its final surrender of all the hopes bound up in the "Lost Cause." These echoes from Vermont and Maine, and those that are to follow in October and November, are the last echoes of a contest whose thunders were heard at Vicksburg and Missionary Ridge, at Gettysburg and in the Wilderness, and in the great Presidential struggles of 1860 and 1864. We are finishing up the suppression of the rebellion, and, if the *World* wants to know how it is likely to be done, we recommend it a study of our history during the past eight years. Reminded by such a study of the purpose and temper of the loyal North, it may then be able to see the significance of the Republican majorities in Maine and Vermont. They mean simply this: that the people comprehend the situation, and do not intend to let the rebellion survive, now that but one more blow is needed to destroy it finally and forever. The rebel organs need not speculate on preliminary battles any further. The present political campaign is part of the nation's great campaign against the wicked and rebellious barbarism of the South, and the loyal masses who have waged this war thus far are not likely to lack either the numbers, or nerve, or purpose, to complete their work.

Strengthened and encouraged by the glorious victories already achieved, let the Republicans of Ohio, and Indiana, and Pennsylvania, devote the coming three weeks to the cause of their country, and they will be able to give the fatal blow to rebellion, treason and repudiation. They have it in their power to virtually decide the election.

DISTRUST OF THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT.

Whether or not the Napoleonic *regime* still retains a firm hold upon the sympathies of the French people, is a mooted question, answered lately in the affirmative by the unprecedented rush of subscribers to the recent Imperial loan of four hundred and fifty millions of francs, and still more lately in the negative by the overwhelming triumph of the Opposition in the canvass for a new member of the Corps Legislatif in the Department of the Jura. But whatever the general faith of the Gallic public in the trustworthiness and stability of the Napoleonic dynasty may be, it is certain that, in regard to peace or war, it resolutely refuses to add anything to what its rulers have already said. For some weeks the Atlantic Cable has brought us, almost daily, more or less emphatic messages of peace from France. Now it is the Emperor himself that breathes peaceful strains during one of his customary summer excursions; then the key-note is taken up and echoed more loudly by one after the other of his Cabinet Ministers; and, as in duty bound, the noisy, though less authoritative, voices of the official and semi-official press follow in an affirming chorus of pacific protestations. But neither the Imperial nor the ministerial repudiations of all intention to disturb the peace of Europe, nor the declarations of newspaper hirelings, have so far been able to put an end to the general and chronic distrust, or to create any lasting confidence in the maintenance of peaceful relations between France and Prussia. Whenever one of these official declarations is brought forward it has the effect of producing a transitory feeling of buoyancy in the great financial marts; but the elation of the business world has so far never been long sustained. Uniformly there is a general relapse into the old doubts as soon as the sound of the repeated assurances has ceased ringing in the ears of the public. The fact that, both in the Bank of England and in the Bank of France, the accumulation of idle capital, that has been steadily going on these two years past, is actually increasing, in spite of the efforts of Napoleon and his high and low organs to arouse capital from its instinctive torpor, shows conclusively the absolute discredit in which the Imperial vaticinations in favor of peace are universally held. Moreover, the very circumstance that these anti-war manifestations continue to take place affords corroborative evidence that they do not produce the intended effect. The truth is that the belief in an eventual struggle for the recovery by France of her lost prestige, as the most martial power in Europe, is too deeply rooted in the French mind to be shaken by mere words, even those of the Emperor. Nor can it be reasonably expected that this fatalistic conviction of the French public will yield so long as the recollection of the last loan, the proceeds of which are to be exclusively devoted to military purposes, is fresh in its memory. If the Emperor and his ministerial advisers, or rather instruments, are really bent upon preserving peace—as we should be glad to believe—let them first stop increasing the numbers of the French army to an unprecedented figure, and spending hundreds of millions every year for new small arms, new guns, new fortifications, and new ships. So long as the tendency of their acts is in direct contradiction of their professions, all their pacific utterances will be but so many words cast to the wind.

THE BOND TAX QUESTION.

A Copperhead sheet, whose motto is, "A lie well stuck to is better than the truth," repeats for the hundredth time the following falsehood:

> "Two thousand millions of dollars in bonds—one-eighth of the entire wealth of the country—so invested as to draw six per cent [some only five per cent] interest in gold, equal, at present rates, to about ten per cent interest [hardly 8¼] in Treasury notes, are exempted from taxation."

We suppose that a daily refutation of the lie embraced in the words "are exempted from taxation," will have not the slightest effect in stopping its repetition until after the election. But we will puncture this mendacious assertion once more. In the first place more than 600 millions of our bonds have been sold by our citizens to foreigners, and are now owned in Europe, and are beyond the reach of taxation; besides which the *proceeds* of those bonds—the property received in exchange for them—are now taxed by State, county and municipal authority just the same as other property.

2. One thousand millions of bonds, constituting the capital of the National Banks, savings banks, life, marine and fire insurance companies, are fully taxed at the value of such capital stock, by State and municipal governments.

3. The General Government levies an income tax of *five per cent* on the interest of all bonds held in the United States, being the same rate of taxation as on profits derived from any and all other sources.

The bond tax matter, summed up stands thus:

Whole amount of bonds	$2,100,000,000
Sold to Europeans and the proceeds therefrom taxed	600,000,000
Bonds invested as stock in National Banks	[illegible]
Ditto invested in savings banks	225,000,000
Ditto invested in insurance companies	150,000,000
Ditto invested in trust companies, private banks, etc.	300,000,000
Total bonds taxed	$1,600,000,000
Bonds not subject to State taxation	500,000,000
Bonds subject to 5 per cent income tax	1,500,000,000

In five years' time 1,000 millions of bonds have been invested in banking, insurance, savings institutions, trust funds, public charities and educational institutions, and thereby became liable to State and municipal taxation as "shares of stock." This process is going on rapidly, and in a few years more every bond not held in Europe, will be thus absorbed, invested and taxed. How false and ridiculous the assertion that the bonds are all exempt from taxation!

WHO WORKS IN THE SOUTH.

In the procession of the Kankakee Copperhead meeting last week, was a wagon, in which was seated a white loafer who had blackened his face to personate a negro,—his features being strikingly African. The account says:

> "He had an immense cigar in his mouth, attentively reading THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE. Over his head was a banner with the words: 'The Freedmen's Bureau supports me.' Immediately behind him was a cobbler at work on his bench,—the banner over him containing the words: 'We have to work for the Freedmen's Bureau.'"

The idea intended to be conveyed by this tableaux was, that the colored men of the South are idlers who refuse to work and are supported by the labor of the industrious whites. Is it possible that the Copperheads of Kankakee County are so densely ignorant, and so utterly in the dark to the truth as to believe this contemptible slander? It is conspicuous to the eyes of all men who choose to look, that the blacks perform nine-tenths of the productive labor of the South. They are emphatically the industrial class in that section of the Union. Where there is one black man idle, there will be found twenty white men taking their ease. The Kankakee "cobbler" and his companion, the "white nigger," may travel from Paducah to Mobile, or from the Potomac to the Rio Grande, and they will scarcely find a white man, in a day's journey, at work, unless he be a Northern "carpet-bagger." The drones in the hive in the South are the white rebels, now calling themselves "Democrats." The workers are the blacks. It is the negroes that support the whites and not the whites the negroes. The Freedman's Bureau, which has been abolished in all the reconstructed States of the South, fed and clothed and relieved the necessities of far more indigent whites than blacks. The main purpose of the bureau was to find employment for the freedmen after their emancipation, and to prevent the ex-masters from abusing and swindling them out of their earnings. This maligned bureau has performed a work worth to the prosperity of the South a hundredfold all it has cost. Cobb and Thompson stole more money out of the Treasury with the connivance of the Democratic administration, to be used in making war on the Union, than it has cost to support the Freedman's Bureau since it was established.

In addition to doing nearly all the farm work, a large portion of the mechanical labor of the South is performed by colored men, and the residue by Northern mechanics. When a white Southerner is seen working, in nine cases out of ten he is a Union man. Your genuine Southern Democrat despises work. He is too haughty to put his own hands to the plow, but he is not too proud to cheat the man who works for him out of his earnings. He devotes most of his time to copper-rebel politics at the corner grocery, or to fishing and hunting. He is fierce in his denunciations of the Radicals of the North, who gave the black man his freedom, and malignant in his hatred against those who compel him to pay wages to the laborers who till his soil, and sweat and toil that he may eat the bread of idleness, plot more treason, organize Ku-Klux Klan Klubs, and electioneer for Seymour and Blair.

John Bright's brief formal address, offering himself as a candidate to the electors of Birmingham, tersely sums up his political faith. He desires such further reform of the franchise as will enable small householders to avail themselves readily of the privilege of voting. He demands the ballot as necessary to free representation of the people at the polls. He reiterates his conviction that the Irish Church must be swept away, and insists that in such a measure there is no injury done to Protestantism and no particular service rendered to Romanism. He prefers a Protestantism which does not exclude Christian kindness and justice, and his loyalty extends to securing a real and happy union between all the parts of the kingdom. He firmly believes that both the Christian religion and the British constitution will be decidedly strengthened by the removal of the Irish Church establishment. The scheme by which the majority have two representatives, and the minority is to have a third, he denounces as unconstitutional, and as reducing a great Liberal constituency like that of Birmingham to a level with a borough which sends but one representative. Other questions Mr. Bright leaves for a future public address, when he can speak at length.

The letter published in the London *Times* over the signature of Mr. J. Stuart Wortley, offering to make restitution of £18,000 to the stockholders of a company of which he had been President, and from which he had received large profits on transactions which proved ill-advised and disastrous, turns out to have been a forgery, intended to hoax the public. Another bold forgery is reported in connection with an election contest. A Mr. Pemberton, brother to a Conservative candidate in East Kent, procured the insertion in the *Times* of a forged address, bearing the signature of Sir John Croft, the Liberal antagonist of his brother, and intended to do this gentleman an injury with his constituents by making him assert offensive opinions. The immediate exposure of the forgery, and the public branding of the forger in the papers of East Kent, showed Mr. Pemberton the criminal stupidity of his trick, yet he defends it, writing from his club in London, and really seems to think he has done no wrong to anybody. Are we to expect hereafter that aristocratic Englishmen will deem the meanest style of falsehood a fair election weapon?

Send in the Names.

THE CHICAGO WEEKLY TRIBUNE has the largest circulation, and is universally acknowledged to be the best and cheapest newspaper in the West. It is the most important campaign document that can be distributed during the canvass. The price of THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE for the next two months is twenty-five cents. Send in your orders at once. We have also published four campaign documents, all of which should be circulated broadcast in the West, and more particularly the last one issued, being an exhaustive discussion of the great financial issues involved in the contest.

Iroquois County Fair.

The Iroquois County Agricultural Society will hold its annual fair at Watseka, on the 23d, 24th, 25th and 26th of September, inst. The impression has gone abroad that this fair had been postponed until the second week in October, from the fact that the Onarga Society will hold its fair at that time. The managers of the County Society are making every effort to secure the success of their fair.

Political.

The Republicans of Cairo had the largest political meeting on Thursday evening last ever held in that city. The principal speaker was General John F. Farnsworth. The Tanners were out in large force and made a fine display. Some drunken Copperheads, aided by a large number of boys whom they had employed for the purpose, continued to annoy the audience while General Farnsworth was speaking, by their hootings and yellings, which did that party no good, but quite the reverse.

William M. Lent, a prominent Democrat of California, and at one time the candidate of that party for the United States Senate, has come out for Grant and Colfax. His example will be followed by thousands.

"Push the debt and taxation," cries Horatio Seymour; which means, "don't trouble my war record!"

A correspondent has been looking into Northern Pennsylvania, and is much encouraged by what he saw there. He says that the State will vote for Grant and Colfax, he regards as not at all doubtful. He thinks that the State will poll six hundred thousand votes in October, and that if not more than twenty thousand of them are fraudulent, the Republicans will succeed by a decisive majority. The naturalization is heavy, and tells strongly against us—the "coffee-colored papers," especially so. There are dark signs in the coal regions where we shall be heavily cheated. On the other hand there are changes in almost every neighborhood, and all in favor of Grant; while of the young Americans who cast their first vote for President, at least three-fourths are for Grant. She will go for Grant and Colfax sure.

Miscellaneous.

A velocipede race is to be the next sporting sensation in New York.

The peninsula on which Mount Sinai rests is to be surveyed to determine the true line of march of the Jews from Egypt, and the true mountain of the law.

In a swimming match in New York, on Saturday last, between an American and a Prussian, the former won.

The new Jewish Temple Emanu El, on Fifth avenue, New York, was dedicated with impressive services on Friday last.

A suitable monument is to be erected to the memory of the late ex-Governor Seymour, of Connecticut.

Longfellow's new poetical work, "The New England Tragedies," will appear in October.

New York has received another influx of English "pages."

O'Baldwin, the Irish Giant, and Wormald, are to fight on the Isle of Shoals, off Portland Harbor, on the 15th prox.

The franc is the coin current among the greatest number of people, being used by France, Italy, Belgium and Switzerland, having an aggregate population of 75,000,000. The rouble is used by [illegible], the thaler by 54,000,000, and the florin by 37,000,000 people.

Since 1850 France has issued [illegible] of gold coins, Great Britain [illegible], and the United States $780,000,000.

The thermometer stood at ninety degrees in the shade in New York on Sunday last.

Lane, the Pittsburgh wife-poisoner, has been sentenced to be hanged.

An expert thief entered the house of Mr. Kennel, in Pittsburgh, before daylight, on Saturday morning, and proceeding to the sleeping apartment occupied by Mr. Kennel and his wife, ransacked the room, and took from Mr. K.'s pantaloons a sum of money and a silver watch, with which booty he decamped without having alarmed the inmates of the house.

Twenty thousand people in New York city live by borrowing money.

One of the Chinese Embassy thinks that Emerson writes like Confucius.

A version of "Foul Play" is to be brought out in German in New York.

A drinking saloon in New York has been appropriately named after Frank Blair.

The Gayoso Hotel, in Memphis, has been closed.

West Troy suffered by a freshet, on the 11th inst., to the extent of $5,000.

Mad dogs are numerous on Staten Island, N. Y.

Manchester, Eng., has six swimming schools.

Four large whales were captured recently at Redcar, Yorkshire, Eng.

In the Pope's volunteer battalion are six Corporals who are [illegible] of noble Roman houses.

Cora Pearl, the noted lorette, contemplates visiting America.

Rev. William Morley Punshon, the great Methodist orator, lectures in Pittsburgh in October.

Madam Rachel, the rejuvenator, is still in Newgate Prison.

Kirby Smith opens his military school next week.

Rev. Alexander Duff, D.D., the distinguished Scottish Free Church minister, has written a letter of sympathy to George H. Stuart, relative to the suspension of the latter from the church to which he belonged.

LONDON.

The New American Minister.

The Ballot Question.

The Laboring Class of England and Ireland.

The Election and Other Intelligence.

From Our Own Correspondent.

LONDON, August 31.

The new American Minister was not long in the country ere he became the guest of Mr. Disraeli at Hughenden. I do not know what political topics were discussed between the two statesmen, but it is fair to assume that their mornings and afternoons were occupied with something beyond the subjects treated of in visits of mere courtesy. I give Mr. Disraeli credit for his reticence during the period of the civil war. When his party and some of the Liberals were gloating over the thought that the American republic was going to be split into fragments, the present Prime Minister, more cautious than his political opponents, gave no sign of his hopes or his desires. I presume, from his silence, that his sympathies were with the North. If so, he deserves credit for his good intentions, but he would have done still better if he proclaimed them. I have no doubt, when his conversations with Mr. Reverdy Johnson are made known, that he will be found to have taken credit not only for his sympathy but for his foresight. Mr. Disraeli would only reveal himself to his guest and appear in his true light. I doubt very much whether, notwithstanding his eternal refrain about monarchical institutions, a territorial aristocracy, and an Established Church, he would not seem to Mr. Johnson as much of a republican, in the wide sense of the term, as Mr. Johnson himself.

MR. ROEBUCK.

Mr. Johnson's next appearance is likely to be by the side of a gentleman who was not so reticent as Mr. Disraeli. He is to make his appearance, it is said, at the cutlers' feast in Sheffield, where Mr. Roebuck usually figures. Of all the public men in this country who disparaged the Northern cause in England, Mr. Roebuck was pre-eminent. Others might have rejoiced as much at the prospect of a dissolution of the Union. In hatred and rage, John A. Roebuck surpassed them all. In or out of Parliament, wherever he spoke of the North it was with the hiss of the serpent and the venom of the toad. All his efforts are now concentrated in representing himself as the watch-dog of England. This is the hurdy-gurdy which he plays upon on all public occasions; but the public have become heartily tired of it, and the people of Sheffield, which he represented for several years, will hardly stand it any longer.

THE BALLOT.

If I am not greatly mistaken, the ballot will be made a very prominent question in the next Parliament. Men of very liberal opinions are divided upon it—for example, J. S. Mill and Mr. Bright. It strikes me there is a confusion in the points of view from which men regard the question. As a general proposition, it is admitted that it is the duty of electors to give their votes openly. It is a public function which every voter should discharge in the sight of the people. So far Mr. Mill and the opponents of the ballot are right. But this is an abstract view of the question, and a political one. It has another aspect—a domestic and an economical one, and this is the one that Mr. Bright and the supporters of the ballot take. Let the economical question be first arranged—deprive the holders of property of the power of comfort or distress, of the power to retain or distrain their tenants, and to deprive them and their families of the means of earning their bread—and then the ballot will not be required. But so long as the economical arrangements of society are what they are, the ballot is absolutely necessary. This is beginning to be seen already. Despite the large augmentation of the franchise holders, the agents and stewards and drivers of the wealthy are busily at work coaxing, and where this will not do, threatening, their tenantry and subjects with ruin if they do not vote in the right direction; that is to say, if they do not place their consciences in the keeping of the landlord or the master. In this matter of the ballot, Mr. J. S. Mill opposes the same arguments that Cicero opposed to the proposition of Papirius Carbo. "Nothing," said Cicero, "is better than open voting. Every one must perceive that the tabellary law (vote by ballot) would destroy the power of the wealthy. The people would skulk behind the ballot-box. It is a bad form of suffrage. Carbo's bill is that of a bad and seditious citizen." Thus in the days of Rome, as well as in 1868, it was the economical aspect of the object that made the ballot a question of difficulty and a terror to the liberal Cicero.

AGRICULTURAL LABORERS.

The condition of the agricultural laborers of England was brought prominently before the British Association, in one of its late sittings, by the Rev. Canon Girdlestone and Mr. Corrance, M. P. According to Mr. Girdlestone the wages of an agricultural laborer in the west of England are 8 shillings per week, his breakfast an infusion of bread and water, his luncheon a bit of cheese and black bread, his dinner potatoes or cabbage with a flavoring of bacon, and his hours of work from ten to twelve. The Norfolk gentry and farmers heard the figures sulkily and grumblingly, but they do not seem to have been seriously disputed. He somewhat pacified his audience by saying that he referred more particularly to the West of England agricultural laborers. But in fact nothing could be worse than the condition of the Norfolk laborers, as described about four years back by the local press. They were then described not only as poor, but as obliged, from want of space, to sleep in the same room, father and mother, son and daughter and daughter-in-law. It is a curious fact that the farm laborers of Ireland consume more food than those of England. It appears from a comparison of the different dietaries that the farm laborers of England consume daily an average of 3.18 oz. of plastic matter and 20.01 of respiratory, which is equivalent to 5,810 grs. of carbon and 228 grs. of nitrogen. The consumption of Irish farm laborers is 4.94 and 28.73, equivalent to 6,195 grs. of carbon and 318 of nitrogen. These are the results of inquiries into the dietaries of many hundreds of families, made by Dr. Edward Smith. It appears from further investigations by Dr. Smith that the needlewomen of London are the worst fed of all the operatives in the three kingdoms. They subsist on a weekly allowance of 102.52 oz. of carbonaceous food with 13.49 oz. of nitrogenous, whilst the farm laborers of Ireland are, as regards the real nutritive value of their food, the best fed of the lower operative classes. Amongst the well-fed operatives the English "navvy" consumes most food, and next in order come the blacksmiths. Soldiers in peace consume daily 22.64 ounces of carbonaceous, and 4.22 ounces of nitrogenous food. Soldiers in war 23.48 and 5.41 respectively. The average in the former case is calculated from the rations of the English, French, Prussian and Austrian services; in the latter from the dietaries of European and American soldiers during recent wars. No one would have suspected *a priori* that the Irish farm laborer was better fed than the Englishman of the same class, but the researches of Dr. E. Smith leave no reasonable doubt on the subject. It seems that extreme wretchedness is the invariable social contrast to excessive wealth and luxury. The populace of Rome were clamoring for a meal of African corn, whilst Vitellius spent £3,000 on his daily supper, and Ælius Verus £48,000 on a banquet for a dozen guests. I have been at banquets given to the heads of the Church by the Lord Mayor of London in which Archbishops and Bishops began with the turtle soup and cold punch and worked downward through the turbot and lobster sauce, the oyster pate and Madeira, the venison and jelly with its accompaniment of champagne, Hock or Sauterne, the wing of the grouse or partridge, pheasant or wild duck, the iced pudding, the jelly or plum pudding, the port, sherry and claret, to the final cup of coffee or tea. A church dignitary, I am aware, could hardly get through his laborious duties on less, and a Norfolk audience are decidedly of opinion that an agricultural laborer ought to perform his eleven hours' daily work on a decoction of bread and water, black bread and cheese, cabbage with a flavoring of bacon.

THE BUDGET.

John Bull has a good balance at his banker's, and it is looking up. It is over £20,000,000 now, and will probably be over £22,000,000 by the end of the year. But although the Bank of England rate of interest is only two per cent, there seems little disposition to invest it in trading or commercial speculations.

THE ELECTION.

Election addresses and election speeches are raining in torrents over the country. Mr. Bright's address appeared to-day. The battle of parties will be general in the counties as well as in the boroughs, and in some localities will be unprecedentedly hot. Whatever money, or influence, or unscrupulousness, can do, will be done by the Tories on this occasion.

A THREATENED CAB STRIKE.

London is threatened with a great cab strike. There are certain cabs, which, for a small payment, are privileged to remain in the railway stations whenever trains are expected. This the unprivileged cabs contend is unfair, and they have resolved on a general strike next Thursday, if the "monopoly" is not removed. It is beginning to be quite evident that a great mistake was committed in handing over the power and monopoly of locomotion to private companies. The half yearly meeting of the Southeastern Company was held on Thursday last. Mr. Watkin, the Chairman, took the line of argument that I indicated in a recent communication. "Parliament," he says, "has fixed the limits within which the taxing powers of the company may be exercised, and the Directors contend that so long as the rates are within the company's maximum, no one has a right to complain." There is no resisting this argumentation. The *Times* of to-day draws the analogy which I drew. "Mr. Watkin," it says, "pleads that he was within the law. So was Mr. W. Scully." No doubt they both are, and the proper conclusion is not to complain of what Mr. Scully or Mr. Watkin is doing—but to alter the law so that it shall not be in the power of an individual or of a corporation to prejudice the public interests.

AN AMERICAN ACTOR.

Mr. Fairclough, an American tragedian, appeared last night at the Lyceum in the character of *Hamlet*. He is not a good actor, and he is not an indifferent one. He has elocution and strength, but he is deficient in dramatic conception, and, consequently, in the development of character. In taking leave of his Manchester friends, on Friday night, Mr. Sothern intimated his intention of returning to America, where "he had many dear friends—friends who encouraged him when he began his professional career. He really thought he ought to go and thank them for the kindly manner in which they encouraged him when he was almost a lad."

THE CONTINENT.

The news from the Continent continues to be of the alarmist kind. War and peace signals are hoisted so rapidly one after another, that no one can say where the train is finally to stop. But peace is so universally the desire of mankind, that so many trumpets would not be sounded if war was not intended. The Emperor of the French must do something. The people will never submit to the existing pressure without a war, which may bring glory or a revolution, which may bring exile or worse.

APPALLING DOUBLE MURDER.

Jacob L. Young and His Wife Brutally Murdered—The Body of the Latter Burned to a Crisp.

From the Indianapolis Journal, Sept. 14.

We received this morning all the details, thus far gained, of one of the most dreadful, most appalling crimes ever committed in this vicinity.

On Saturday afternoon Mr. Jacob L. Young, an honest, industrious, thrifty citizen, respected among business men for his uprightness, and honored among his neighbors for his exemplary social qualities, went out buggy riding with his wife, as was his custom. Nothing more was seen or heard of them until yesterday (Sunday) morning, when the bloody, stiff and ghastly corpse of Mr. Young was found near Cold Spring, two miles up White River, lying near the half burned body of his wife. The farmer boy that first discovered the bodies gave the alarm, and his father and brother brought the news to the city. The Coroner, Mr. Alsted, was notified—the news spread rapidly, and in a short time a large number of persons, in conveyances of various kinds, were on their way to the scene of the appalling murder.

The spectacle that there met the eye was sickening in the extreme. Mr. Young lay about six feet from his wife, one-half his head terribly torn and shattered by a discharge from a double-barrelled shot gun that lay about ten feet distant from the body, with but one load discharged. That part of the face uninjured by the shot, wore the expression that one might imagine a face of a man would wear, who found himself in the hands of a demon in human shape bent upon his destruction, and from whom the last hope of escape had fled. A few feet from Mr. Young lay his pocketbook containing about twelve dollars in money. His coat, which was of the same goods as his vest and pantaloons, is missing, as is also his hat.

Some distance off in the woods appeared evident traces of a severe struggle. Blood was found near the buggy, but on paper which possibly was employed by the person who committed the murder in wiping the stains from his hands. Mrs. Young's hat and vail and her parasol were found some distance from her. Her hands were crossed as though she had been held by the grasp of a ruffian, while with the other hand he perpetrated the deed of death. Her knees were partially drawn up, and upon the back of her head was a wound from a pistol ball, which was extracted from beneath the fractured bone of the right side of the forehead at the *post mortem* examination. The upper part of her person, from the knees to the neck, and including the right side of the face, was burned to a crisp. The bones of the knees, burst to an ashy whiteness, and ready to crumble, protruded, and the flesh of both thighs was entirely burned off, exposing the thigh bones. The covering of the bowels was so charred that the intestines protruded.

Her dark auburn hair, that had been arranged in plaits, was dishevelled and slightly drabbled in blood, but still enough of the plait remaining to show that a scuffle had disordered it. Her stockings and shoes bore but few marks of the fire, but there remained only a few charred remnants of the balance of her clothing. In the ashes were found the pearl buttons that fastened her dress, and a breastpin, the only jewelry she had about her person.

The horse and buggy were found by the boy who discovered the bodies about fifty yards off in the woods, the horse hitched, and the buggy turned over on the side.

With these facts, and only these, before the public, the first impression naturally was that Mr. Young had first killed his wife, set fire to her clothes, and then shot himself. In fact this was the common solution of the mystery up to the time that the physicians extracted the pistol ball from the brains of Mrs. Young.

Mr. Young has for several years been connected with the hardware house of Messrs. Dorsey and Layman. He has also, we learn, acted as agent for a house engaged in the manufacture of farming implements, in which capacity he has been highly successful. He was also one of the largest stockholders in the new rolling mill. By close attention to business and the most commendable frugality he had amassed quite a handsome sum of money, which he has for some time contemplated investing in real estate. His health has for some time been poor, and hence he has been doing little but carrying on a note brokerage business. He purchased a horse and buggy a few weeks ago, and since that time he has been in the habit of riding out every evening with his wife on the different roads leading from the city.

On Friday last a banker of the city informs us that Mr. Young came into his banking house with a large amount of money, and that he himself took two $500 bills from Young, giving him in return a $1,000 bill. This money he did not deposit, and the fact of his having a large amount of money on his person on that day being probably known to the rascals who have lately stepped in upon us from New York, his movements were doubtless watched, and he and his wife murdered by them in the hope of reaping a golden harvest.

Mr. Young held a life insurance for $5,000 in one of the wealthiest companies in the city.

A Coroner's inquest was commenced upon the two bodies, but is not yet concluded. Just before entering upon the investigation, the commonly accepted conclusion was, that Mr. Young had killed his wife, and afterwards killed himself; but, during the taking of the evidence, the announcement by the physicians that a pistol ball had been found in the brain of Mrs. Young dispelled that suspicion, and, at the close of the investigation last evening, almost everyone united in the opinion that Mr. and Mrs. Young were murdered. As yet suspicion attaches to no one. There was extracted from the undischarged barrel of the gun about a dozen bullets. The gun is an old one, and is very rusty, but the bullets present the appearance of being rather newly moulded.

CHILD MURDER.

A Horrible Revelation of Crime—Seduction by a Stepfather and the Murder of his Child.

From the Detroit Free Press, Sept. 14.

One year ago a young man named Thomas Flynton married a widow living near Dearborn, named De May, twenty years his senior, and the mother of six children, one of whom was a daughter named Margaret, who at the time of her mother's marriage with Flynton was fourteen years old.

Shortly after the marriage Mrs. Flynton made the startling discovery that an improper intimacy existed between her husband and her daughter Margaret, which discovery she, in the agony of her grief and shame, communicated to a neighbor, who, in turn, told others of it, and in a few days thereafter the affair became quite generally known in and about Dearborn.

Flynton finding himself an object of contempt, and doubtless fearing the just vengeance of an indignant populace, decamped, going to Canada, where he lay *perdu* several months, and finally returned to Dearborn.

During Flynton's absence the girl Margaret made a full confession of her criminality, and on the 3d inst. she gave birth to a son, Dr. Hume, a respectable physician of Dearborn, being in attendance, and therefore able to testify to the fact of the birth. Four days after the birth of the child, an older brother of the unfortunate girl became aware of what had transpired, and being determined to punish the heartless author of his sister's and his own dishonor, caused her to appear before Justice Daley and enter a complaint against her step father for bastardy. A warrant was thereupon issued, by virtue of which Flynton was arrested and lodged in Wayne County jail.

Among other testimony given by the girl before Justice Daley was that she had not seen the child since the day of its birth, and that she did not know what disposition had been made of it. This gave rise to a suspicion of foul play. Daley accordingly visited Flynton in jail, and from him learned that the child was dead and buried in a grove in the rear of his house, where the body was subsequently found rapped up in an old flannel shirt.

A *post mortem* examination revealed the fact that the child's death was produced by violence, and an inquest which was afterwards held resulted in a verdict of wilful murder against Thomas Flynton. The testimony was laid before Prosecuting Attorney Hebden yesterday, and that officer, upon a careful investigation of the facts, ordered the arrest of Mrs. Flynton as an accessory before the fact.

The following is the testimony of Margaret De May, the mother of the child:

Margaret De May, sworn: I am 15 years old; I am mother of the child; I last saw the child when the doctor handed it to a man; in the night I called for a drink; Tom came and brought me a drink; he fetched a buffalo skin with him at the time; he throwed it on the child and then laid on it; it was not very long; he then got on his knees on the bed, and crushed down on the robe; the child groaned a little; this was toward morning; he then examined the child and said that it was dead; he then came out into the other room and went to bed; Tom came to my bed in the morning; he told me not to say anything; he discovered the child was dead before he went; after he throwed the robe on him he said he would not let mother come in, and he would bury it after she went away; Tom started mother to get breakfast; this talk was in whisper; mother came to the room and asked how I was; I said I was bully; after mother went away, Tom came into the room, and took the child and buried it; it had a red flannel shirt about it; I saw Tom pin something about it; I am sure the child was not moved out of the bed before me left the room; Thomas Flynton, the man that laid on the child, is the father of it; he told me he buried the child between two logs in the further end of the field, in a little gulley; he cautioned me not to tell about him smothering the child.

FROM FORT TOTTEN.

Indian Hostilities—Fort Peckham Captured and Eight Men Killed—Whisky Spree—Two Men Killed near Fort Totten.

From the St. Paul Pioneer, Sept. 9.

We are indebted to Captain James M. Gorman, who has lately returned from Montana, for the following extracts from private letters received by him from Fort Totten. Under date of August 21, his correspondent writes:

"I arrived from Fort Stevenson a few days since. While there I learned that Fort Peckham had been captured, by Indians. Eight men were killed—Bowser among the number. The boys at Big Muddy had a little whiskey spree which resulted in the death of James Meagher, who was shot by Jones. Frank Wilson received some severe wounds."

Under date of Fort Totten, August 28, the same correspondent writes:

"Last Sunday Smith and I started out under charge of Sergeant Devoe and four men, with the [illegible] mail. We arrived at the Big Coolie about 12 m., and camped for the remainder of the day. After dinner the driver and myself started out to shoot ducks. We had gone but a short distance from the wagon when we heard the report of seven guns. On looking back we were surprised to see a body of Indians within twenty feet of the wagon. We started for them as fast as we could, and arrived in time to give them three rounds, when to our relief they thought best to retire, but were careful to take the four mules and one horse with them, leaving the Sergeant and two men dead at the wagon. So much for Totten. Now for Buford. A band of about two hundred mounted Sioux charged the herd-guard, consisting of twenty-five mounted men and killed [illegible] and drove off two hundred and ten head of cattle and three [illegible]. Lieutenant Cusick is severely wounded. This looks inviting for the Fort Coach Line. [illegible] next summer.

"Yours, &c., T. P."

THE FARM AND GARDEN.

A New Grape—Winter Care of Hedge Plants and How to Make a Hedge—American Entomologist—Meeting of Bee-Keepers at the Iowa State Fair—Machine for Emptying Honey from the Comb.

Special Correspondence of The Chicago Tribune.

CHAMPAIGN, Ill., Sept. 13.

A SEEDLING GRAPE.

G. H. Rugg, of Ottawa, has sent us a new seedling grape, "a seedling from the Catawba, a week earlier than the Concord, and I think a sweeter grape; the vine is eight years old. Do you think it worth propagating as a new variety?"

The fruit is black and about the size of the Hartford Prolific, branches rather small, loose, berries round, skin thick, pulp tough, seeds large and abundant, not rich and can only be desirable for early maturing and hardiness of vine. The information is not sufficient to justify an opinion in regard to its value as compared to the Ives Seedling and the Hartford Prolific. It is one of the best early seedling grapes, produced in this State, that has come under our notice.

It should be tested by the side of other early grapes for some years before its merits can be fully ascertained, for it is only by such comparisons that we can come to a just conclusion. If it is a vigorous-grown production, and hardy, it may prove to be a valuable acquisition.

We will state, in this connection, that the Horticultural Committee of the Industrial University have it in contemplation to recommend a department for the testing of all new seedling fruits. They will doubtless make some regulation by which the proprietary right of the originator will be guarded, as much as it is possible to do under our imperfect laws.

Of late years there have been so many early grapes "ten days earlier than any other is," that the public have lost faith. It is but a repetition of the fable of the boy and the wolf, and we may not have faith when the coming early grapes are presented to us. People begin to have a realizing sense of the cost of humbug, and are not making so large investments in that direction as formerly. While we might be pleased to see an Illinois seedling grape put in the market, it is desirable to be sure that it is one that will become popular. Quality, if tolerable, is of secondary consideration as compared to productiveness and marketable merits. We are devoting some space to the testing of new fruits, not for the sale of the plants, but simply to arrive at their real value for commercial purposes.

We should have stated that the samples sent were cut August 24th and have been kept until this date without much shriveling, which shows that if otherwise desirable they are well adapted to shipping a long distance.

It should be borne in mind that the best Illinois seedling may not be of much value as compared to others, for it is the best grape for market that we are after, without regard to where or by whom produced.

OSAGE HEDGES.

"HELENA, Johnson County, Nebraska, August 24.

"I write to ask for information in regard to the wintering of Osage plants in this climate. Also the best method of setting and subsequent culture. We have an excellent soil, but a scarcity of timber, that will compel us to depend on live fences, hence our desire for information.

"J. J. JAWETT."

The best way is to tie the plants in small bundles, say of two or three hundred, using willow bands, and placing them in a pile in some dry spot, cover with straw, and over this earth sufficient to keep out the frost. Wherever the frost penetrates, the plants will be destroyed. If one has a cellar that is dry, and yet frost proof, it is a good place to put the plants, by placing the small bundles in tiers with layers of earth. If the cellar is warm and damp—a condition too often found in cellars under farm-houses—the plants will be liable to grow or be ruined with damp. They may be placed in trenches in the garden and covered with straw, prairie hay, or litter. If the roots are thoroughly mixed with soil a slight freezing will not injure them. The most expensive way is to leave them in the seed-beds and to cover with straw, for in this condition they occupy too much space.

The hedge row should, if possible, be plowed in the autumn, and again in the spring. Turn the furrow, so as to have it slightly ridged up at the time of setting the plants; and at the time of corn-planting set them in a single row, one foot apart in the row; give them good culture for two years, not forgetting to fill in the blanks or missing plants, and the third spring, if the plants have made good growth, they will do to plash. This is done by cutting the first plant in the row about two-thirds off, so that the plant may be bent over and remain in a recumbent position. All the plants are treated in the same manner, and will present a hedge at an angle of about forty-five degrees. Water-sprouts will start up from the cut plants, and thus bind the hedge in the position mentioned, so that it will present a strong resistance to any animal. Each spring, or the first part of summer, the hedge should be trimmed, if desired to keep it within reasonable bounds. One cutting a year is abundant, and then only to begin the cutting back process in the spring of the fourth year, when it ought to make a substantial hedge.

James Croisdale, of Worth, Cook County, will find his inquiries answered in the preceding.

AMERICAN ENTOMOLOGIST.

The first number of this new monthly is at hand. It is published in St. Louis and edited by the State Entomologists of Illinois and Missouri, and furnished at one dollar a year.

Such a work has been needed for a long time to figure and describe the useful and noxious insects of the West. Mr. Riley has an artistic pencil to give us accurate drawings, and he will use it liberally for this purpose. The great value of this work is tersely set forth in the following:

"We shall only remark, to conclude this subject, that there is one especial mode in which a journal, such as we propose to publish, will become of great practical benefit to all that numerous class who are engaged in the cultivation of the soil. It is the common practice with almost all who belong to this class, whenever they discover that their plants have been injured by the bugs, to slay indiscriminately every bug that they come across. Yet nothing is more certain than that, of the whole number of species of insects, at least one-fourth part are beneficial to us by preying upon other insects, while in all probability at least one-half of the whole number are neither beneficial nor injurious. We propose, by means of good wood-cuts and colored engravings, to familiarize the American eye with the different kinds of bugs, so that they may be enabled, without much practical difficulty, to distinguish between friends, foes and neutrals. For lack of this knowledge nothing is more common than to see a cultivator of the soil overlooking the noxious insects that are preying upon his plants, and making fierce war upon the cannibal and parasitic insects that a wise Providence has appointed to keep the injurious plant feeders within due bounds."

The present number treats of bugs on the curculio, apple worms, 17-year locusts, wasps, cannibal insects, a new bark louse, grasshoppers, fire-flies, a new grape root borer, chinch bugs, leaf hoppers and leaf bugs. It has been a general impression that to enable a person to study bugs he must first understand Latin. But this is not the case. The names of insects are given in Latin, and that is all, and Webster's unabridged will give all needed light in this respect. There is no more difficulty in the study of insects than there is in that of grammar or of geography. It is to the interest of every cultivator to know something of the habits of insect life, and especially of those insects that prey largely on his crops. The cannibal insects, such as the lady bugs, do good service in eating the eggs of leaf-eating insects, such as the Colorado potato beetle, which it has almost checked in its march to the East.

We hope to see this science taught in our common schools, and it should be a prominent feature in the Industrial University.

The best work on insects is that of Harris, which can be had through any of the bookstores. The plain edition costs $2.50, and the colored $5. No farmer with a family of boys should be without this work, in addition to that of the new publication, which can be had of R. P. Studley, St. Louis, Mo.

BEE-KEEPERS' ASSOCIATION.

This association will meet some day during the Iowa State Fair, September 29 to October 2, at Clinton.

The meeting of such an association will be a vast improvement over the bee charm man, and no doubt it will be well attended. The new mode of separating honey from the comb, and to free it from bee bread and young larva, will be of great interest. The society should appoint a committee to give it a thorough test. As the machine is not patented, the bee-keeping community will be interested also in the best form of the machine, and where the best ones can be obtained.

On account of the poor season for bees, this machine has attracted little attention, and it is, therefore, of importance that we have correct information on the subject.

Bee-keeping is now reduced to a science, and must be taught, like any other trade. Superstition and charlatanism have had their day, and common sense takes their place. The public will ever owe the Rev. L. L. Langstroth a debt of gratitude for his investigation into the habits of this valuable insect. With a small piece of rotten wood, thoroughly dried and ignited, any person, without the least protection, can handle a stock of bees without any difficulty. It is now common to divide the swarms, instead of allowing them to swarm in the usual way, thus saving time, and running no risk of losing the new swarms.

WINTERING SWEET POTATOES.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Sept. 5.

Will you please inform myself and the readers of THE TRIBUNE generally of the best mode of preserving sweet potatoes during the winter, and of sprouting them in the spring; of preparing hot-beds, &c., for them. Yours truly,

R. E. MOORE.

It is very difficult to winter sweet potatoes as far north as Bloomington, and when done is at great expense. They must be kept at a temperature above 40 degrees. In the south part of the State they are kept in dry cellars, put in shallow boxes, mixed with sun-dried sand, or dust from the roads when sand cannot be had. The great sweet potato house of Pierce & Co., at Cobden, use narrow upright bins, filled with potatoes and layers of sand, with pipes for ventilation. The house is kept warm by the use of furnaces. So far as I can learn, all the small sweet potato houses north of Vincennes and Cobden have not paid expenses, taking one year with another.

Some weeks since I gave the process of sprouting by heating the soil of side-hills by the use of fire heat and drain tile. No doubt that plan is much the best, and will come into general use, not only for the sprouting of sweet potatoes, but other early garden truck.

COAL COOK-STOVES.

PAXTON, Sept. 8.

Will you give me the name of the best coal cook stove, and where I can obtain it? I do not see why we farmer wives have not as good a right to the best stove as our husbands have to the best sulky-rake. C. D. P.

There are several good coal cook-stoves now on sale. It would not be either just or safe to say which is best, for the reason that we have not looked over the new patterns this fall. In the first place get one of large size. A family of two or three might use a No. 8, but for all large families a No. 9 is better. A small stove is like a small pony [illegible] must be worked to its full capacity. Then you want a water tank and a heater; don't be put off without them if your husband can possibly spare the money to buy them. The stove must have a door in front to admit the coal; by all means refuse a stove that you must take off the cover to admit the coal. One that admits the air through the fire back so as to burn the heated gases is desirable; several makers have adopted this pattern during the last year. If cold air is admitted to the back a cast iron back will do; otherwise the fire brick is to be preferred as more durable. The ovens are all large enough. A cast-iron tank is the cheapest, and with a little care, will give good satisfaction, though at first the water will be colored by the rust, but use will correct. When tin or copper tanks are used the tube that passes through it should be of extra thickness, for the common thin sheets burn out.

Most certainly you have as much right to the best stove as your husband has to the best sulky plow; and if he insists on selecting some cheap stove, or one that the stove dealer can make the most money on, then you should insist on your wifely right to select him a cheap cultivator. If you are not allowed to make your own selection let me know, and your husband will find that between us two, he will not have pleasant dreams for a time. I have a letter from Kate S—, about sundry kitchen matters, but Kate is a little unreasonable. In getting up a new home she must be a little more patient; teams, plows, harrows, sheds, etc., must be had in the first place, and the use of these will bring all the kitchen fixtures. Be patient, Kate; you cannot begin with the outlay that your mother had when you left home; see that what you do get is of the best, not necessarily the dearest. RURAL.

LAW RECORD.

Important Cases in Admiralty.

Suits for Divorce—Brutality of a Wife.

Judgments—Bankruptcy Cases—New Suits.

ILLINOIS SUPREME COURT.

Present—Chief Justice Sidney Breese; Associate Justices C. B. Lawrence and P. H. Walker.

15. Continued. Motion to reinstate.
26. Submitted by appellant on briefs. Rule for plaintiff, briefs to be filed October 5. Submitted by appellee on briefs filed.
27. Argued by Story.
30. Submitted by appellee on briefs to be filed October 15.
39. Submitted by appellant on brief to be filed October 1.
40. Submitted by appellant on brief to be filed October 15.
44. Submitted by appellee on briefs on file.
46. Stricken from the docket.
47. Motion for further time to file record denied. Dismissed. Motion to withdraw record.
51. Petition to file additional briefs.
24. Submitted by plaintiff on brief filed.
53. Submitted by appellee; brief to be filed.
55. Submitted by appellant, briefs to be filed 25th.
[illegible] Submitted by appellant on briefs filed.
57. Submitted by appellee on briefs filed.
[illegible] Submitted by plaintiff on briefs filed.
66. Submitted by plaintiff on briefs to be filed October 1.
88. Continued.
91. Submitted by appellant on briefs filed; by appellee on brief to be filed October 10.
103. Suggestion of diminution of record to strike transcript from file.
125. Submitted by both parties on brief to be filed.
129. Same as 125.
133. Rule for joinder by 18th.
138. Submitted by appellant on briefs to be filed by 26th; appellee on briefs to be filed by October 5th.
166. Application for extension of time to file allowed till Tuesday.
143. Submitted by appellee on brief filed.
187. Submitted by both parties on brief and arguments to be filed.
188. Submitted by appellant on briefs filed.
190. Same as 188.
199. Motion of record to be stricken from file.
161. Submitted by appellant on brief to be filed October 5, and by appellee October 15.
213. To be heard on Monday.
214. Submitted by both parties on briefs to be filed.
219. Same as 214.
197. Submitted by petitioner on brief filed.
224. Time for filing record extended to 19th.
180. Submitted by appellee on briefs to be filed.
173. Submitted by appellant on briefs to be filed.
241. Extension of time for filing abstract till Saturday.
246. Submitted by appellant on brief filed; appellee on briefs to be filed.
243. Submitted by appellee on brief to be filed.
242. Submitted by appellee on brief to be filed October 10.
[illegible] Petition for rehearing.
353. Robert G. Allen et al. vs. Wm. E. Robinson. Dismissed for want of record.
354. John B. Mitback et al. vs. Moritz Fechlerbers. Same as 353.
355. James Thompson vs. Alex. Bruer et al. Motion for rehearing.
97. Submitted by appellant on briefs filed; appellee on briefs to be filed October 10.
34. Continued P. D.
4. Dismissed P. D.
6. Submitted by appellant on brief filed.
25. Argued by Knowlton for appellants.
29. Taken on call.
40. Argued by story.
43. Continued.
44. Taken on call.

The call of the docket to-morrow will be from 48 to 75 inclusive.

Adjourned till to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Drummond held court yesterday, and made the following orders:

John P. Rice et al. vs. Moses E. Ladington. Case. Dismissed.

Elmer W. Hall et al. vs. The Same. Case. Same order.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

The following business was transacted in this court:

Nicholas M. Le Provost et al. vs. Steam Tug Little Giant and Steam Propeller Ira Chaffee. Collision with the bark G. L. Newman. Finding by the court that the Chaffee was in fault. Damages assessed at $885. Libel dismissed as to the Little Giant.

John Kitts vs. Schooner Carrie Woodford. Wages. Libel dismissed without costs.

John C. Maxwell et al. vs. Steam Tug Brothers and Propeller Lady Franklin. Collision. The court finds all parties at fault. Damages, by agreement, assessed at $5,074.23, to be paid equally by owners of scow Supply and defendants, and all parties to pay their own costs.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

The following proceedings were entered of record:

Discharged.—William P. Wright, of Chicago; James E. Prescott, of Chicago.

Petition for Discharge.—Samuel Coze, of Chicago; Samuel M. Staples, of Chicago; William D. Babbitt, of Chicago; William B. Chappel, of Caledonia, Boone County; Julius A. Penney and Thomas Anyon, of Rockford; William C. Snyder, of Fulton, Whiteside County; Solomon M. Seeley, of Whiteside County; David B. Seeley, of Morrison, Whiteside County; James B. Wolcott, of Galena; John Baker, of Whiteside County.

Schedule Amended.—Jonathan Peck, of LaSalle.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Court not in session.

NEW SUITS.

Ole Larsen vs. Lewis H. Erickson. Defendant's appeal from a judgment for $28 by Moore, Justice.

The People, &c., vs. William Farlell. Defendant's appeal from a judgment by Bradwell, County Judge, for [illegible]. The judgment is against Assessor's division of west half section 33, &c.

The Same vs. The Same. Defendant's appeal from a judgment as above for $66. The judgment is against west half of section 33, and part of section 32, lying east of the railroad.

SUPERIOR COURT.

All the Judges sat yesterday. The business was as follows:

Chas. A. Hawes vs. Charles Whippo. Slander. Verdict, defendant guilty. Damages assessed at $3,000. New trial granted. This was an action of slander in accusing the plaintiff of having committed arson by firing his residence to recover the amount of insurance.

George Hemmer vs. Matthias Eck. Appeal. Finding by court for plaintiff and judgment for $80.

A. W. Roseman vs. Henry Fisher, Charles Medon and Otto Scheitemen. Finding for plaintiff and judgment for $80.

Thomas E. Courtney vs. Thomas Hoilham. Petition for mechanic's lien on four houses built under contract on Calumet avenue, between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth streets. On trial.

James Lynch and Anna, his wife, vs. The City of Chicago. Case for personal injury to the wife by an alleged fall, on the 25th day of February, 1867, through a defective sidewalk of State street, on the corner of Thirty-first street. The case was once before a jury, but owing to defects in the *narr.*, a juror was discharged. Case on trial. Damages asked, $10,000.

John B. Carston vs. Emil Drier. Ejectment. Submitted to Court and passed.

Jacob H. Kingsley vs. John S. Lawrence. Defendant's appeal. Motion to strike affidavit of merits from files denied.

Judson M. W. Jones et al. vs. George S. Utter et al. Appeal. Submitted to Court and passed.

Daniel E. Brant et al. vs. Lazarus Silverman. Trover. Same order.

John C. White, a minor, vs. James Mitchell. Ejectment. Same order.

George D. Ambrose vs. John A. Snuler et al. Assumpsit. Same order.

Peter Dixon et al. vs. John Menkt. Assumpsit. Plea stricken from file and default for want of plea.

Beek et al. vs. Joseph Hittich. Assumpsit. Default of Monday set aside.

DISMISSED.

The following cases were dismissed:

James Mulvey vs. James D. Beckett. Debt.

John B. Bradshaw vs. Charles B. Orvis. Assumpsit.

James Mulvey vs. James D. Beckett. Covenant.

JUDGMENTS.

Judgments were rendered as follows:

John H. Mayer vs. Peter Stamp. Assumpsit. By default for $267.70.

John V. Farwell et al. vs. Ferdinand Schaffer. Assumpsit. By default for [illegible].

Perry M. Fuller vs. Edward A. Filkins. Assumpsit. By default for $164.71.

Board of Supervisors, &c., vs. John W. Moore, Cornelius Ryan and Myron H. Norton. Debt for $1,600. Damages, $432.77. Debt to stand as security for future breaches. This was a suit brought to recover upon the bond of Moore as a Justice of the Peace; he having neglected to make return of and pay over the amount of fees collected by him.

Adolph Anson et al. vs. Luther H. Ainsworth. Assumpsit. By stipulation, $107.87.

Henry Hunts vs. Jacob Stroul. Assumpsit. By default, $289.75.

Maria Hull vs. Henry Eccardt and Henry Balls. Replevin for plaintiff for household stuff valued at $24.

Samuel H. Kerfoot et al. vs. Charles H. Gottig. Assumpsit. By default for $200.

George Adams vs. C. H. Gray and A. S. Guthrie. Assumpsit. By default for $1,795.73.

THE CALENDAR.

The call of causes for trial in this court this day will be cases numbered on the trial docket as follows: 20, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41.

These cases are numbered on the term docket as follows: [illegible], 2,815, 2,816, 2,836, 2,843, 2,844, 2,848, 2,850, 2,853, 2,866, 2,871, 2,875, 2,890, 2,895, 2,906, 2,909, 2,911, 2,911, 2,912, 2,915.

IN CHANCERY.

John P. Foss vs. Maria J. Foss. Decree of divorce. In this case there was constructive service, a consequent default, and a decree rendered upon hearing in open court. The bill was filed June 5 last. The parties were married at Charleston, Mass., on the 8th day of March, 1854. In the following year complainant came to this State, settling at St. Charles, in Kane County, where his wife gave birth to two children. Subsequently they came to Chicago. The wife then returned to her mother's house in Massachusetts, where she has since persisted in remaining.

Henry P. Caldwell vs. Huldah E. Caldwell. Decree of divorce on default, service being had by publication. The parties were married in Columbus, Ohio, on the 23d day of December, 1863, the defendant's name then being Creary. The defendant was witnessed as having deserted her husband three years since. The bill also charged that she had committed adultery.

George Seitz vs. Christina Seitz. Decree of divorce had in default made upon constructive service. The parties were married at Belleville, St. Clair County, Ill., on the 3d day of January, 1867. Seventeen days afterward they separated, she having in the few days intervening after the celebration of the wedding committed adultery with one John Neff, and with other persons.

Jane T. Oser vs. Jerome B. Oser. Decree of divorce on the ground of habitual drunkenness. The complainant testified that she married defendant July 25, 1858, in this city, where they had lived together until July last, excepting a temporary absence at Mound City in 1866. She declared that her husband had been continuously drunk for about three years, so that he had become incapacitated for business, leaving her to support herself and their two children. Over and above this her labors had returned her personal property valued at about $500. The only other witness was Iris, a daughter of the mother, aged about 18 years, who corroborated the testimony.

Mary Mann vs. James Mann. Divorce. Leave to defendant to file cross bill.

Dorman S. Warner et al. vs. Daniel Eaton et als. Rule on defendant to show proofs in twenty days.

Samuel H. Kerfoot vs. John S. Wallace. Set for hearing on October 9.

Samuel Myers et al. vs. David Pratt et al. Injunction to restrain defendant from collecting rent of 150 and 150½ South Clark street dissolved.

William Greenhoff et al. vs. Charles T. Hotchkiss et al. Bill. Decree of July 7 amended to change name.

Thomas Kelly vs. Bartholomew Schaub. Bill. Default entered.

NEW SUITS.

2,894—John A. Brazner et al. vs. John G. Hoene and Charles Carlin. Assumpsit. Damages, $600, with attachment in aid. Indebtedness claimed at $500.65.

2,895—Lewis [illegible] Ball vs. Silas H. Ball. Assumpsit. Damages, $2,000.

2,896—Horace C. Gillette et al. vs. James Gregory, of Will County. Assumpsit. Damages, $500.

2,897—Frank Heiselmann vs. John Kooch. Case for slander in having accused plaintiff of being affected with disease. *Capias* in $3,000.

2,898—William Embrow vs. William Hedick, of LaSalle County. Replevin of furniture.

2,899—Augustus F. Buechlet et als. vs. Henry White. Assumpsit; to recover balance of account for butter, &c., stated at $518.32.

2,900—August Magnus vs. M. Deischer, of Dupage County. Assumpsit. Damages, $300.

2,901—Charles Druckner vs. Fried. William Trager and John S. Ebert. Confession of judgment for $194.90.

2,902—Peter Burger vs. James and George Turner. Trespass. Damages laid at $10,000.

2,903—George N. Spear et als. (Spear, Prince and Hollbrook) vs. Charles E. Orvis. Confession of judgment for $260.

RECORDER'S COURT.

The business of yesterday in court was confined to the order on the chancery side.

Christian Peterson vs. Jacobine Peterson. Proceeding for divorce on the ground of cruelty. This case was a few days since referred to the Master in Chancery. He took testimony and reported, finding that the material allegations of complainant's bill were substantiated. The witnesses before him were the complainant, who testified to his marriage in December, 1862, and that he had lived with her as his wife until the date of filing the bill. He testified, also, to great cruelty; that his wife had beaten him frequently with her fist, and once with a pair of tongs, when he was so badly injured that he was laid up for several weeks. On another occasion he swore she beat him with a shovel. Her language toward him, he said, was abusive, and ugly. The other witness was Christian Poulson, who swore that he had known the parties for about a year and a half, and within that time he had heard her abuse him with her tongue and seen her whip him with household implements. The order of reference was yesterday morning set aside and leave given to defendant to file a cross-bill by Monday morning.

CALENDAR.

The following is the criminal calendar to be called on Thursday:

August Elleer. Assault.
John Hackett. (Three indictments for larceny.)
Oliver Smith. Larceny.
Louis De Lagrais. Perjury.
Dennis Halpin et al. Larceny.
William Jones. Larceny.
John B. Locker. Larceny.
Gilbert Newton. Larceny.
John Manechberg. Larceny.
Ralph Donelee et al. Burglary.
Joseph Vanzass. Larceny.

NEW SUITS.

3,151. City vs. Charles Durham. Defendants' appeal from a Police Court fine of $10, on charge of being an inmate of a disorderly house.

3,152. City vs. Joseph Donais. Appeal as above.

The People *ex rel.* John Dempsey vs. The Superintendent of the Reform School. *Habeas corpus* for the release of James McNulty, son of relator's wife by a former husband. The boy is of the age of about thirteen years. He was committed to the school November 20, 1865, it would appear, by virtue of an unsigned mittimus.

EPISCOPAL.

Meeting of the Convention for the Diocese of Illinois.

Opening Services—Organization—Formal Business.

Death of the Rev. Dr. Bishop.

MORNING SESSION.

The annual Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Diocese of Illinois commenced its sittings yesterday morning in the Cathedral Church, corner of West Washington and Peoria streets.

LIST OF CLERGY PRESENT.

The following are the names of the clerical delegates present. Almost every church in the diocese has also at least three lay delegates:

The Right Rev. H. J. Whitehouse, D.D., &c.; the Revs. C. S. Abbott, S. T. Allen, John Benson, F. W. Boyd, D.D.; Jacob Bredberg, C. A. Brace, J. G. Carver, D.D.; John Canch, J. S. Chamberlain, J. Taylor Chambers, March Chase, Samuel Chase, D.D.; Edwin Coan, James W. Cole, William H. Cooper, D.D.; Dudley Corbett, B.D.; A. P. Crouch, George F. Cushman, D.D.; D. W. Dresser, Samuel Edson, John A. Fitch, John Glerlow, C. E. Guillemont, Henry T. Hiester, W. F. S. Jackson, William John Johnstone, J. H. Knowles, C. W. Leffingwell, Thomas Lyle, James S. McGorman, Philip McKim, F. B. Nash, J. W. Osborne, E. J. Purdy, W. M. Reynolds, D.D., W. H. Roberts, J. H. Rylance, D.D., A. W. Snyder, G. C. Street, William Thompson, W. H. Williams and Henry W. Wood.

OPENING SERVICES.

At 10 o'clock a large congregation had assembled, and shortly after a procession, consisting of the dignitaries of the diocese in their clerical robes, the delegates to the convention and the boy choristers of the Cathedral, the latter habited in white surplices, advanced into the church headed by the choristers, who chaunted a psalm when walking up the aisle, the clergy followed, the delegates in plain black, bringing up the rear.

After the alternate singing of the psalm for the day, the regular order of morning prayer, according to the ritual of the Church, was proceeded with under the conduct of the Rev. C. W. Dresser. The lessons of the day were read by the Rev. Mr. Abbott, of Alton, and the Rev. Mr. Roberts, of Peoria.

The anthem rendered by the choir was taken from Isaiah, beginning "How beautiful upon the mountains are the feet of him who bringeth good tidings."

Then the beautiful communion service of the Church was read by the Rev. Mr. Dresser.

At the conclusion of the communion office the Right Rev. Bishop Whitehouse made an announcement to the effect that the Church was called upon to mourn the loss of one of its brightest ornaments in the death of the Rev. Dr. Bishop, which took place lately at Paris. He said that the offering of the day would be devoted to the succor of the family of the late Rev. Mr. Albert, of the Diocese of Arkansas, but formerly of the Diocese of Illinois. The Bishop also announced that he would deliver his annual address to the convention to-day.

Rev. Mr. Carver, of the Church of the Ascension, preached a very excellent sermon, taking as his text the sixteenth verse of the nineteenth chapter of St. John: "And I will pray the Father and he shall give you another comforter, that He may abide with you forever." After the sermon the Holy Communion was celebrated, and after a benediction delivered by the Bishop, the convention adjourned, to meet at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The convention assembled for the transaction of business at 2 o'clock, the Right Rev. Bishop Whitehouse presiding.

ORGANIZATION.

The Rev. J. H. Knowles acted as Secretary *pro tem.*

The rules and regulations governing the convention were, on motion of the Bishop, read by the Secretary.

The Rev. J. H. Knowles was elected Secretary, and the Rev. March Chase Assistant Secretary, by acclamation.

The Rev. George B. Lee was unanimously elected Treasurer of the convention.

The names of the various churches throughout the diocese entitled to representation in the convention were then read by the Secretary, each delegate present answering to his name.

On motion, it was determined that the church at Pekin should be admitted to its franchise in the convention.

It was determined, on motion, that a committee be formed to investigate into the claims of churches seeking representation in the convention.

THE LATE DR. BISHOP.

The Rev. Dr. Locke moved the adoption of the following resolution, which was adopted:

We, the members of the Convention of the Diocese of Illinois, having heard this morning of the sudden death of the Rev. H. N. Bishop, D. D., in Paris, desire to express our sorrow at the event, and to sympathize with those whom God has thus afflicted. We want to put on record our admiration of his enthusiasm, his earnestness, his untiring labor in his Master's cause, his warm and generous impulses and his success in missionary works. We would invoke for his widow, his children and his mourning relatives and parishioners, that presence of the Holy Comforter which is not denied to those who faithfully ask it, and would prayerfully commend them to the keeping of that Lord and Savior who is a very present help in time of trouble.

Resolved, That this our formal action be published in the church papers and communicated to the family of the deceased.

The Bishop announced that through the kindness of the Rev. Clinton Locke he was in a position to extend an invitation to the members of the convention to meet him in a sociable reunion, at the residence of that clergyman, on Wednesday evening next.

After some further business of a routine nature, the convention adjourned, to reassemble this morning at 9 o'clock.

AN UNACCOMMODATING SPIRIT.

P. S.—Those who have the management of the convention do not evidently desire that the morning journals should publish very full reports of their proceedings. There is not the slightest accommodation for gentlemen of the press, not even the ordinary facilities for writing. They were seated by particular request of the Bishop, so they were informed, yesterday by an early usher, in a pew to the right of the right wing, where they are completely cut off from a view of the church, and almost beyond earshot of those delegates who will address the convention. Some of the reporters protested against this unusual treatment, but their protest was received with haughty coldness, upon which not a few of them left the church in disgust. Either proper accommodations should be secured reporters, or it should be generally understood that the convention does not desire its proceedings to be published in the daily papers.

STATE CHRISTIAN CONVENTION.—The Illinois Christian Convention, the first of a series to be held under the auspices of the American Christian Commission, will meet at Bloomington on the 20th, 21st and 22d of October. The call is signed by about 150 of the leading religious men of the State. The churches of Chicago are well represented in it. Each evangelical church of the State is invited to send the pastor and two delegates to this convention, who will please notify Isaac Vanpelt as early as October 10, in order that places of entertainment may be provided for them.

INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS.—The following is the official report of the Internal Revenue receipts for the month of August:

Spirits	$214,736.79
Tobacco	45,214.11
Fermented liquors	28,630.00
Banks and bankers	4,872.68
Gross receipts	32,716.98
Sales	24,904.69
Incomes	97,391.48
Special taxes, etc.	34,457.09
Total	$480,724.96

IMMENSE CARGO.—The propeller St. Joseph, Captain John H. Langley, of the Lake Michigan Transportation Company, arrived here yesterday from St. Joseph, with a cargo of 13,186 packages of peaches, the largest cargo ever shipped to this city.

CONCERT AND BALL.—A grand concert and ball, of the Sixteenth Ward Tanners' Club, will be held on Friday evening, at Ulrich's Hall. All Tanners and Republicans are invited to attend. There will be music by the Great Western Light Guard Band.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.—The Board of Supervisors met yesterday morning, but without transacting any business adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

[illegible]—H. C. Thomas was, on Monday, nominated for Supervisor of the Eighth Ward.

THE COUNTY CONVENTION.

Nomination of the Hon. N. B. Judd for Congress.

Candidates Selected for Senator and Representatives.

Nominees for Town Offices.

The Republican Union County Convention, called for the purpose of nominating candidates for Member of Congress, Sheriff, Clerk of the Circuit Court, &c., met at ten o'clock yesterday morning at Library Hall, and was called to order by General Beveridge.

TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN.

Ald. Knickerbocker nominated D. S. Hammond for temporary Chairman.

General R. W. Smith nominated the Hon. F. A. Eastman.

The Chair appointed Major J. R. Hayden Secretary to call the roll.

Ald. Knickerbocker called for a vote on his motion.

Ald. Knickerbocker was nominated as temporary Secretary by Mr. Ham, who insisted that it was the part of the house to elect one.

Ald. Knickerbocker again called for a vote on his motion.

The Chair decided that the yeas and nays should be called to decide whether Mr. Hammond or Mr. Eastman should be elected.

Mr. Ackhoff moved to lay the whole matter on the table.

After some protestation from various delegates, Mr. Ackhoff withdrew his motion.

Ald. Knickerbocker moved that inasmuch as the Chair had decided to call the yeas and nays, all towns and wards with double delegations should be allowed to vote.

General Salomon moved as an amendment, that as each ward and town was called the Chairman announce the vote.

The motion, as amended, was agreed to.

On motion of General Smith, James R. Hayden and J. C. Knickerbocker were elected tellers.

A vote was then taken, with the following result: Total number of votes cast, 151. Hammond, 85; Eastman, 66. In the city Hammond had 52, and Eastman 61; in the county Hammond had 31 votes, and Eastman 4.

The Chairman, in taking his seat, spoke as follows:

REMARKS OF MR. HAMMOND.

GENTLEMEN OF THE CONVENTION: I thank you very kindly for the honor that you have bestowed upon me by electing me temporary Chairman of this convention. So far as I am able I will do my duty to the best of my ability, without partiality or favor. I will endeavor to do so. We have had a long fight here. It has been a bitter one, and I hope this convention will decide the matter so that we can all work together after we have agreed upon our candidates. After we have made the nominations we can all go to work and support them. The contest has been between two candidates, and your vote, gentlemen, is to decide it fairly. I do not wish to say a word in favor of or against either candidate—express my preference—as has been usually the case, as I think it altogether out of order for the Chairman to do it.

DELEGATES FROM LAKE COUNTY.

Before the vote was announced, General Beveridge stated that delegates from Lake County were present, and suggested that they be allowed to vote on the pending question.

Mr. Wicker moved that they be excluded from taking any part in the proceedings of the convention, except for the special business for which they came.

The Chair said Lake County had been called on to come, and, as a matter of courtesy, they should be allowed to vote.

The call was read, which invited the Lake County delegates simply to take part in the nomination of a District Attorney.

Mr. Eastman declared that Lake should not be admitted to vote, and if its vote elected him he would decline.

Mr. Hammond said that he was of the same opinion.

The whole subject was then dropped.

It was moved that the Chair appoint two Secretaries.

The motion was agreed to, and the Chair appointed Messrs. Knickerbocker and Ogle.

COMMITTEE ON CREDENTIALS.

It was moved that the Chair appoint a committee of five on credentials.

The motion was agreed to, and the Chair appointed Messrs. Charles Peacock, S. W. Kingsley, Charles K. Herrick, Charles Loding and J. Merrick.

COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS.

It was also ordered that the Chair appoint a Committee on Resolutions, which was done as follows: Joseph Medill, J. Ballantyne, C. G. Wicker, L. S. Beveridge and F. A. Eastman.

LIST OF DELEGATES.

The Committee on Credentials after some time returned and reported that the following persons were entitled to seats in the convention:

FIRST WARD.

Joshua C. Knickerbocker, T. E. Stacy, Jacob Wolf, Wm. H. Fuller, Joseph Zimmschek, Wm. G. Ogle, Jacob Becker, Edwin Langley, Daniel Schaefer, Chas. D. Peacock.

SECOND WARD.

A. Dixon, Henry Spiers, R. F. Q'hill, Chris. Schell, J. B. Greenhut, P. Becker, Frank Warren, C. K. Kerrett and J. Butler.

THIRD WARD.

Charles G. Wicker, Charles Busby, Albert Reinertz, Charles E. Sinclair, Joseph Pollak, Chas. H. Ham, Henry Krause, Joseph Doctor.

FOURTH WARD.

J. H. Clough, J. N. Barker, Reuben McPherson, E. J. Thomas, Geo. Scott, G. B. Sidwell, J. W. Tappan, L. Goshard, Ira W. Buell, George Williams.

FIFTH WARD.

Michael Schmitz, George Bauer, —— Schondler, Christ. Eiseman, Thomas Robinson. This ticket received 93 votes. The regular ticket had 73 votes.

SIXTH WARD.

R. G. Gill, William Ruehl, W. S. Babcock, and Alvis Uber.

SEVENTH WARD.

Charles Loding, John C. Kiins, James Stewart, J. F. Ballantyne, John Stephens, John Preifer.

EIGHTH WARD.

Jacob Link, Isaac Wentworth, John Price, Richard Clark, H. C. Timme, R. P. Blanchard.

NINTH WARD.

D. Cole, Reuben Cleveland, Clark Lipe, C. R. Jones, N. W. Huntley, Thos. L. Ferrier, A. St. John Campbell, S. J. Smith, W. F. Milligan, Thos Rapp, Clark Geib, R. G. O'Brien.

TENTH WARD.

C. C. P. Holden, E. S. Salomon, Joseph Medill, B. W. Smith, A. G. Lane, Geo. W. Bohannon, Wm. Reinhardt, C. T. Hotchkiss, A. G. Lull, Jos. R. Hayden.

ELEVENTH WARD.

G. T. Smith, H. Ackhoff, N. H. Burns, H. Brandt, T. Vernier, E. Deal, C. E. Matson, R. Henderson.

TWELFTH WARD.

James McGraw, Jacob Kuns, Henry Osterman, Charles Scharlau, Edward Thompson.

THIRTEENTH WARD.

Conrad Folz, K. G. Schmidt, Geo. T. Beebe, Geo. A. Bender, Fred. Benzinger.

FOURTEENTH WARD.

William Helme, Louis Kosteus, Valentine Kistler, Philip Schweinfurth, Joseph Ruh, S. S. Whitney.

FIFTEENTH WARD.

Joseph Stockton, Fred. Gund, O. H. Horton, Paul Anderson, Wm. S. Golsen, Tobias Almendinger, Jacob Hart, Thos. Canon.

SIXTEENTH WARD.

Elias Shipman, Henry Lampaster, Francis A. Eastman, George Oertel, J. A. Wilson, Morris Wetzler, Paul H. Kelly.

COUNTY TOWNS.

Barrington—H. Wilmarth, J. W. Kingsley.
Thornton—A. H. Dolton.
Lake View—Wm. L. Church.
Jefferson—Theodore Schulz, A. F. Snell.
New Trier—Lambert Blum.
Calumet—Thos. Wilcox.
Orland—J. Humphrey.
Palos—A. Roberts.
Palatine—J. H. Fahlman, R. S. Williamson.
Lake—J. M. Crittenden.
Hanover—D. S. Hammond.
Leyden—Wm. Kolze.
Proviso—Henry Leppel.
Elk Grove—C. Busse.
Maine—H. C. Senne.
Schaumberg—Wm. Freise.
Bloom—C. Sauter.
Hyde Park—Paul Cornell, Geo. W. Waite.
Niles—Geo. C. Klehm.
Wheeling—Hiram Kennicott.
Northfield—James A. Mahon, John Russell.
Lemont—Matt. W. Borland.
Evanston—J. L. Beveridge, S. V. Clure.
Lyons—Samuel Vial, R. A. Ellison.
Bremen—Christian Andrew.
Worth—J. H. Myrick.
Cicero——.

Delegates from the various wards were authorized to fill vacancies.

The Chair stated that the Lake County delegates desired to return, and suggested that the nomination of State's Attorney be at once taken up.

The suggestion was not acted on.

DOUBLE DELEGATION FROM CICERO.

The Committee on Credentials reported on the contested election in the town of Cicero, to the effect that they would make no recommendation, but submit the matter to the convention.

Mr. Jones moved that the set of delegates elected on Saturday be admitted to the floor.

Mr. Ham moved as an amendment that the delegates elected on Monday be admitted.

The Chair put the vote on the last motion, and declared it carried.

Mr. Ham moved that the temporary organization be made the permanent one.

Mr. Jones called for the yeas and nays on the motion.

General Beveridge moved a reconsideration of the vote by which the delegates from Cicero elected on Monday were admitted.

Mr. Campbell, one of the delegates, said that he and his colleague had been elected and were entitled to their seats. The other delegates had resorted to fraud to secure their election. Votes had been cast for them after the polls were closed. He and his colleague had received 112 to 66.

BOTH SETS ADMITTED.

Mr. Ogle moved that both sets of delegates from Cicero be admitted.

Mr. Ham moved that General Beveridge's motion to reconsider be laid on the table.

The Chair decided that the motion was carried.

Mr. Ackhoff demanded the yeas and nays on the motion.

Mr. Ogle renewed his motion that both sets of delegates be admitted.

The yeas and nays were called for, ordered, and being taken, resulted: Yeas, 109; nays, 41—thus admitting both delegations.

On motion of General Smith, it was decided that each delegation should cast but one vote.

The motion that the temporary organization be declared the permanent one was renewed and agreed to.

Mr. Wicker moved that all voting for candidates be viva voce, and it was so ordered.

NOMINATION OF STATE'S ATTORNEY.

It was ordered that the Joint Convention of Lake and Cook Counties proceed to the nomination of a District Attorney.

C. R. Jones nominated Chas. H. Reed, and he was nominated by acclamation.

Mr. Reed was called for and came forward and said:

GENTLEMEN: All I have to say is I thank you from the bottom of my heart.

The delegates present from Lake County were as follows:

E. D. Fary, Lyman Wilmot, H. E. Leavy, E. H. Mason, E. B. Easton, Jas. Y. Cory, Geo. H. Webb, W. H. Hume, S. L. Emery, L. Edwards, A. Vose, F. D. Whitmore, F. E. Clarke, J. M. Taylor, Homer Cook, S. Lind, Thos. H. Payne, H. G. Beazett, L. H. Bute, Jno. Robertson, R. Easton, James Ruth and C. T. Brockway.

NOMINATION FOR CONGRESSMAN.

On motion of C. G. Wicker, Norman B. Judd was chosen by acclamation as candidate for Member of Congress.

NOMINATION FOR SHERIFF.

On motion, Gustavus Fischer was chosen by acclamation as candidate for Sheriff.

Mr. Fischer was called upon and responded as follows:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention:

Allow me to tender you my most hearty thanks for the honor you have conferred upon me by nominating me for the responsible position of Sheriff of Cook County. Be assured, gentlemen, I shall, if elected, do my whole duty; be just to everybody, and discharge the affairs of the office in such a manner that you will not be ashamed of having nominated me for that position.

CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT.

Ald. Knickerbocker then nominated Norman T. Gassette for Clerk of the Circuit Court.

Reuben Cleveland nominated General Julius White.

William L. Greenleaf and Washington Warren were also nominated, but the latter was withdrawn.

INFORMAL BALLOT.

On motion of Mr. Ferrier, an informal ballot was then taken, resulting as follows:

Total number of votes cast, 152; of which Gassette received 82; White 60, Greenleaf 8, and [illegible], 2.

General Smith then said: Mr. President, every member of this convention knows that the contest, from the commencement until now, has been very bitter. We have got along in this convention thus far in the nomination of the other candidates, with a very great degree of unanimity, and I——

The President. There is no motion.

General Smith. I know it, and am not going to make one. I now withdraw the name of Julius White to place in nomination William L. Greenleaf.

A formal ballot was then taken, with the following result: Gassette, [illegible]

On motion of General Beveridge the nomination was made unanimous.

Mr. Gassette then thanked the convention for the nomination.

CORONER.

Ald. Wicker nominated Benj. H. Cleaves, of Chicago, for the office of Coroner. Dr. Blathart, of Blue Island; John [illegible], Cleaves and D. A. Lewis were also put in nomination.

An informal ballot was taken. [illegible] received 37 votes, Blathart 15, [illegible] 70, [illegible] 3, and Lewis 11.

Mr. C. C. P. Holden moved that Mr. Cleaves be made unanimous. The motion was agreed to.

Mr. Cleaves was called upon and returned thanks for the honor conferred, pledging himself, if elected, to discharge the duties of the office satisfactorily to all.

On motion, the President was authorized to appoint the Cook County Central Committee.

RESOLUTIONS.

The Committee on Resolutions made the following report:

Resolved, That we do most heartily reaffirm the noble, patriotic and liberal sentiments entertained in the platform of the Union Republican party, and we pledge ourselves to secure its endorsement by the vote of the [illegible]

Resolved, That we [illegible] heroes, Ulysses S. Grant and Schuyler Colfax, and that we regard their election as essential to the public welfare, and as a [illegible] unity and future prosperity.

Resolved, That we recognize in [illegible] Palmer a noble and gallant [illegible] hands the colors of our party [illegible] in the present contest, with [illegible] with victory to our cause; and [illegible] solved that we will use our [illegible] cure the triumphant election of the whole ticket.

On motion the report was adopted.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

The Chairman then announced the County Central Committee [illegible]: A. C. Hesing, J. M. Allen, H. [illegible], Gillespie, Charles D. Peacock, E. J. [illegible], DeWolf, John Raber, and Iver Lawson.

SENATOR.

J. C. Dore was nominated for Senator [illegible] Twenty-fourth District.

He was nominated by acclamation.

EQUALIZATION OF TAXES.

A. H. Dalton was nominated for the Board of Equalization of Taxes for the [illegible] fourth district.

Homer Wilmarth was nominated for the board from the Twenty-fifth District.

A recess was then taken, and the representative districts met and nominated candidates for Representatives, Supervisors, Assessors, &c.

REPRESENTATIVES.

In the Fifty-ninth District, Henry B. Miller, L. L. Bond, G. S. Reynolds were nominated for the Legislature.

In the Sixtieth District, Frank [illegible] Joshua C. Knickerbocker were nominated for the Legislature.

In the Sixty-first District, Iver Lawson and E. S. Taylor were nominated for the Legislature.

TOWN OFFICERS.

South Chicago—Supervisor, John [illegible]; Assistant Supervisor, B. F. T[illegible]; Assessor, Isaac Pflaum; Collector, August [illegible]; Town Clerk, Otto Bloom.

West Chicago—Supervisor, James [illegible]; Assistant Supervisor, Charles M. [illegible]; Assessor, Thomas Stergold; Collector, [illegible]; Town Clerk, E. Smalley.

North Chicago—Supervisor, [illegible]; Assistant Supervisor, Julius Kurz; [illegible] bert Patch; Collector, Emil Giese; [illegible] Henry John.

The convention then adjourned [illegible]

FINANCIAL AND COMM

MONETARY.

TUESDAY EVENING, [illegible]

Prophets of monetary stringency [illegible] and argue that much they [illegible] cause their very predictions help [illegible] the tendency that would otherwise [illegible] their predictions come true. [illegible] nothing in the business of [illegible] fect is more apparent than in [illegible] The best informed men predict the [illegible] Money market, and if their predictions [illegible] upon such sound reasoning that [illegible] widespread impression the [illegible] would take alarm. The interests [illegible] for "hedge," and the predicted [illegible] ised. For nearly a month [illegible] has been predicted as near at hand [illegible] and, as a consequence, also in the [illegible] seems but little more prospect [illegible] than at any previous time [illegible] the midst of the movement [illegible] having felt no serious trouble yet, the [illegible] for money is now generally looked for [illegible] ginning of October. Some of the [illegible] that favor a tighter Money market [illegible] follows: The September statement [illegible] debt shows by the decrease of the [illegible] ance in the Treasury that over [illegible] currency have been paid out during [illegible] the redemption of 7-30s and other [illegible] ations of the government. The [illegible] the currency does not increase the [illegible] commercial community, as the [illegible] pounds were as much capital as [illegible] but the greenbacks are circulating [illegible] therefore favored the monetary [illegible] prevailed. But the currency balance [illegible] ury is not likely to be run any lower [illegible] is paid out henceforth for a month [illegible] first come out of the circulation [illegible] Sub-Treasury at New York. The [illegible] of currency is therefore now at its [illegible] and any change that is made in the [illegible] ance of the Treasury will diminish the [illegible] The banks will also soon be [illegible] their loans preparatory to their quarterly [illegible] ment on the 5th of October. This [illegible] time when there will be perhaps the [illegible] eral necessity for circulation, as a [illegible] the new crop of cotton have already [illegible] within a few weeks the movement [illegible] portant crop is likely to demand a [illegible] of currency. It is probable also that [illegible] have need for a considerable amount [illegible] currency in the West. Last year [illegible] currency were sent to the chief [illegible] portions of the West, between the [illegible] ber and the 5th of October. This year [illegible] movement began nearly two weeks [illegible] the crop is so much greater that a [illegible] amount will be required during the [illegible] period this year. As these circumstances [illegible] a more active demand for circulation [illegible] as that affects the Loan market [illegible] Money market. As an offset to these [illegible] may be remarked that the Eastern [illegible] never so full of capital as now. [illegible] speculative phases of trade [illegible] greater proportion of the capital [illegible] applied to legitimate business [illegible]

The Canadians claim that their [illegible] against American silver is a success. [illegible] meeting of the merchants of London, [illegible] following resolution was adopted:

"That we, the merchants and traders [illegible] of London who signed the bond of [illegible] at a discount of 4 per cent for large [illegible] per cent for small silver, feel gratified [illegible] cess; and that as such a large [illegible] portion of our customers, both in the [illegible] city, are in favor of so just a movement [illegible] continue to adhere strictly to the bond."

While we were on a specie basis [illegible] rected the silver coinage of the United [illegible] be alloyed in order to keep it in [illegible] the country, as it was found that all the [illegible] silver was taken out of the country [illegible] so destitute of change. It was at the [illegible] made a legal tender only for sums of [illegible] and under. The American silver [illegible] reality only worth about ninety-two [illegible] the smaller change being worn [illegible] fraction less, his difference between [illegible] ver and gold being shown in the daily [illegible] of each. This debasement of the silver [illegible] some time, to prove an advantage [illegible] stance, for when we get as far back [illegible] toward specie payments as to have [illegible] ten per cent premium, silver will [illegible] and by that addition to the circulation [illegible] complete the work.

In reply to an inquiry made by a [illegible] of our city banks, in regard to [illegible] sions of notes, Acting Commissioner [illegible] makes the following reply:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
WASHINGTON, August [illegible]

SIR: I reply to your letter of the [illegible] that the verbal extension of a note [illegible] quire a stamp, as there is nothing to [illegible] neither is a stamp necessary upon [illegible] dorsement of interest paid in advance [illegible] though the effect of such endorsement [illegible] pone the day of payment. Very respectfully,

THOMAS HARLAND,
Acting Commissioner.

Verbal extensions of notes do not [illegible] It is customary to make renewals by a new [illegible] by the endorsement of extension on the [illegible] the note; but, from the Commissioner's [illegible] the inference is reasonable that such [illegible] endorsement does not require a stamp, and [illegible] regard the information as of value.

The local Money market shows no [illegible] change since last week. The [illegible] peared yesterday to have [illegible] lowering and was again [illegible] effect to retard the forwarding [illegible] country. Country shippers [illegible] hindrances in the want of cars. The [illegible] weather has, however, not had much [illegible] upon the mercantile trade, all of [illegible] are doing a good business. The supply [illegible] rency here is fair, but the movement to [illegible] try to-day was light.

Exchange was sold between banks to-day [illegible] per $1,000 off, with an exceptional [illegible] heavier discount. At the counter bankers [illegible] selling New York Funds at par and [illegible] their customers within the range of the [illegible] rates:

New York drafts	[illegible]
Boston, demand drafts	[illegible]
Boston, sight drafts	[illegible]
Buffalo, grain bills, with New York exchange	[illegible]
Buffalo, grain bills, without New York exchange	[illegible]
Oswego, grain bills	[illegible]
Montreal, demand drafts, with New York exchange	[illegible]

Prices of Government Securities show a [illegible] tinued firmness and a slight advance [illegible] bonds as compared with the closing [illegible] yesterday, the advance being distributed [illegible] lows: 81s, ¼c; 62s, new, ¼c; 67s, ¼c; [illegible] 10-40s, ¼c; and '65s were ¼c lower.

The following were dealers' quotations [illegible] ing and selling in this market to-day:

United States 6s, 1881	[illegible]
United States 5-20s, 1862	[illegible]
United States 5-20s, 1864	[illegible]
United States 5-20s, 1865	[illegible]
United States 5-20s, 1865, new	[illegible]
United States 5-20s, 1867	[illegible]
United States 5-20s, 1868	[illegible]
United States 10-40s	[illegible]
United States 7-30s	[illegible]
Compound Interest notes—October	[illegible]
Local Stocks—Cook County 7s	[illegible]
Chicago City 7s	[illegible]

The buying rate for Gold here to-day was [illegible] and for Silver 132.

Bonds of '62 quoted in London to-day at [illegible]

The following table shows all the [illegible] telegraphed to the West from New York [illegible] o'clock to-day, for the leading Railway [illegible] cellaneous Stocks, as bid at the several [illegible] the New York Stock Exchange:

	Op'g	A. M.	[illegible]
W. U. Telegraph	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Quicksilver	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pacific Mail	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New York Central	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Erie (common)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hudson River	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Phila. & Reading	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Michigan Central	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Michigan Southern	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Illinois Central	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cleveland & Pitts.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago & N. W.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chi. & N. W. (pfd)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cleveland & Toledo	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rock Island	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Toledo & Wabash	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pitts., Ft. W. & Chi.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chi. & Alton (com)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chi. & Alton (pfd)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mil. & St. Paul (com)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mil. & St. Paul (pfd)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Adams Express	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Merchants Union Ex.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
American Express	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wells, Fargo & Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States Ex.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

THE COUNTY CONVENTION.

Nomination of the Hon. N. B. Judd for Congress.

Candidates Selected for Senator and Representatives.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

COMMERCIAL.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO DRY GOODS MARKET.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE CHICAGO ... MARKET.

CHICAGO LUMBER MARKET.

Boston	1.50		1.50	
New York	1.40		1.40	.75
Philadelphia	1.30		1.30	
Harrisburg	1.30			
Baltimore	1.30		1.30	
Pittsburgh			.70	
Zanesville				
Wheeling				
Newark, O.			.70	
Springfield				
Cleveland				
Cincinnati				
Toledo	.50			
Louisville				
Dayton				
New Castle, Pa.				
Montreal, C. E.	1.00		1.30	
Buffalo			.70	
Albany	1.30		1.30	.75
Providence	1.50		1.40	.75

LATEST MARKET NEWS.

Foreign Markets.

FINANCIAL.

LONDON, Sept. 15—11:15 a. m.

United States bonds, 72.

LONDON, Sept. 15—Evening.

Consols, 94⅛; American securities firm; bonds, 72½; Erie, 39⅞; Illinois, 90½.

Bonds in Frankfort easier, 75@75⅛.

COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 15—11:15 a. m.

Breadstuffs unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 15—1:30 p. m.

Corn, 36s.

Rest unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 15—Evening.

Cotton—Declining tendency continues; middling uplands, 9⅛@9d.

Breadstuffs steady. Lard, 23s.

Albany Live Stock Market.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

ALBANY, Sept. 15.

BEEVES—Prices for beeves were about ¼c ℔ ℔ higher than they were yesterday. Total receipts for the week were only 3,600. Demand for New York and Brighton good. John Kennedy sold 45 head Kentucky, averaging 1,460 ℔s, at 8¾c; 31, averaging 1,440, at [illegible]; 61, averaging 1,41[illegible], at [illegible]. James Ford sold 177, averaging 1,3[illegible], at [illegible]c. W. B. Ford sold 32, averaging 1,3[illegible], at [illegible]c. James Peal sold 47, averaging 1,365, at 8[illegible]c; also, 48, averaging 1,3[illegible], at $8.[illegible]; also, 61, averaging 1,40[illegible], at $8.90. W. Gorman sold 80, averaging 1,[illegible], at 8[illegible]c. C. T. Bruner sold [illegible], averaging 1,3[illegible], at $8.[illegible], and [illegible], averaging 1,[illegible], at 8c. D. Haas sold [illegible], averaging 1,[illegible], at [illegible]. A. M. Doss sold 80, averaging 1,[illegible], at 8[illegible]c. John Judy sold [illegible], averaging 1,[illegible], at 9c; [illegible], averaging 1,300, at 8¼c, and [illegible], averaging 1,2[illegible], at 8¼c. F. Eastman sold [illegible] Illinois, averaging 1,2[illegible], at 8¼c. W. H. Thomson sold [illegible], averaging 1,[illegible], at 8¼c. H. Howenstine sold [illegible], averaging 1,2[illegible], at 8¼c; [illegible], averaging 1,[illegible], at $8.[illegible]. W. Clemens sold [illegible] Ohio, averaging 1,3[illegible], at $8.[illegible].

SHEEP—No change; market bare of extra qualities. Receipts, 7,000.

HOGS—Receipts, 3,4[illegible]0. Demand improving. State and Michigan sell readily at 10[illegible]@10[illegible]c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—There continues a good demand for all descriptions of worsted and woollen goods, especially in desirable makes and colors, and prices rule steady and firm. Cotton in limited demand. Plain, unbleached and bleached muslins irregular in price, but not quotably lower. All lower priced and narrow classes of brown sheetings and shirtings relatively higher than yard wide heavy goods, and the same is true in bleached muslins. That there are many classes of cotton goods selling below cost does not admit of doubt, while others are bringing good prices; consequently, until prices become equalized, buyers find it necessary to require protection on everything they buy. Colored cottons of all kinds in light stock and firm. Silk goods in good supply and sell more slowly as prices are very high owing to the high cost of production. Stuff goods for ladies' suits in desirable shades are having large sale.

New York Live Stock Market.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.

BEEF CATTLE—Receipts, 520 head at Hudson City, which had quick sale at yesterday's decline. Western steers, 12½@16½c, with a few extras at 17c, including smooth Illinois, 7 cwt, at 15½@16½c.

SHEEP—Receipts, 2,600 head; steady at 4@6¼c. Lambs at 6½@8½c.

SWINE—Receipts, 1,000 head; sales of fair Michigan to good Illinois at 10¼@11c.

New York Breadstuffs Market.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour and wheat closed steady without buoyancy, owing to an advance in ocean freights. Corn closed flat at $1.[illegible], and oats at [illegible]c.

EXPORTS PAST WEEK—Flour, 210,000 brls; wheat, [illegible]

New York Provisions Market.

Ocean Freights.

New York Grocery Market.

Pittsburgh Oil Market.

The Produce Markets.

MILWAUKEE.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Port of Chicago.

Illinois and Michigan Canal.

Vessels Passed Detroit.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Port of Buffalo.

Miscellaneous Marine Items.

LAUNCH.—A new vessel called the Little Parsons was launched from the shipyard of Mr. Parsons, at Tonawanda, on Saturday afternoon.

REPAIRING.—The schr. J. A. Travis is now undergoing repairs at Pentwater. About $900 will cover all damages, also tow bills.

LAKE FREIGHTS.—The demand from shippers was again of a light character, and only a few charters were effected—rates ruling firm at 8c for Corn and 9c for Wheat to Buffalo, 8c for Corn to Port Colborne, and 13½c for Corn to Oswego. Engagements are as follows: To BUFFALO—Prop Equator, with Wheat at 9c; barks Major Anderson, Golden West, Kate Darly, and schr Metropolis, all with Corn at 8c; bark Glenbeulah, with Oats on p. t. To OSWEGO—Schr Light Guard, with Corn at 13½c. To PORT COLBORNE—Schr Mary Collins, with Corn at 8c.

Schools.

PEMBERTON SQUARE BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES. The next school year, with new and improved accommodations, will re-open in Chester Square, September 23, 1867. For Catalogue and Circular address or call upon the Principal, Rev. G. GANNETT, at 69 Chester Square, Boston.

MISS ARMSTRONG'S FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL For Young Ladies, No. 25 East Twenty-first-st., New York, will reopen Monday, Sept. 21. Circulars can be obtained at the above address. Refers by permission to Rev. F. Sullivan, Rector of Trinity Church, and Hon. L. B. Otis, both of this city.

MR. VAN NORMAN'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH FAMILY AND DAY SCHOOL For Young Ladies, No 3 West Thirty-eighth-st., New York, will reopen on Thursday, Sept. 24. For full information, see Circular. Address as above.

STAMFORD INSTITUTE FOR BOYS. A Family School for intelligent, healthy, Christian training. Gymnastics, Military Drill and Boating. Nineteenth year begins Sept. 1. Refer to Francis Bradley and S. F. Kellogg, house of J. V. Farwell & Co. Circulars on application to W. C. WILLCOX, A. M., Stamford, Conn.

Medical.

TARRANT'S

EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT is a gentle and cooling Cathartic or Purgative Medicine, in the form of a powder, pleasant to take, and is recommended and used by the best physicians in the country, as a most reliable and effectual remedy.

EFFERVESCENT

Cures Dyspepsia.
Cures Heartburn.
Cures Sick Headache.

SELTZER

Cures Indigestion.
Cures Costiveness.
Cures Piles.

APERIENT.

Cures Sour Stomach.
Cures Nervous Headache.
Cures Liver Complaint.

A POWDER.

Cures Bilious Headache.
Cures Rheumatic Complaints.
Cures Jaundice.

It is a most efficient medicine for Females and Children whose stomachs frequently reject ordinary purgative medicines. Read our pamphlet of testimonials, and as you value your life and health, lose not an hour in procuring a bottle of this most wonderful remedy. Manufactured only by

TARRANT & CO., 278 Greenwich-st., New York.

For sale by all Druggists.

Dissolution Notices.

DISSOLUTION. THE FIRM OF **W. VAN DYKE & CO.** Is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The undersigned will continue the business of Bricklaying and Building, as before.

J. WALTERS,
J. KERSEY.

Chicago, Sept. 12, 1867.

Malt.

WYETH & VANDERVOORT MALTING CO., Nos. 2 & 4 MICHIGAN-AV. We have now on hand a large stock of prime Winter-made BARLEY AND RYE MALT, which we are prepared to offer at lowest market prices. We respectfully call the attention of purchasers to our stock.

Scales.

FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES,

OF ALL SIZES.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.

Medical.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP.

A Positive Cure for Consumption.

Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills.

THE AUXILIARY REMEDIES.

The proprietor of above medicines conscientiously offers them to the public as the only safe, reliable, and certain remedies for Pulmonary Consumption. He recommends them, with equal confidence, as almost a specific for those morbid conditions of the body which, if neglected, are apt to terminate in dangerous and fatal diseases of the lungs. Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia are generally regarded as forerunners of Consumption, and when these diseases manifest themselves they require the most prompt attention.

The value of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills has been tested in innumerable cases. My own personal experience gives me the best assurance of the efficiency of this medicine. Many years ago I was given up by physicians as one who was in the last stage of Consumption, and I was taken from my home in Philadelphia to my friends in Morristown, N. J., to die. I was wasted away to a mere skeleton. I was confined to my bed, and my physician (who had attended my father's family) declared that I could not live a week. Then, like a drowning man catching at straws, I heard of and obtained these preparations, which, to the astonishment of every spectator, soon made a perfect cure. It seemed to me that I could feel them penetrating my whole system. It soon ripened the matter in my lungs, and I would spit up more than a pint of offensive yellow matter every morning for more than a week. As soon as the expectoration began to subside, my cough, fever, pain and night sweats all began to leave me, and my appetite became so great that it was with difficulty that I could refrain from eating too much. I soon recovered my strength, and have been increasing in flesh ever since. It astonished all who knew me, and all believed that I was too far gone to make my recovery possible. Many people who knew me then are now living, and occupy places of honor and trust in New Jersey and Philadelphia, who can easily satisfy the most incredulous relative to the truth of these statements. My disease was hereditary; my father, mother, brothers and sister all died of Consumption, and I alone am left.

Now I enjoy the best of health, and have for years [illegible]

Medical.

[illegible] producing any severe or alarming effects. On the contrary, when persons are laboring under indigestion or any disorder of the liver, the least exposure may induce all the symptoms we have described above. The cold taken will maintain a firm hold on the system, and, if not properly treated, will be most likely to end in consumption. My Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are used as preventives against colds; the first in cases of dyspepsia and all diseases of the digestive organs; the latter in all affections of the liver, for which they are proved to be an infallible remedy. Very often a dose or two of the Mandrake Pills perfectly cures a recent cold, without any other remedy.

I. BRONCHIAL CONSUMPTION.

This disease is generally the result of neglected cold or catarrh. "Sometimes," says Dr. W. Jewell, of New York, and Ira Warren, of Boston, "it is the consequence of measles, or disorder of the liver or digestive organs." As I remarked (under the head of "Coughs and Colds"), while the stomach and liver are in a healthy condition there is but little liability to take cold; and if no cold is taken there can be no acute bronchitis, and, of course, none of its sequences—Bronchial Consumption. Therefore, as preventive, the Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills may be used with entire confidence when symptoms of indigestion and liver complaint have appeared. No one who judiciously uses these two medicines, or either of them, as circumstances may require, need apprehend an attack of Bronchial Consumption, but if the use of these preventives has been neglected, and the form of Consumption has commenced, it will be necessary to use the Pulmonic Syrup in addition to the other remedies.

The commencement of Bronchial Consumption is indicated by an obstinate and troublesome cough, attended with a copious expectoration of viscid and purulent, or a whitish frothy matter. At first the symptoms resemble those of an ordinary cold or catarrh, the expectoration being tough, thick, and opaque, but not yellow, containing small greyish lumps, which sink in water. As the disease advances the cough increases, and this cough mucus or phlegm becomes more and more mixed with a yellowish fluid, resembling pus or matter, and often slightly streaked with blood. At first the pulse becomes slightly accelerated and tense towards evening, and the heat of the surface of the body varies in the course of the day, being sometimes above and sometimes below the natural standard. Partial sweats occur in the head and breast at night. The thirst is generally considerably increased; the urine is highly colored, and deposits a copious, reddish sediment. A sense of soreness in the chest, with an occasional transient stitch in the side, occurs in the majority of instances, but there is very rarely any fixed pain in the chest. The cough is usually severe, particularly on rising out of bed in the morning, at which time the breathing is more or less wheezing, and attended with a feeling of tightness in the breast.

If the disease continues unchecked in its course, the expectoration becomes purulent and extremely copious. Debility and emaciation increase rapidly; the difficulty of breathing and sense of weight and tightness across the chest become more and more distressing. The pulse is now generally very fre- [illegible]

Financial.

Atlantic & Gt. Western Railway.

$10 a Day Made by Any One

Medical.

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS!

A Few Selections from a Mass of Testimony Now on File!!

NEWARK, Licking Co., Ohio, Aug. 19, 1867.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith:

GENTS: My wife having received so much benefit from the use of your Bitters, I deem it my duty to give testimony in their favor. About one and a half years since she had a severe attack of Dysentery or Bloody Flux, which became chronic, and continued for the above period of time, baffling the most skillful physicians in the county. We finally became discouraged, and gave up all hopes of her recovery, when by accident my attention was called to your most valuable bitters by Messrs. Collins & Thurston, Druggists, handing me one of your almanacs. Finding them recommended for Bloody Flux, I bought one bottle and commenced giving according to directions; and before one-third of the bottle had been taken she was entirely cured, and enjoys perfectly good health at this time. Most respectfully yours,

W. D. BUTTERS.

BRANCHVILLE, Ala., March 11, 1867.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith:

DEAR SIRS: I am hardly able to express my gratitude for the benefit I have derived from the use of your Stomach Bitters. I have been afflicted with Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia for more than five years, from which I have suffered no little. My physicians failed to give me permanent relief. I became melancholy and unhappy; my constitution was much broken down by using mercury. Accidentally meeting with one of your almanacs, it induced me to procure a few bottles of your Bitters, which afforded me a very great relief; and it is my sincere opinion that they will soon effect a permanent cure. I was pronounced incurable, and my recovery through your Bitters will be little short of a miracle. My neighbors express surprise at seeing me so much improved in health, [illegible]

Prepared and sold by

HOSTETTER & SMITH,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Medical Cards.

Dr. Bigelow

Is the only Physician, as a specialist, now [illegible] PRIVATE DISEASES [illegible] since he has been in the city. His reputation has vouchers in all the city papers, from his patients and the medical profession, both at home and abroad, as being the most skilful specialist in Chicago, and a thorough master of all sexual diseases. It is only a common occurrence with him to cure such cases. His rooms are separate for ladies and gentlemen, and the most complete in the city.

SPERMATORRHEA.—Persons suffering from Nervous Debility, especially those contemplating marriage, should lose no time in making immediate application, as Dr. B., by his new treatment, is enabled to insure a speedy and permanent cure.

Consultation free and confidential. Office, No. 139 South Clark-st., corner of Monroe, half a block from the Post Office. Post Office Box 154, Chicago, Ill. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Send for his "GUIDE TO HEALTH," published monthly free of charge.

Private Diseases.

DR. JAMES,

Formerly of James' Lock Hospital, New Orleans, and for the last eight years located in Chicago, and known North and South as the most successful Specialist in the United States in the treatment of

DISEASES OF A PRIVATE NATURE,

Including Female Difficulties and Irregularities, can be consulted at his OFFICE and PARLORS, 91 and 93 RANDOLPH-ST., upstairs, from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m., or by letter, P. O. Drawer 2883, Chicago, Ill.

Treatise upon Spermatorrhea, or one on Syphilis, sent to any address on receipt of two red stamps.

Dr. N. Rosenberg,

Of 180 South Clark-st., stands at the head of his profession in the treatment of all private diseases. Seminal weakness and all private diseases of both sexes guaranteed a cure. Consultation free and confidential. All correspondence promptly and confidentially answered. All persons outside of the city, who suffer from any private disease, can have prescriptions carefully compounded and sent secure from notice. Secondary and tertiary cases of syphilis, incurable by medicine, guaranteed a cure by syphilization. The Dr. would refer you to HIS ARTICLE ON "SYPHILIZATION AS TREATMENT FOR SYPHILIS," IN THE AUGUST NUMBER OF THE CHICAGO MEDICAL JOURNAL. Those given up by all other physicians as hopeless cases have only to call on the Dr. to be permanently cured. Physicians can be taught this system of treatment by applying to Dr. Rosenberg, 180 South Clark-st., P. O. B. [illegible], Chicago.

Dr. Townsend,

Office 180 South Clark-st., devotes his entire attention to Chronic and Sexual Diseases. Cures Seminal Weakness, restoring full power and vigor to the debilitated organs; and Syphilis, either acquired or hereditary, cured in a very short space of time. All Female Difficulties treated with safety and success. Send stamp for his circular of advice to the married. Consultation free. Post Office Box 56.

Dr. Raphael

Describes disease without any information from the patient, and cures without any experiments, or the use of mercury, thus saving your health and life from wrong treatment. His ladies' preventive is infallible, safe and sure. 113 East Madison-st., up stairs. Consultation free. Send four 3-cent stamps for his "GUIDE TO HEALTH AND LONG LIFE."

Dr. Bassett,

[illegible] South Clark-st., Chicago, cures (or no charge) the worst cases of Seminal Weakness, by a new method. He is a graduate of the University of Philadelphia, and is the most reliable physician in the city for all Chronic and Sexual Diseases, of both sexes. Send stamp for Theory of Nervous and Sexual Diseases. Consultations free and confidential.

Private Matters.

Young Men suffering from Seminal Weakness, should go (or write) to DR. J. B. CLARK, the eminent Specialist—Room 4 Larmon Block—who cures all Diseases and Difficulties of a Private Nature—of both sexes. Send stamp for Circular to the Married; also, Book on Self-Abuse. Address letters "DR. CLARK, No. 4 Larmon Block, Chicago, Ill."

Special Notices.

Reinforce Nature.

After having blundered in the dark for ages, the world at last begins to understand that the human system cannot resist or throw off the ailments of disease through the agency of depleting medicines. Strength of constitution, strength of nerve, strength to the whole physical organization—these are the only safeguards against the morbid elements which continually surround us. The exhausting heats of summer drain away the vital vigor, which is the only security for health, and those who are now aware of the necessity for recruiting their bodily powers at this season, do not understand, philosophically, the laws of their own being. The great Tonic upon which experience has taught the public to rely, as a means of invigorating, regulating and protecting all important organs of the body, is HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and there is no season of the year when this inestimable invigorant is more needful than now. [illegible]

Joy to the Sick.

Joy to the World!

Ocean Steamers.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA, [illegible] FOUR TIMES A MONTH. [illegible]

LONDON AND NEW YORK STEAMSHIP LINE.

NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP CO. THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA, VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

Sailing from New York on the

5th and 20th Every Month.

Passage Lower than by any other Line.

Machinery.

ARCHITECTURAL DEPARTMENT OF THE **Novelty Iron Works,** 77 & 83 Liberty-st., cor. Broadway, NEW YORK.

Proposals.

OFFICE CHIEF COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, Department of Dakota, [illegible]

PROPOSALS FOR SUPERSTRUCTURE [illegible]

Government Sale.

PUBLIC SALE OF CONDEMNED ORDNANCE AND ORDNANCE STORES. [illegible]

The Tribune.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1868.

THE CITY.

BURGLARY.—During Monday night the shoe store of Peter Keller was broken into by burglars, who made away with twenty-five pairs of boots.

BOARD OF HEALTH.—This board held a meeting yesterday afternoon, but the crowded condition of our columns does not admit of the publication of its proceedings this morning.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.—There will be a meeting of the members of the Institute this evening, at half-past 7 o'clock, at the Recorder's Court room.

REMOVAL.—The Church of the Holy Communion on Wabash avenue, near Randolph street, is now being moved to its new location on Burnside street. It will take fully forty days for it to reach its destination. Its old site will be occupied by an immense brick block.

PERSONAL.—The Hon. David Davis, General E. B. Lippincott, Colonel J. D. Strong, W. F. Kellogg, United States Senator; Captain Harris, Captain Glyn, Major Harrison, British army; General A. C. Fuller and General A. L. Chetlain were at the Tremont House yesterday.

LAW SCHOOL OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO.—The fall term of this institution commences to-day. Students desiring to enter are requested to meet in the school room, No. 23, in the Oriental Building, LaSalle street, opposite the Chamber of Commerce, at 11 o'clock a. m., to organize the classes.

SUPPOSED ATTEMPT AT MURDER.—Late last night a woman, named Ida Price, was found lying insensible in an alley in the rear of No. 173 Jackson street, and was removed to the Armory. She is supposed to have been thrown from the second story of a house by her paramour. Her injuries are of a serious nature.

YOUNG HORSES.—William A. Butters & Co. will sell at auction at the Union Stock Yards at two o'clock this afternoon, about sixty young horses. A splendid chance is offered to farmers and others who want to obtain good, reliable young stock. These horses belong to an unsettled estate, and must be sold out regardless of price. No person who is desirous of making a good investment should fail to attend.

BRAINARD FREE DISPENSARY.—The first annual report of this institution has just been published. It shows that during the existence of the Dispensary, six hundred and fifty-six poor persons have been treated, and one hundred and sixty-three children vaccinated, all with an expenditure of $260. The Dispensary rooms, at No. 70 West Madison street, will be open daily from half-past 3 to half-past 4 o'clock. A physician who speaks German will be in attendance on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

KINSLEY AND HIS FACILITIES.—As that season of the year is arriving when parties and entertainments are freely given, persons are naturally desirous to know where they can best find those articles which are required for table furnishing. All such should go at once to Kinsley's, No. 63 Washington street, and see the immense stock of tableware which he has expressly for such uses, the elegant decorated, but unmarked china and silver services; the ornaments; the fine table-linen; the grand assortment of mottoes, all entirely new in style, &c.

His facilities for serving parties cannot be surpassed in any way. In addition to the articles mentioned above, he has numbers of servants educated to the business, who, under his personal management, attend to all outside orders. No one who is intending to give an entertainment should do so before calling at Kinsley's, consulting him and becoming satisfied, as he will, that he can nowhere be better suited than by him both as regards services rendered and the price charged.

HOLMES' BURGLAR ALARM TELEGRAPH.—This ingenious invention, the only efficient burglar alarm telegraph, is coming in general favor among our citizens. In several instances in this city, quite recently, it has prevented housebreakers from consummating their evil designs. In a very unique pamphlet recently published by the Messrs. Holmes, a score or more of the most prominent banks and public institutions of trust in New York city are mentioned as being protected by the burglar alarm. The same may be said of this city, and many of our most prominent business men recommend the alarm in the most unqualified terms. The telegraph is worked like others, by electricity, the wires upon which it operates being invisible, and when set for the night numerous bells will be rung upon the opening of any door or window in the house. It has been in successful operation for seven years. It is so simple that a child can take care of it. Mr. E. Spear, whose office is at No. 114 Dearborn street, is the efficient agent for the alarm in Chicago. At his place it may be seen in operation. Persons desiring further particulars may address Mr. Spear for a pamphlet, containing thorough and complete explanations regarding this admirable invention.

Needless Repinings.

If there be any one thing which, when it is lacking, the "girl of the period" especially covets, and pines for, it is unquestionably a handsome, finely-toned piano, upon which her dainty fingers may be displayed to advantage, to say nothing of the musical delights which accompany its possession. And it would be interesting to know by actual count, how many delicate-fingered girls with musical propensities are dejected because the limited means of the family will not admit of indulgence in the coveted luxury. It is a question for the fair ones to determine whether the gifted composer and talented inventor, Higgins, had the alleviation of their misfortunes in view when he invented the celebrated Higgins piano, and, by a recent liberal arrangement, placed its possession within the reach of almost everyone. He now not only offers to sell his superb instrument for the low price of $400 each, but will also rent them at $8 per month to parties wishing to purchase, and apply the rent as part of the purchase-money at the end of a year. Call at No. 132 South Clark street and see these beautiful pianos.

Murderous Assault.

At about half-past 5 o'clock last evening a murderous assault was made upon a man in the machine shop of the Rock Island Railway Company, at the corner of Twelfth and Clark streets, and it is feared that the victim will not long survive his injuries. Thomas Meehan, a boiler-maker, had been discharged from the employ of the company by John McVicker, the foreman of the shop. In the afternoon he returned to the office, accompanied by the foreman, and offered to deliver up his keys to certain boxes containing implements used by the machinists. It is stated that McVicker accused him of stealing a hammer, and that thereupon Meehan seized a large hammer near at hand, and dealt him a fearful blow on the head, levelling him to the floor, almost senseless. The assailant then made his escape. At half-past 1 o'clock this morning he was arrested at his residence on Fourth avenue and was taken to the Armory. McVicker suffered fatal injury, and is now lying in a dangerous condition at his home on Burnside street.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA BOUFFE.—In spite of the dull, gloomy weather last evening the second performance of La Belle Helene attracted a large audience at the Opera House, and was given with even more dash than on Monday evening, the troupe having recovered from the fatigues of travel and grown accustomed to the house. Tostee decidedly improves upon acquaintance. She has got "the hang of the house," and although indisposed somewhat with a cold, gave a very spirited personation of the frail and fickle Helen. As a vocalist Tostee is not above the mediocre. Her voice is light but very pleasant, not remarkable at all for range, but elastic enough for the character of the music, and flexible enough to venture now and then on a trill or a run. [illegible]

[illegible]

THE GERMAN-ITALIAN OPERA SEASON.—The season for Italian and German opera is rapidly drawing near. Mr. Maretzek has made up his troupe out of the very best available material. [illegible]

SPORTING.

The McDevitt-Dion Billiard Match—Playing of the Contestants.

Base Ball, Cricket, Etc.

As the time for the playing of the great billiard match for the American championship and a stake of $1000, between Joseph Dion and John McDevitt, draws near, the popular interest seems to increase, and for the past few days has run at fever heat. Some betting has been done, but, as might be expected where the issue appears to be in such doubt, there has been little of that bantering and crying of odds that is usually seen at the high approach of such an event. It is generally agreed that neither of the contestants ever played with such strength and skill as in their late practice. Their average playing has probably never been equalled, and the two great runs of McDevitt have never been surpassed. Each is hopeful and confident of victory; there is no choice in the betting; everyone seems in great doubt as to the result, and it is probable that the contest will be in every respect a remarkable one. It will be interesting enough, no doubt; and respectable people need not be afraid to attend if they wish to see the game, for it is stated that those having the matter in charge will take the necessary steps for the prompt suppression of rowdyism on the slightest manifestation.

McDevitt on Monday afternoon played a game of French caroms, 50 points up, with an amateur, the latter receiving the odds of discount. McDevitt won by 27 points, averaging 1¾.

Dion played a game of 750 points on Monday afternoon with Rhines. The playing was very safe throughout, and the average small, though Dion made several runs above 100. When Rhines stood at 594, and Dion at 704, the latter secured a break and ran 226.

In the evening Dion and Snyder contested a game of 500 points at Foley's. The attendance was very large, and the interest manifested was great. The game, as will be seen, was very close, being won eventually by Dion by 13 points. The following is the score:

Dion—3, 43, 62, 201, 22, 25, 0, 0, 27, 6—500.
Snyder—5, 27, 18, 5, 53, 114, 194, 34—487.
Average of winner, 50.

At 8 o'clock last evening a practice game of 750 points took place in the billiard saloon of the Sherman House, between Mr. Dion and a well-known amateur of this city. The following is the tally of the game:

Dion—10, 5, 129, 266, 53, 27, 0, 16, 11, 0, 166, 19, 7, 27, 2, 44, 60—750.
Amateur—0, 2, 4, 5, 6, 0, 16, 7, 4, 2, 14, 2, 27, 28, 0, 22, 5—138.
Dion's average, 44.1.
Amateur's average, 8.1.

There are quite a number of reserved seats which have not yet been disposed of.

Just prior to leaving Montreal for Chicago, Joseph Dion played a game of 1,000 points with his brother Cyrille. The match resulted in favor of Joe—Cyrille, however, playing with brilliancy. The game was 1,000 points, caroms, Cyrille receiving the usual 400 points. Joe's first large run was made on the second inning, and amounted to the handsome sum of 330 points. He left the balls so apparently very safe, but Cyrille scored and continued to do so until he had reached 821, when a hard shot was missed. In the sixth, seventh, and eighth innings, Cyrille scored respectively 22, 61, and 33—Joe doing scarcely anything. Joe in his ninth inning made 125, leaving him at 660. In his next he ran the game out, scoring 310, and winning by 115 points. [illegible]

On Monday night Rudolphe and Deery played a match at French caroms for $100 a side, in New York. The game was a brilliant one. By the score given below, it will be seen that Rudolphe made the extraordinary average (for a match game for money) of 5 points to the run. Deery averaged nearly 3¼:

RUDOLPHE—3, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 3, 5, 5, 0, 18, 1, 1, 0, 0, 12, 2, 0, 2, 3, 30, 23, 0, 0, 4, 3, 20, 0, 4, 1; total, 150.

DEERY—4, 2, 0, 3, 3, 3, 0, 16, 0, 0, 0, 2, 4, 1, 3, 8, 12, 1, 2, 1, 4, 19, 0, 1, 6, 1, 2, 0, 12; total, 100.

CRICKET.

The celebrated eleven of England, on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday next will play their first games in this country, on the grounds of the St. George Club, at Hoboken. The visit is composed of Humphrey, Jupp, Willsher, Pooley, Lillywhite, Rowbotham, Shaw, Griffith, Freeman, Tarrant, Smith and Charlwood. One of the number will act as umpire, and the remainder will constitute the eleven. Together they form the strongest team in England, and the odds are largely in their favor as against the New York twenty-two. Willsher, Lillywhite, Freeman, Tarrant, Humphrey, Griffith and Shaw are the strongest bowlers. Pooley is the wicket-keeper of England, and is considered by many as superior even to the renowned Lockyer. John Humphrey, Lillywhite, Smith and Charlwood are the leading batsmen, though the weakest of them all is wonderfully strong.

The New York players will probably be chosen from the following, viz.: Gibbes, Cross, Bowman, Bradshaw, Torrance, Moore, Appleby, Butterfield, Haughton, Walker, Calvert, Hill, H. Wright, G. Wright, Norley, Want, Pomeroy, Branker, Mumford, Irving, Lancey and Smith, of the St. George's Club; Mortimer, Byron, Cashman, Kerr, Turner and Rogerson, of the New York Club; and Morrison and Jardine, of the Willow Club. The bowling will fall to the hands of Norley, H. Wright, Gibbes, Butterfield, Appleby, G. Wright, and Rogerson, while Bowman will attend to the wickets. Messrs. Cross, Gibbes, Mortimer, H. Wright, G. Wright and Norley have hitherto been the leading batsmen of the company, although there are many in the list who are very strong at the wickets.

The game will commence at 11 o'clock each day, and will probably be finished on the second day. Ample arrangements are said to be made for the accommodation of visitors, and should the weather prove fine, a most agreeable entertainment may be expected. Visitors will be present from all parts of the country, and to all who admire the game, it will be an occasion of unsurpassed interest and enjoyment.

PUGILISM.

Young Dorney, who fought Fitzgerald at Robinsonville, last fall, is out with the following challenge:

CHICAGO, Sept. 14th, 1868.

I hereby challenge any person in the Western country to fight me a fair stand-up fight, according to the rules of the London prize ring, at 105 pounds, for $500 a side, and the Western championship of featherweights. Man and money ready at No. 220 South LaSalle street.

(Signed), EDWARD DORNEY.

FAIRS.

The State Fair at Detroit opens to-day, continuing for four days. From present indications it will be a great success.

The Rock Island Fair begins to-day. On Thursday Bashaw, Rockey, Kirkwood and Thomas contest.

SILVER WEDDING.

Fashionable Gathering at the House of John C. Haines.

Valuable Presents Given.

On Monday evening a very pleasant affair took place in the fashionable world of Chicago. We allude to the silver wedding of the Hon. John C. Haines and his respected partner in life for the last quarter of a century. Mr. Haines is one of the best known men in Chicago, and is universally esteemed. He came to this city in the year 1835 at a period when the great emporium of the Western country may be said to have been in the first year of its existence. When he arrived in Chicago it was a military post, and then gave but few signs of the greatness which it has since achieved. It is not venturing too much to affirm, that to men of the industry, perseverance and sterling integrity of Mr. Haines, we are indebted to the proud position which Chicago occupies at the present day among the cities of the Union. Engaging as clerk with a firm on South Water street, he was promoted to a partnership in the year 1840. Subsequently he embarked in the milling business, at which he, in a short time, acquired a competency. In the year 1858 he was elected to the Mayoralty of the city, a position which he filled with great ability for two terms. He has been identified for several years past with the banking and financial interests of the Northwest, and has, within the last two or three years, exhibited marked ability in the management of the State's Saving Institution, which he has brought from a struggling infancy to be the leading banking establishment in the Western country.

During his long and successful career in Chicago, Mr. Haines has, of course, gathered about him hosts of friends and admirers, who, upon the happy occasion of the other evening turned out en masse to do him honor. The residence of Mr. Haines, which is located in the midst of well cultured and elegant grounds on the corner of Sangamon and Van Buren streets, was filled to repletion with a large and fashionably attired assemblage. The trees in the parterre at the front of the mansion were decorated with numerous lanterns, which lent a brilliant hue to the surrounding green, and made a scene at once chaste and picturesque. To the right of the house, a commodious marquee was erected under the especial superintendence of John Wright, Esq., the well known restaurateur of the Opera House. In this was spread a sumptuous supper. The table ornaments were very elegant and well in keeping with the occasion. The bridal cakes and pyramids of sweetmeats were adorned with silvered wreaths of flowers and all the devices of decoration indicated the precious white metal, the emblem of the evening's celebration. There were probably three hundred guests in attendance, and the evening passed most delightfully in dancing, promenading and sociable conversation. It was at a late hour that the company broke up, and all departed showering blessings upon their amiable hosts, and wishing them a smooth and happy journey to their golden wedding. The bridal presents were elegant, numerous and expensive. Want of space prevents us enumerating them all in detail. [illegible]

OBITUARY.

Rev. Hiram N. Bishop, D.D.

Rev. Hiram N. Bishop, D.D., rector of St. John's Episcopal Church, in this city, died in Paris, on the 31st of August, of brain fever, induced by sunstroke.

Dr. Bishop was one of the most energetic, faithful and successful of our Chicago clergymen. He came here about thirteen years ago and commenced preaching in the wilderness, the western part of the West Division being very little better at that time. He soon drew together a numerous congregation, and before long his labors were blessed in the formation of a church society, which from that time grew and increased steadily till it now ranks as the first in strength among the Episcopal Churches of this city. A church edifice was built on West Lake street, fronting Union Park, and four years ago it was found necessary to extend it to accommodate the growing congregation, which, like the scene of the prophets, had long found the place too straight for them. Recently a new church structure has been decided on, and the building was about to be commenced, when Dr. Bishop received a call to Cincinnati. He accepted the invitation, and his church accordingly accepted the resignation, after finding that there was no use in refusing consent. Dr. Bishop thereupon decided to take a short journey to Europe for the purpose of recruiting his health, and was announced to return on Sabbath next to preach his farewell sermon to his flock here. The news of his untimely decease will be received with deep regret by all who knew him. [illegible]

The deceased rector was born in [illegible] Vermont, [illegible] He graduated at [illegible] College, Ohio, in 18[illegible] and studied theology, being ordained at Kenyon [illegible] by Bishop McIlvaine, of Ohio, and subsequently became pastor of a church in Circleville, Ohio, thence removed to Kenosha, where he was rector of St. Matthew's Church till he came to Chicago in the fall of 1855, and laid the foundation of St. John's Church, the society at first consisting of but four persons.

Dr. Bishop was a powerful preacher; he sought not the graces of oratory, but he was naturally eloquent and delighted to preach home truths. [illegible]

The doctor was still in the prime of life; only forty-four years old, cut down in the midst of his vigor and usefulness. He was attended in his illness by his father-in-law—the Rev. Mr. Stone—and other American clergymen. His body was embalmed, and is now on the way to Chicago, having left Paris on the 10th instant. He leaves a wife and four children to mourn his loss.

CITY POLITICS.

The Grand Ratification Meeting.

Appointments for this Evening.

RATIFICATION MEETING.

A grand ratification meeting will be held in this city on Wednesday, the 23d inst., when it is expected that twelve thousand torches will appear in procession. General John M. Palmer and other prominent speakers will be here without fail. The Campaign Committee, which will take this meeting in charge and announce further particulars, will be appointed in a day or two.

O. W. [illegible], Secretary.

NINTH WARD.

At the meeting in this ward last evening it was decided to give a promenade concert on Friday evening, the 25th inst., and Messrs. Hayden, Stone, Smith, Bohannon, Tarble, Holden, Phillips and Fisher were appointed a Committee of Arrangements.

The meeting adjourned until next Friday evening.

THIRD WARD.

The Third Ward Tanners will meet at 7 o'clock this evening at the corner of State street and Eldridge court. Business of importance will be transacted.

SEVENTH WARD.

Company A, of the Seventh Ward Tanners, will meet at headquarters, corner of Mitchell and Union streets, at half-past 7 o'clock this evening. The other companies, and all good Republicans of the ward, are invited. Good speakers will be on hand.

The members of Company "C," of the Seventh Ward Tanners, are ordered to meet to-night in full uniform, to attend the mass meeting to be held at Hammel's Hall, corner of Union and Mitchell streets.

FOURTEENTH WARD.

All members of Company C, of the Fourteenth Ward Tanners, and all Republicans of the ward who are willing to join a Tanner company, are invited to attend drill at 8 o'clock this evening.

GRANT CAVALRY.

All members of this company are requested to be present on Thursday evening at half-past 7 o'clock, in the hall of S. A. Windbiehl, corner of North avenue and Larrabee street, for the purpose of getting uniforms.

GRANT GUARDS.

This organization meets promptly at 8 o'clock this evening, at the headquarters, corner of Clinton and Washington streets. All desiring to join are invited.

IRISH REPUBLICANS.

Henry O'Connor, State Attorney General of Iowa, will be in town, and address the Irish Republicans of Chicago on Friday and Saturday evenings. The Irish Republican Grant and Colfax Clubs, Companies A, B and C, will meet at No. 126 LaSalle street this evening, to perfect arrangements to have a general turnout. All Republicans are invited.

"FOUL PLAY."

The Leading Villain in the New Sensational Play Arrested for Adultery.

Those who have frequented Wood's Museum during the "Foul Play" season, will remember the chief villain in the drama, Arthur Wardlaw, which character has been ably represented, it is said, by J. K. Vernon, a new attaché of the Museum boards. This actor has recently introduced a comparatively new feature in "Foul Play" not strictly within the limit of histrionism, but subject to the rigor of the law. He is accused by his wife of living in an open state of adultery with a certain Nellie Robertson, an actress, and by virtue of a State warrant issued at the instance of Mrs. Vernon, both he and his inamorata were last night arrested and imprisoned. Vernon came here three weeks ago to fill an engagement at Wood's Museum. He was accompanied by Miss Robertson, with whom, it is alleged, he had been travelling for some months through the Western States, representing her as his wife. Mrs. Vernon, learning of her husband's engagement in this city left St. Louis, where she had been stopping, a week ago, and came here. Vernon had taken up his quarters with Miss Robertson, at the Montgomery House, on South Clark street, near Harrison. The injured wife soon secured evidence sufficient to warrant her in taking decisive action in the matter, and accordingly she made known her wishes to the police. At half-past eleven o'clock last night, after "Foul Play" at the Museum had been concluded, two detectives called at the Montgomery House and inquired for the room occupied by "Mr. and Mrs. Vernon." They were shown to it, and upon the door being opened in response to a knock, the guilty pair were found together. They were at once directed to get in readiness for a sojourn in the Armory, and were there taken and kept in durance vile during the night. The case will probably come up for examination at the Police Court to-day.

Western Patents.

The following patents were issued from the United States Patent Office, for the week ending September 1, 1868, as reported by G. L. Chapin, Patent Solicitor, Chicago: Water Wheel—B. Sutherland, Chicago; Tumbler Brush—G. Wetzler, Chicago; Can Top—L. Betts, Chicago; Apparatus for Amalgamating Gold and Silver—W. Fuller, Chicago; Furnace for Smelting Ores of Gold and Silver—E. Nohl, Chicago; Washing Machine—J. Osterhout, Rock Island; Tinner's Fire Pot—C. Johnson, Neponset; Shellac Varnish—G. Meikle, Sterling; Tubular Air Heater—B. Hawley, Normal; Device for Binding Loads of Hay upon Wagons—J. W. Hodges, Plymouth; Seeding Machine—J. Hess, El Paso; Hay Raker—W. King, Springfield; Corn Husker—J. Hartnett, Waukegan; Tire Heater—F. Hemstreet, Galesburg; Potato Digger—H. King, Denton; Fence Gate—J. Jewett, Ottawa; Animal Trap—H. Lesher, Galesburg; Sulky Plow—J. Lewis, Concord; Windmill—W. Peck, Rockford; Mechanical Movement—E. O. Rood, Ledi; Sliding Gate—G. Motter, Henry; Door Holder—G. Bensen, Belleville; Bee Hive—H. Sutton, Richview; Lubricator for Axles—J. Worden, Normal; Churn—J. Thompson, Summit Junction.

ATTENTION SOLDIERS.—There will be a meeting of honorably discharged soldiers at the school-house, near H. H. Polk's, District No. 4, in the town of Leyden, at 7 o'clock next Saturday evening.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for many years with never-failing safety and success, by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, and, by giving rest and health to the child, comforts the mother. Be sure and call for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Five Hundred Dollars will be paid by the undersigned for one ounce of any other material or compound that will permanently cure cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, or frost bites in as short a time, and with as little pain as Amaran Mine. It is soothing and pleasant to the most sensitive wounds. It never drives the disease to take effect inwardly, but kills it at once. E. P. DWYER & Co., Agents, Nos. 92 and 94 Lake street, Chicago. Address E. P. CONRICK, Dubuque, Iowa.

The air advertises Phalon's "Flor de Mayo," the new perfume for the handkerchief. Delightful puffs of the article are encountered in every place of amusement, at every party, in every drawing-room. Tens of thousands of handkerchiefs diffuse the invisible evidence of its virtues in all directions, and "none name it but to praise." Sold by all druggists.

New and beautiful pianos for rent, at $8, $10 and $12 per month each—the money paid for rent to be deducted from the price of the instrument. Still on hand a few of Treat, Lindsley & Co.'s organs and melodeons; for sale at cost price. H. M. HIGGINS, 132 South Clark street.

Chicago, Sept. 14, 1868.—Dr. Stephens: SIR:—As I have had a corn which has been very troublesome for the past year, I was persuaded to try your All Right Corn Salve, which gave me instantaneous relief. D. P. FULLER, No. 60 West Lake street. For sale by all druggists. Twenty-five cents per box.

Juniper Tar Soap—Is a certain cure for chapped hands and all roughness or irritation of the skin, eczema, ringworm, salt rheum, pimples, and all other cutaneous affections, making the skin soft and smooth. Manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. Sold by all druggists.

Clairvoyance!—Madam Jarvis, the celebrated Natural Clairvoyant and powerful Magnetic Healer, is still holding forth at 361 State street, where she will receive ladies and gentlemen for thirty days longer.

It is a great convenience and a prompt remedy—"Peterson's Ointment" removes the corn by absorption. Hundreds have used it and found relief, and hundreds recommend it. Price 50 cents. Sold by all druggists. A. J. RANKIN, proprietor, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Having used Stephens' All Right Corn Salve, I find it indispensable to persons troubled with aching corns. W. ALLISTER, 123 Lake street. Druggists have it at 25 cents per box.

Pianos for Rent and Sale.—Inquire of H. M. Higgins, 132 South Clark street. Also, a stock of small instruments, including organs and melodeons, all at cost.

Boston Elastic Fabric Company.—Suspenders and elastic small wares. No. 94 Franklin, corner of Church street, New York.

Paper Hangings and Window Shades, all of the latest. Paints, Oils and Glass, at F. E. Rigby's, 89 Randolph street.

DIED.

BISHOP—At Paris, France, Monday, August 31, of brain fever, Rev. H. N. Bishop, D. D., late Rector of St. John's Church, of this city, aged 44 years.

The remains are on their way to this city. Due notice will be given hereafter of the time of the funeral.

GOODRICH—In this city, Sept. 15th, Julia E., wife of the late Chauncey Goodrich, of Barre, Vt., aged 66 years.

Funeral to-day at 11 a. m., at the residence of C. E. Atwell, 1136 Prairie-av.

Montpelier, Vt., papers, please copy.

PARMENTER—In this city, Sept. 15th, at the residence of his son-in-law, L. H. Smith, No. 92 Sixteenth-st., Elvirous Parmenter, aged 69 years and 6 months. Funeral services at the house Thursday at 2 o'clock p. m. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

CONOLLY—At Waukegan, on Monday, the 14th instant, Hattie Hamilton, daughter of Robert A. and Harriet D. Conolly.

Strayed or Stolen.

STRAYED—A gray horse, of middle size, on last Thursday night. Anybody who has taken charge of the horse, or can give satisfactory information, will be liberally rewarded by JOHN BRETT SCHNEIDER, on DeKoven-st., between Canal and Clinton-sts.

STRAYED—Or Stolen—From the subscriber, on the 5th day of September, one white horse, about six years old, with harness on. Any one returning or giving information where the horse can be found, will be liberally rewarded. Street to C. D. CHAPMAN, 48 Cottage-place, Chicago.

STOLEN—From Carl Haberland, at Oak Park, on Monday night, Sept. 14, a dark brown mare [illegible]

Auction Sales.

CUSTOM-MADE CLOTHING,
Shirts, Drawers, Hosiery,
SILK NECK-TIES, &C.,
AT AUCTION,

On WEDNESDAY, September 16, at 9½ o'clock, at our new salesrooms, 5, 7, 9 and 11 Randolph-st., in Dearborn Block.

Catalogues ready on Monday.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

200 CASES BOOTS AND SHOES
AT AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY, Sept. 16, at 9½ o'clock, at our new salesrooms, 5, 7, 9 and 11 Randolph-st.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auct'rs.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.
60 Young Horses and Mares
AT AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY, September 16th, at 2½ o'clock, at the Union Stock Yards, we shall sell, without reserve, rain or shine, by order of the Administrator of an unsettled estate,

SIXTY YOUNG HORSES AND MARES, 3 TO 5 YEARS OLD.

Sale peremptory, without regard to the weather.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

BY WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.

Valuable Property
AT AUCTION.
WM. A. BUTTERS & CO.
Will sell without reserve
114 DESIRABLE LOTS,

In Block 3, Canal Trustees' Subdivision, Section 33, Town 39,

On Thursday Afternoon, Sept. 17,

At 2½ o'clock, at their salesrooms, 5, 7, 9, and 11 Randolph-st.

These lots are desirably located on Wentworth-av., Shurtleff and Butterfield-sts., between Thirty-first and Thirty-third-sts., are 25x125 feet.

TERMS—¼ cash, balance 1 and 2 years, with interest at 8 per cent.

Title perfect. Full warrantee deeds.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

DRY GOODS,
WOOLLENS, DRESS GOODS,
Flannels, Jeans, Prints, Knit Goods, &c,
AT AUCTION,

On THURSDAY, Sept. 17, at 9½ o'clock, at our salesrooms, in Dearborn Block, 5, 7, 9 and 11 Randolph-st.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auct'rs.

193 WABASH-AV.
ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.
Genteel House Furniture,
AT AUCTION,

On FRIDAY, Sept. 18, at 10 o'clock, at dwelling house No. 193 Wabash-av.

The entire Furniture, consisting of Parlor, Dining Room, Chamber, and Kitchen Furniture, Table Linen, Bedding, Blankets, Glass, Crockery Ware, Table Cutlery, etc.

By order of D. Mather, Executor.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

250 PIECES BRUSSELS, WOOL and HEMP
Carpets and Oil Cloths,
Hair, All-Wool and Cotton Counterpanes, Hair Mattresses, &c.
AT AUCTION.

By Catalogue, on FRIDAY, Sept. 18th, at 9½ o'clock, at our Salesrooms, 5, 7, 9 and 11 Randolph-st.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

VALUABLE PROPERTY
Adjoining
THE NEW ROCK ISLAND CAR WORKS,
AT AUCTION.
On Monday, Sept. 21, at 2 1-2 o'clock,

At our Salesrooms, 5, 7, 9 and 11 Randolph-st., in Dearborn Block, corner Michigan-av., 41 choice residence and business lots fronting on State, Burnside and Butterfield-sts., directly east of the Car Works. This is without exception the most desirable property for those interested in the Car Works, and it lies east of the Car Works and West of State-st., on which street the track for dummy cars will be laid within a few weeks. The lots are 25 feet front.

Terms of sale—One-third cash, balance one and two years, with interest at 8 per cent.

THE TITLE IS UNDOUBTED.

For particulars see

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auct's.

GREAT SALE OF
Suburban Property.
450 LOTS 100 FEET FRONT
BY
159 TO 207 FEET DEEP,
AT HYDE PARK
AT AUCTION,
On Thursday, Sept. 24th, 1868,
AT THE MAMMOTH SALESROOMS OF
W. A. BUTTERS & CO.,
Nos. 5, 7, 9 and 11 Randolph-st,
Sale Commencing at 2½ o'clock p. m.

We shall sell without reserve, 160 acres, subdivided into 313 lots, being Wheelock & Herrmann's Subdivision of the E. ½ of the N. W. ¼ and the W. ½ of the N. E. ¼ of Section 21, Town 38, Range 15 East, being the 160 acres adjoining and west of the famous

"DOUGLAS TRACT"

And Clark's Point.

80 acres, subdivided into 144 lots, being Wheelock & Herrmann's Subdivision of the E. ½ of the S. E. ¼ of Section 25, Town 38, Range 14 East.

These lots are 100 feet front by 159 to 207 feet deep, being large and desirable, with alleys 20 feet wide in rear, and lying about two miles southeast of Hyde Park Hotel, in the vicinity of the proposed great South Side Park. The Chicago and Calumet Dummy Railroad, already in progress, will cross one corner of this property. It is also believed that the projected Huron Railroad into Chicago will pass within a few rods of these lots.

The soil is rich and well adapted for garden purposes, and for beauty and healthfulness it is not surpassed by any locality south of Chicago.

The title to this property is perfect. Free from all encumbrances. Full warrantee deeds will be given to all purchasers.

TERMS OF SALE—1-3 Cash, balance in 1 and 2 years, with interest at 8 per cent.

For other particulars see

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auctioneers.

THIRD TRADE SALE.

We shall offer to the trade

1,000 CASES

Desirable styles of

BOOTS AND SHOES
AT AUCTION.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 16, AT 9½ O'CLOCK.

In this sale there will be a liberal assortment of Chicago custom-made Boots and Shoes.

Immediately after the above sale we shall dispose of 30 cases damaged goods for account of whom it may concern, at our large salesroom, No. 18 South Water-st., two doors from Richmond House.

GEORGE P. GORE & CO.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON.

Elegant New Household Furniture.
Piano-Forte, &c.,
AT AUCTION.

On FRIDAY, Sept. 18th, at 9½ o'clock, we will sell at our salesrooms, 112 and 120 State-st., a splendid assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Dining Room Furniture, marble and plain top Chamber Suits, in polished oil walnut, Parlor Suits in variety, with a general assortment of Housekeeping Goods.

Also, one elegant Rosewood Case Piano-Forte, seven-octave, is almost new, and is a rich, brilliant-toned instrument.

GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auctioneers.

AUCTION

Wednesday, Sept. 16th, at 9½ a. m., at Daniel Scott & Co.'s, 41 Randolph-st.

300 Ladies' Cloth, Beaver, Velvet and Silk Cloaks and Mantles.

DANIEL SCOTT & CO., Auctioneers.

AUCTION.

Wednesday, Sept. 16th, at 9½ a. m., at Daniel Scott & Co.'s, 41 Randolph-st.

Shawls, Blankets, Shirts and Drawers.

DANIEL SCOTT & CO., Auctioneers.

AUCTION.

Thursday, Sept. 17th, at 9½ a. m., at Daniel Scott & Co.'s, 41 Randolph-st.,

Custom-Made Clothing, Overcoats, Boots and Shoes, &c., &c.

DANIEL SCOTT & CO., Auctioneers.

BY W. E. LANGLEY.

Valuable Residence Lots
AT AUCTION.

Will sell at auction 145 lots in Hyde Park Addition in Section 2, Town 38, Range 14; [illegible]

On MONDAY evening, at 7½ o'clock, at No. 178 South Clark-st.

These lots front on Cottage Grove, Drexel, Egandale and Greenwood-avs., and on State-st.

Terms one-third cash, balance in one and two years at 8 per cent interest. Title perfect. W. E. LANGLEY, Auctioneer.

AT AUCTION,
BY CHILDS BROS., 21 STATE-ST.

On WEDNESDAY, Sept. 16, at 9½ o'clock,

$20,000 Worth of Notions and Tailors' Trimmings, Cassimeres and Satin &c.

Auction Sales.

500 LOTS AT AUCTION,
ON COTTAGE GROVE, DREXEL AND EGANDALE-AVS.,
In the Town of Hyde Park,
ON AND SOUTH OF ELM-ST.,
At the Office of CLARKE, LAYTON & CO., 128 Washington-st.
Sale to take place on Monday, the 12th of October,
At 2 O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON.

The dummy cars will run to and past this property in 60 days from now, thus making it very desirable for suburban residences. The land is laid out in large and deep lots. No part of the city is rising in value more rapidly than this section, nor is there any which will pay better as an investment.

TERMS OF SALE—¼ to ½ cash, balance in 1, 2 and 3 years at 8 per cent, payable annually.

See handbills and plat of ground, which will be furnished at our office by the 1st day of October.

Title perfect.

CLARKE, LAYTON & CO., 128 Washington-st.

Amusements.

CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE.

C. D. HESS & CO.……Managers.

TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS.

H. L. BATEMAN'S

FRENCH OPERA BOUFFE.

Renowned as first to introduce and popularize OFFENBACH'S SPARKLING MUSIC in this country.

LAST NIGHT BUT ONE OF

LA BELLE HELENE.

Tostee as	Helene
Lambele as	Orestes
Decre as	Paris

And the great comic trio, LEDUC, LAGRIFFOUL and DUCHESNE.

Friday—LA GRAND DUCHESSE.
Saturday Afternoon—Opera Bouffe Matinee.

McVICKER'S THEATRE.

THIRD WEEK

Of the engagement of the Great Comedian,

MR. JOSEPH JEFFERSON,

Who will appear every evening and at Saturday afternoon Matinee, in the best Drama,

RIP VAN WINKLE; Or, The Sleep of 20 Years

Rip Van Winkle……Mr. Joseph Jefferson.

COL. WOOD'S MUSEUM.

FRANK E. AIKEN……Sole Lessee and Manager.

Eighteenth and nineteenth performance and positively last night but three of Boucicault's great Drama.

Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock, and also at the Grand Matinee at 2½ o'clock,

FOUL PLAY!

To conclude with

TOO MUCH FOR GOOD NATURE.

Monday, Sept. 21st—Lester Wallack's drama of The Veteran.

CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE.

C. D. HESS & CO.……Managers

Wednesday evening, Sept. 16, third appearance of

H. L. BATEMAN'S

French Opera Bouffe.

The RENOWNED ORIGINAL COMPANY, from New York, and the first to present OFFENBACH'S GREAT COMIC OPERAS COMPLETE in this city. The company includes the fascinating

TOSTEE. TOSTEE.

MLLE. LAMBELE,

Mlle. MATHILDE, M. DECRE, M. LEDUC, M. LAGRIFFOUL, M. DUCHESNE, &c.,

with a Full Corps of Experienced Artists,

A GRAND CHORUS OF 30 TRAINED VOICES,

And a

GRAND ORCHESTRA OF 22 PIECES.

To-night will be repeated Offenbach's masterpiece,

LA BELLE HELENE.
LA BELLE HELENE.

THE SEASON IS POSITIVELY LIMITED, and will present the only opportunity of seeing M'lle TOSTEE prior to her departure for Europe.

SEATS MAY NOW BE SECURED

At the Box Office, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Admission, $1; Reserved Seats, $1.50; Gallery, 50 cents.

La Belle Helene Matinee on Saturday.

CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE.

THE MAX MARETZEK COMBINATION COMPANY.
Italian and German Opera.
OPENING NIGHT,
Monday, Sept. 28, 1868.

SUBSCRIPTIONS—Secured seats for the entire 12 nights, only $15; secured seats for either the six Italian or the six German opera nights, only $8. Private boxes, containing four seats, for the entire 12 nights, $80; for 6 nights, $45.

The office for subscriptions now open at J. BAUER'S Music Store, Crosby's Opera House Building. The regular sale for single nights will commence Monday morning, September 21, and continue the following days, at J. BAUER & CO.'S.

FRODSHAM'S ART GALLERY,

152 and 154 South Clark-st,

EXHIBITION OF

WILLIAM H. BEARD'S PAINTINGS,

For the benefit of

Trinity (Episcopal) Mission School.

Admission, 25 cents. Open from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

SINGING CLASSES.

Mr. DYE will hold his Singing Schools for the Fall and Winter Terms, in the following places: Adult Class—Every Thursday Evening, at Caledonian Hall, (Metropolitan Block, N. W. cor. Randolph and LaSalle-sts.,) commencing Thursday Eve., Sept. 17. Juvenile Class—Saturday morning, at 9 o'clock, commencing on Saturday morning, Sept. 19.

TERMS FOR TWELVE LESSONS.

Gents	$3.00
Ladies	2.50
Juveniles	2.00

Elementary Class for Young Ladies, Saturday (a m) from half-past ten to twelve.

ARLINGTON HALL,

Corner Clark and Monroe-sts.

J. H. Haverly……Manager.

Monday, Sept. 14th, first appearance of MR. D. L. MORRIS,

The Great Dutch Burlesque Actor, as RICHARD III.

Matinee every Saturday afternoon.

In rehearsal—Fowl Play.

Business Chances.

FOR SALE—The two-story brick hotel in Naperville, Ill., called the New York House, 36 rooms, well furnished, with a good run of custom; also, barn, with stable room for 60 horses. For particulars, inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—Vineyard, 5 acres, 4,000 vines, and small fruit farm, 15 acres, near a flourishing city in Illinois. Terms easy. Address E. S. CLEVELAND, Monmouth, Ill.

FOR SALE—One-half interest in the Juneau House, Milwaukee, Wis., to a young man who has from $1,500 to $5,000. Money not so much an object as to get a good man. References required and given. Address "JUNEAU HOUSE," Milwaukee, Wis.

FOR SALE—Drug Store—Splendid location; new stock; 10 years' lease. Will sell upon advantageous terms. Satisfactory reasons for selling. Apply to L. H. BIGELOW, 115 Kinzie-st.

FOR SALE—The lease, stock and fixtures of a confectionery and fruit stand, having a good run of custom and well located. Sickness and a desire to return East, the only cause of selling. Apply at 27 West Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—Cheap—A corner liquor store, with stock, lease and fixtures, now doing a good business. One of the best locations on the North Side. Apply on premises, 240 North Clark-st.

FOR SALE—Valuable Pine Lumbering Interest—The owners of a large and highly productive lumber property in Michigan, being desirous of still further extending the business, would like to meet a suitable person of capital who would take an interest upon an equal footing with the present owners. This property, with the proper amount of capital, will produce a net profit of from fifty to seventy-five thousand dollars per annum. Full particulars may be obtained by calling on SLEEPER & WHITON, Attorneys, 10 Portland Block, Chicago.

FOR SALE—Drug Store—Good location. Stock about $1,500. Terms reasonable. Cause, ill-health. Rare chance, at BALDWIN & CO.'S Business Exchange, 160 Madison-st., Room 4.

FOR SALE—Manufacturing Establishment—At a Great Bargain—The entire manufacturing establishment, foundry and repairing shop, containing all the Machinery, Tools, Stock in Trade, Fixtures, Manufactured Articles on hand, Office Furniture, and everything belonging to the Union Manufacturing Co., of Chicago, located at Nos. 24 and 26 North Jefferson-st., between Randolph and Lake-sts. The establishment has a capacity for 60 workmen, and is adapted to the manufacture of Steam Engines, Steam and Force Pumps, Lathes, Planers, Brewers' and Distillers' Machinery and Supplies, Sewing Machines, and general Machinery and Foundry work, and is in perfect running order. Must be sold by Saturday, Sept. 19, till which time bids will be received therefor. For further particulars inquire of the subscribers at the Company's office, No. 26 North Jefferson-st., or at the Law Office of Cooper & Packard, 107 Randolph-st. WILLIAM RICHTER & TOBIAS CLUMP.

FOR SALE—A Drug Store—In one of the best locations in the city, doing a good business, which can be considerably increased by the right kind of a man. Good reasons given for selling. Will be sold at a bargain. Inquire, for three days, at LORD & SMITH'S, Wholesale Druggists, 23 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—A Rare Chance—A fine retail drug store, fitted up in the best style, is for sale cheap, on account of engagement in some other business. Capital stock from $1,500 to $2,000. Address, immediately, to P. O. Box 1278, Fort Wayne, Ind.

FOR SALE—Billiard hall, doing good business, in No. 1 location. Address "CUE," Tribune office.

FOR SALE—Any young man of steady habits and well recommended can purchase a business that has paid me $2,400 per annum for the last three years, for $1,400—half cash, balance in one year at 1 per cent. Poor health is the cause. I will not answer business brokers. This is no humbug. "MERCANTILE," Carrier 73.

FOR SALE—Half interest in a good paying real estate office. "T C G," P. O. Box 556.

FOR SALE—A splendid chance is offered a good business man with $500 or $700 to go into a safe and profitable business. Address "P X," Tribune office.

FOR SALE—An interest in a distillery and vinegar factory, located in the city, at a bargain. Apply to or address C. J. SMITH, 202 South Water-st.

FOR SALE—Grocery store, an old stand, and big run of trade. Will give a cash buyer an extraordinary investment. Price $2,500. LAMB & CO., Brokers, 184 Randolph-st., Room 7.

FOR SALE—$1,500 cash will purchase the entire furniture and lease of a hotel clearing $500 per month. Rare chance. Must be sold. LAMB & CO., Brokers, 184 Randolph-st., Room 7.

FOR SALE—Stove, tin and hardware store, situated in a good locality and doing a good first-class business; good chance for a man with small means. Apply to E. A. MEARS, 160 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—Boarding house on Third av., near Harrison-st.; house 10 rooms. Rent $45 per month. Furniture $550. This is a bargain. PORT BROTHERS, 201 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—Hotel—One of the best kept, best paying, best located small hotels in Chicago; has a good bar, dining-room; full of boarders, and a good run of transient custom. Rent low. BOYDEN & KELLEY, 132 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—The lease and furniture of a private boarding house, now containing over 20 boarders, five minutes' walk from the Court House. Apply to BROWN & CRESWALL, Room 8 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—A splendid exhibition of panoramic paintings, all in fine order, popular and largely paying. Will sell for cash or trade for real estate. BOYDEN & KELLEY, 132 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—$200 will buy a neat cigar and fruit store. Rent only $15 per month. A good chance for a man with a small capital. Inquire, for a few days only, at 214 South State-st.

FOR SALE—Business Chances—We make a specialty in this line. Large list on hand. Selling every day. Bargains! Bargains, at BALDWIN & CO'S, 160 Madison-st., Room 4.

FOR SALE—A half interest in one of the best located saloons in the city. Good bargain given this week. Present owner leaving the State. Address STEPHENS, Tribune office, where an interview can be had.

To Rent—Houses

TO RENT—No. 101 Huron-st., a first class two-story and brick basement residence, with 11 rooms, and all modern improvements. Inquire at 6 Huron-st.

TO RENT—Cheap on Michigan-av., near Twenty-fifth-st., two-story and basement house; water, gas fixtures and heater; good barn. Inquire at 79 Lake-st.

TO RENT—And furniture for sale—A boarding house on the South side, full of prompt-paying boarders. For particulars inquire in store No. 126 South State-st.

TO RENT—The large house No. 313 Michigan-av., to a careful and responsible tenant only. The carpets, nearly new, on the floor, for sale. Inquire at 48 State-st., of C. L. HARMON.

TO RENT—A first-class two-story, nicely furnished house, with gas and water, to a small family. Board taken for the rent. Apply at No. 12 Aberdeen-st.

TO RENT—Or for sale or exchange for unimproved property—Two new three-story brick houses, with water, gas and bath, 11 rooms each, Nos. 419 and 421 Van Buren-st. Inquire at 280 Throop-st.

TO RENT—House on Oakley st., between Washington and Park-avs., for $18 per month. J. F. STARR, 124 East Randolph-st., Room 1.

TO RENT—From October 1, the four new marble front houses being erected on North LaSalle-st., between McCagg-place and Oak st. Houses two-story, French roof and basement; supplied with every convenience. Apply to GEO. C. CLARKE, 12 Chamber of Commerce.

TO RENT—House of ten rooms pantry, closets, bath-room, hot and cold water, good cistern and stable, for only $45 per month, near Lincoln Park. RICE, CADWELL & TERRY, 128 LaSalle-st., Room 7.

TO RENT—Frame store southeast corner Rush and Illinois-sts. $20 per month.

Two-story frame dwelling on Hubbard-st., near Reuben. Contains seven rooms, water in house, good shed. Rent $30 per month.

Two 2-story frame houses on Warren-st., just west of city limits. Rent $20 per month each. Apply to WILLIAM D. KERFOOT, 89 Washington-st.

To Rent—Rooms.

TO RENT—4 rooms on the 3d floor of No. 97 Washington-st. Apply at 41 LaSalle-st.

TO RENT—Six furnished rooms and four rooms unfurnished suitable for housekeeping; will rent together or separate; with gas and water, at 277 West Randolph-st.

TO RENT—Splendid rooms, without board, and furniture for sale. The finest suite of rooms on Wabash-av. Parlor, bedroom and closet, with hot and cold water and gas, centrally located, and would only be given up on account of the occupants leaving town. Address, with real name, "WILLIAMS," Tribune office.

TO RENT—One furnished and one unfurnished lodging room, at 18 South Clinton-st. Ten minutes' walk from the Court House.

TO RENT—A pleasant front room, furnished, with or without board, to a gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, at 49 East Madison-st. Reference required.

TO RENT—Rooms, furnished and unfurnished, opposite Court House Square. Inquire of Mr. PECK, 99 South Clark-st.

TO RENT—Three furnished rooms for housekeeping, at 22 Huron-st.

TO RENT—Room in McCarthy's Building, northeast corner of Washington and Dearborn-sts., and necessary furniture for sale cheap. Rent of room six dollars a month. Inquire at 95 East Washington-st., in Gas Fixtures Store, or address "M K C," Tribune office.

TO RENT—A restaurant with 10 rooms, furnished or unfurnished; also several furnished rooms, with or without board. Inquire at 150 Monroe-st., opposite the Post Office.

TO RENT—A nicely furnished room, suitable for one or two gentlemen. Apply at 298 North Clark-st.

TO RENT—Fine furnished rooms in Tyler's Block, 17 and 19 LaSalle-st. Apply after 9 at Room 15.

TO RENT—Several nice unfurnished rooms near the Post Office, very cheap. Inquire of S. S. JONES, Room 5, 81 Dearborn-st., third floor.

TO RENT—Furnished room in Pope's new block, 137 Madison-st., opposite Farwell Hall. Reference required. Apply at Room 47.

TO RENT—A large furnished room, suitable for two gentlemen, at 63 Third-av., near Van Buren-st. Also one single room.

TO RENT—One nicely furnished room, with bath-room, &c., to a single gentleman, at 320 West Madison-st.

To Rent—Stores, Offices, &c

TO RENT—The new 4 story and basement store, 20 feet front, and 100 feet deep, to an alley, No. 225 Kinzie-st. Inquire at No. 226 Kinzie-st., corner Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—Store in the best location on Lake-st., and fixtures for sale. Apply to ISAAC GREENEBAUM, 72 Lake-st.

TO RENT—Store and dwelling. Fixtures for sale. Apply at 27 West Randolph-st.

TO RENT—Business Property—Dock, power, large mill complete, warehouse, kilns, &c., suitable for any manufacturing purposes. Storage taken. Apply at Tea Caddie House, 36 South Water-st.

TO RENT—Store and dwelling No. 170 West Lake-st. Inquire up stairs.

TO RENT—Basement No. 37 Washington-st., for a term of years. Apply at P. HELLER'S at LaSalle-st.

TO RENT—Very desirable offices and rooms in the new rear buildings, on the 2d, 3d, and 4th floors, entrance Nos. 98 and 100 Washington-st. Also, two store rooms and basements on the alley. Apply to G. LUNT, No. 58 Clark-st., up stairs.

TO RENT—The upper part or second story of the handsome and spacious warehouse No 133 South Water-st., opposite Dearborn-st. Apply on the premises.

TO RENT—Steam power with rooms on first and second floors, at No. 10 Clinton-st. SCOTT & LEONARD.

TO RENT—A new store on the corner of Erie and Sangamon-sts., joining the Milwaukee-av. road, suitable for any retail business. Rent cheap. Apply at 120 West Erie-st.

TO RENT—Desirable desk room on the first floor, to a commission merchant or lawyer. No. 75 LaSalle-st., Room 2.

TO RENT—A basement, 40x100 feet, Nos. 50 and 52 East Madison-st., near State. Apply on the premises.

TO RENT—Store and basement, 22x135 feet, in the marble-front building No. 110 Madison-st., near Dearborn. Apply on the premises, or to ANDREWS & BRO., 124 Clark-st.

TO RENT—Second, third and fourth floors in new building 17 Michigan-av., with steam power if desired. Rent cheap. Address "GROCERY," Tribune office.

TO RENT—A large light room. 30x40 feet, with power, suitable for manufacturing purposes. Apply at 26 West Washington-st.

Board Wanted.

BOARD—For a boy 14 years old, in a private family, where a good moral influence will be exerted over him. Address, with full particulars, "SCHOOL BOY," Tribune office.

BOARD—A gentleman, wife, child 2½ years old, and nurse, on Michigan, Indiana, Prairie or Wabash-avs., south of Twenty-second-st. Best references given and required. Address "C H N," Post Office Box 117.

BOARD—And good rooms during the winter, for gentleman, wife and little girl, who have the best references, and want good accommodations. Address, "A A A," Tribune office.

BOARD—A young gentleman desires a nicely furnished room and board with a strictly private family, on the West Side. Address, "SOUTH," Tribune office.

BOARD—A young man of steady habits desires to obtain board with a young widow that has no other boarders. Address "A B," care of Carrier 13, stating terms.

BOARD—A furnished room and board, except dinner, by a single gentleman, in a pleasant location. Boarding houses need not apply. Address, stating terms and location, "X Y Z," Tribune office.

BOARD—On West Washington or Randolph-sts., near Union Park, by one or two young men, with furnished room, breakfast and supper, or would furnish a room, excepting carpet. Address "CO," Room 23, 116 LaSalle-st.

BOARD—By a young man, a room and board. North or South Side preferred. Address "L," Tribune office, stating terms.

BOARD—I want a pleasant room-mate, in a private family, and good board, West Side, east of Park. Address "W T P," Tribune office.

BOARD—By the first of October, with a good suite of rooms, either furnished or unfurnished, on South Side, east of State and north of Twenty-second-st., for my wife and self. None but those having first-class accommodations need answer. Address J. J. BORLAND, 242 South Water-st.

Partners Wanted.

PARTNER—Wanted—In a No. 1 paying business of long standing. Capital required, small. Apply at 159 Madison-st., Room 2.

PARTNER—Wanted—With a few hundred dollars, in the restaurant business, to join a party who has the experience and acquaintance of a good class of trade. Address RESTAURANT, Tribune office.

PARTNER—Wanted—With $6,000 in good paying and live business. We will prove our assertion. Call at BALDWIN & CO.'S Business Exchange, 160 Madison-st., Room 4.

PARTNER—Wanted—In first class saloon, [illegible] doing a good business. Must be steady and a gentleman. G. DANFORD & CO., Room 6, No. 78 LaSalle-st.

PARTNER—Wanted—In safe and profitable business. Goods staple. Half interest in stock, fixtures, &c., for $650 cash. J. M. MOODY, 132 South Clark-st., Room 7.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—A Flouring Mill, three run of stone, building frame, 36x48 feet, four-stories high, suitable for a merchant or custom mill, is for sale at a bargain. For particulars inquire of W. NOEL & CO.'S, 127 South Water-st., Chicago, or at BERSCHEID & KNEIP'S, Hanepin, Ill.

FOR SALE—A small sized fire proof safe, Lillie's make. Apply at Room 15 Larmon Block, from 11 to 12 o'clock a. m.

FOR SALE—Sewing machines of every description bought, sold, exchanged, rented or repaired. Needles for all machines in stock. General Sewing Machine Office, 186 West Madison-st., near Halsted.

FOR SALE—Cheap—Unredeemed pledges at HARPER'S Central Loan Office, 209 Clark-st., corner Adams. Also carpenter's chest of tools very cheap.

FOR SALE—I have a railroad ticket, good from Chicago, via Omaha and the Union Pacific, to Denver, Col. Having decided not to go there myself, I will sell very cheap. Address "DENVER," Tribune office.

FOR SALE—An elegant new rosewood chamber set. They are cheap at $400; will sell them for $350, cash. 62 Monroe-st., second floor. P. O. Box 253.

FOR SALE—Lease of house, running for one year, also the house to rent and furniture for sale. Good location for a boarding house. Apply at 472 State-st.

FOR SALE—Or Exchange—One large double office desk. I will sell or exchange for a single one. N. E. SCOTT, 95 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—Stable bedding, in any quantity, given away, at North Pier Planing Mill. ESTEE, GOODWILLIE & CO.

Personal.

PERSONAL—Will the young lady in black, who, with another lady and her little boy, accompanied by a gentleman, was at Ambrose's saloon on Saturday night last, about 9 o'clock, please inform her old friend, whom she recognized, where and when an interview can be had, in confidence? Address "H," Tribune office.

PERSONAL—Will J. W. VanMyers, or any one knowing his address, send it to 141 Fulton-st., early to-day. Business of importance.

PERSONAL—If the young man that called at my store, No. 142 West Washington-st., on Saturday and Monday, in search of employment, will call again, he will hear of something to his advantage. D. L. MARPOOL.

Lost, Found, &c.

LOST—Wattie Mott, aged eleven years, disappeared from his home Sunday morning, the 13th. Has large dark eyes, hair cut close; is small, pale; dressed in a brown mixed suit; black hat. Any information regarding him will be gladly received at his home, 132 Elm-st., or by WILLIAM H. SHARP, 108 Washington-st.

LOST—A large black Newfoundland dog. A reward of $5 will be paid to any one leaving him at 109 South Water-st.

FOUND—In my garden (for the second time) the smallest looking cow in Chicago, which the owner can have by paying charges and for this advertisement. T. H. AVERY, 88 West Washington-st.

Real Estate—City.

Improved.

FOR SALE—By Stedman, Leffler & Morris, Rooms 10 and 11 No. 126 Dearborn-st.

State-st., near Harmon-court, 3 x 125 feet, with three-story and basement brick house, marble front. Rents for $1,000 a year. A good chance for a safe investment.

A two-story frame with brick basement, corner of Prairie-av. and Pay-st., 11 rooms, hot water, and also a good stable. Lot 50x125 feet, with a front on Prairie-av. of 120 feet. Price $7,000. Terms easy.

Two-story house on Indiana-av., between Thirty-second and Thirty-third-sts., east front, 9 rooms, hot water and bath-room. Lot 25x125 feet. Price $4,000. Terms easy.

50x173 feet on Prairie-av., north of Twenty-sixth-st., at a bargain at $75 per foot, if taken soon.

25 feet lot on Prairie-av., north of Thirty-fourth-st., at a bargain.

On Prairie-av., 25 feet by full depth, near Douglas-place, $35 per foot.

Kankakee-av., south of Twenty-sixth-st., 25 feet, very cheap, $60 per foot.

Kankakee-av., between Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth-sts., two lots at a bargain.

Indiana-av., north of Thirty-first-st., east front, 25x125 feet, at $50 per foot.

Indiana-av., south of Thirty-first-st., west front, 25x125 feet, at $45 per foot.

Indiana-av., near Douglas-place, 50x125 feet. $25 per foot.

Indiana-av., near Mason-st., 100x125 feet. $30 per foot.

Douglas-place, near Rhodes-av., 50 feet, south front. $40 per foot.

College-av., south front, 50x122 feet, at $35 per foot.

Prairie-av., near Fourteenth-st., 4 lots each. Chicago-av., near Douglas-place, 25x125 feet. Cheap for cash.

State-st., between Douglas-place and Vincennes-av., at a bargain if taken within a few days. 1 or 2 lots.

Winchester-st., between Madison and Monroe-sts., 25x125 feet, $40 per foot.

Loomis-st., south of Harrison-st., 3 lots, east front, at $40 per foot.

Van Buren-st. and Wood-st., southwest corner, 118x125 feet. This is a great bargain. Price $45 per foot.

Monroe-st., east of Winchester-st., 25x125 feet, at $35 per foot.

Milwaukee-av., 1¾ acres, near the old Powell Tavern Stand, well improved. A splendid bargain. Also 10 five-acre lots in the same neighborhood. Will subdivide to advantage.

Madison-st., two acres, ½ mile west of city limits, 1½ just beyond the railroad; north front.

The most of the above property can be had on favorable terms.

FOR SALE—At a Bargain—Handsome residence, 224 West Monroe-st., corner of Aberdeen, lot 45 by 150. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—Cheap—Indiana av. residence. A good two-story and basement house on Indiana-av., with a beautiful lot 25x175 feet to an alley 20 feet wide. Price only $10,000, on easy terms. OLINGER & WALLER, Real Estate Brokers, 36 Washington-st., Rooms 1 and 2.

FOR SALE—A new two-story and basement house of 11 rooms, modern improvements, and lot 31x125 feet, with barn, No. 609 West Washington-st., between Wood and Lincoln. Early possession. SNYDER & LEE, Real Estate Agents, No. 4 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—House and lot 143 South Green-st., lot 25x125 feet. House contains 11 rooms, is on a stone foundation, and thoroughly built. Price low and terms easy. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—First-class Lake-st. store. No better property in that city. Offered only for a few days. OLINGER & WALLER, Real Estate Brokers, 36 Washington-st., Rooms 1 and 2.

FOR SALE—Two houses, in all 60 rooms, with corner lot 50x125 feet. No. 619 Canal-st. Can be bought for three-quarters of the present value. The owner wants to sell in short time. Most part of purchase money can remain five years at 8 per cent. For particulars inquire of T. CLANCY, 615 Canal-st.

FOR SALE—On Kankakee av., corner of Thirtieth-st., one of the best pieces of property which has been on the market in the South Division within the last thirty days. It will bear inspection. Lot 51x125 to an alley. A handsome 2-story and conveniently arranged house, built within the last eight months, nicely finished inside and out, with good barn, fence and walks. The property is cheap for the money asked. HUBBARD & CO., 75 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—A two story and basement brick house, containing 16 rooms, all modern improvements, and lot 38 by 150 feet, with barn, northwest corner Wabash-av. and Twenty-sixth-st. SNYDER & LEE, Real Estate Agents, No. 4 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—On Fulton-st., between Halsted and Green, lot and cottage for $3,000. The lot is worth $2,500, and the cottage will rent for about $250 per year. Why is not this a chance for speculation? RICE, CADWELL & TERRY, 128 LaSalle-st., Room 7.

FOR SALE—A first-class house and lot with furniture, with all modern improvements, with barn, garden, ornamental trees, &c., worth $30,000, located in the pleasantest part of the city. Address P. O. Box 972.

FOR SALE—Choice Business Property—On West Madison-st., near Clinton, lot 20x160 feet, with 3½-story house, with gas and water, all complete. Will be sold cheap, if applied for this week. Would take two or three unimproved lots as part payment. This is a chance for some one to get a bargain. Apply to J. M. WILSON, 34 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—A nearly new two-story and basement brick house of 11 rooms, hot and cold water, water closets, bath, &c., and lot 50x150 feet, on Indiana-av., near Twenty-third-st. Early possession. SNYDER & LEE, Real Estate Agents, 4 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—At 90 Washington-st.—On Michigan-av., near Twenty-sixth-st., lot 25x160, brick house with 12 rooms; price $8,000. On Wabash-av., near Twenty-fifth-st., handsome marble front residence, at $15,000. WM. GARNETT.

FOR SALE—House on long lease of lot, on Burnside-st. Will give a very great bargain. Call and see the property. LAMB & CO., Brokers, 184 Randolph-st., Room 7.

FOR SALE—House and two lots on Walnut-st., near limits, for only $1,300. The lots will soon be worth more than the price asked for all. RICE, CADWELL & TERRY.

FOR SALE—House and lot 50x100 feet, on Illinois-st., between Rush and Cass, very low and on easy terms. McMULLEN & WITHERELL, 164 State-st., Rooms 1 and 3.

FOR SALE—Two-story frame house of 10 rooms, modern improvements, barn, and lot 25x100 feet, on Indiana-st., near Dearborn, five minutes' walk from Post Office. SNYDER & LEE, Real Estate Agents, Room 4 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—A desirable residence on Wabash-av., between Eldridge and Harmon-courts, west front. House is well built (brick), has 12 rooms, good brick stable, &c. Price $15,000. This is decidedly cheap. For further particulars, apply to WARREN & GOODRICH, 125 Dearborn-st., Room 3.

Unimproved.

FOR SALE—West Side residence property.

8 fine lots on Throop-st., near Vernon Park.
8 lots on Tyler-st., near Centre-av.
8 lots on Harrison-st., near Centre-av.
100 feet on corner of Centre-av. and Harrison-st., cheap.
25 lots on Walnut-st., near Leavitt.
25 lots on Fulton-st., near Leavitt.
10 lots on Centre-av., near Sixteenth-st.
10 lots on Evans-st.
10 lots on Blue Island-av.
70 lots on Augusta, Emma and Reuben-sts., near Milwaukee-av. OLINGER & WALLER, Real Estate Brokers, 36 Washington-st., Rooms 1 and 2.

FOR SALE—A rare chance for investment. 20 acres lying between Kankakee and Indiana-avs., in a favorite locality; five acres of it grove; the whole newly fenced and staked. The cheapest ground in the market. For sale by F. A. BRAGG & CO., Real Estate Brokers, 139 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—20 acres on State-st. and Vincennes-road, south of R. I. Junction, $350 per acre; also, 160 acres south of Junction, $125 per acre. These tracts offer a rare chance for speculation. RICE, CADWELL & TERRY, 128 LaSalle-st., Room 7.

FOR SALE—By Sampson & Drew, Real Estate Brokers, Room 3, Metropolitan Block—Block 17, corner Reuben and Taylor-sts., suitable for subdivision.

FOR SALE—80 acres on North-av., ½ mile from city limits, at a bargain. Apply to WARREN & GOODRICH, 125 Dearborn-st., Room 3.

FOR SALE—100x125 ft northwest corner of Monroe and Winchester-sts.

86x125 ft southwest corner of Warren and Leavitt-sts.

50x125 ft south front on Washington-st., near Wood. SNYDER & LEE, Real Estate Agents, Room 4, Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—At Hyde Park—A choice corner, 160x150 feet, east of the railroad, near the station, and within two and a half blocks of the expected terminus of the dummy cars. BAIRD & BRADLEY, corner Lake and LaSalle-sts.

FOR SALE—Beautiful building lot, 230x160, southeast corner Kankakee-av. and Thirty-first-st., on long time. SAMPSON & DREW, Real Estate Brokers, Room 3, Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—By W. T. Shufeldt, 116½ LaSalle-st.—125x100 feet on Huron-st., corner of Market, being lots 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13, in blk 13, Butler, Wright & Webster's Addition to Chicago. These lots are offered for a short time at $75 per foot, cash.

FOR SALE—60 feet on West Lake-st., for $75 per foot; 80 feet on Park-av., for $40 per foot. RICE, CADWELL & TERRY, 128 LaSalle-st., Room 7.

FOR SALE—Two acres of land on Madison-st., half mile from city limits; 20 acres, 1¼ miles from limits, cheap. WILLET DORLAND, 131 South Clark-st.

FOR SALE—Lot on Fulton-st., close to Leavitt, for $725—worth $1,000. J. F. STARR, 124 East Randolph-st., Room 1.

FOR SALE—24 feet on Michigan-av., between South Water-st. and the river. The best bargain on the market. McMULLEN & WITHERELL, 164 State-st., Rooms 1 and 3.

FOR SALE—50 feet on the west side of Larrabee-st., 81 feet south of Wisconsin, running 205 feet deep to Howe-st., making 4 lots of 25x125 feet, with a 15 foot alley, for the low price of $3,000; ½ cash, balance in 1 and 2 years. By SNYDER & LEE, Real Estate Agents, Room 4 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—300 feet on Michigan-av., cor. Forty-eighth-st. Price $25 per foot. Terms easy. Apply to WARREN & GOODRICH, 125 Dearborn-st., Room 3.

FOR SALE—By Sampson & Drew, Real Estate Brokers—Beautiful lot, 125x145, on Sixteenth-st., between Indiana and Prairie-avs.

Wanted—Real Estate.

WANTED—To buy a house and lot in a good location, worth from three to four thousand dollars. Will pay five hundred cash, balance on time. Address "A L S," 38 Michigan-av.

WANTED—To buy a well built house and lot, in a good location, within a mile of the Court House. Price not to exceed $3,500. Address "BUYER," Tribune office, giving description.

Real Estate—Country.

FOR SALE—Two finely built houses and large lots at Highland Park, one hour's ride from the city on the Lake Shore R. R. Will be ready for occupancy Sept. 1. For terms apply to C. R. FIELD, Room 13 Mercantile Building, or at the store at Highland Park.

FOR SALE—200 acres of grass at $1 per acre. It is near Lansing station, 20 miles south of the city and will cut from 1½ to 2 tons per acre. Inquire of WM. G. CAMPBELL, Lansing Station, Cook County, Ill.

FOR SALE—Fruit Farm—One of the best in St. Joseph, Mich.; owned by a non-resident, who has other business that requires all his time. Will be sold at a bargain. Inquire of A. HESLER, 113 Lake-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—In Aurora, a nice place—1½ acres of ground, plenty of nice shrubbery and fruit; good house and barn; finely located, and cheap at $4,500. Will trade for property in Chicago. BOYDEN & KELLEY, 132 LaSalle-st.

FOR SALE—10 acres of land, with house 30x40 feet, a two-story brick, situated in Winetka, on the Lake Shore, near the depot, 40 minutes' ride from the city. Price $8,500. Terms one-half cash, balance in 1 and 2 years. WARREN & GOODRICH, 125 Dearborn-st., Room 3.

Horses, Carriages, &c.

FOR SALE—At Auction—Wednesday, September 16th, 1868, at 10:30 a. m., at J. M. HODGES' Sale Stable, 186 State-st. I will sell horses, carriages, harnesses, mules, etc., to the highest bidder. Sales every Wednesday until further notice. Also a fine assortment of horses of every description constantly on hand at private sale.

FOR SALE—Several work, buggy and saddle horses, a handsome pair of bay ponies. Also a two-seated democrat wagon. Will exchange for lumber. 30 West Washington-st.

FOR SALE—Ten horses belonging to Chicago Lightning Rod Co., in pairs or single; well broken and accustomed to the city. Some of them are good roadsters and others extra travellers. Will be warranted as recommended. Call during this week at their office, 168 Lake-st., between 9 and 10 a. m., and 3 and 4 p. m., or at 267 West Lake-st., between 7 and 8 a. m. and 6 and 7 p. m. ISAAC JOHNSON, General Agent.

FOR SALE—Large and small express, grocery and business wagons, of the best manufacture; also, second-hand butchers' carts, Eastern make, at MARTIN'S Carriage Factory, 231 Kinzie-st.

WANTED—75 head of heavy draught horses. Will pay the highest market price. Apply at Northwestern Tattersalls, corner North State and Illinois-sts.

WANTED—To Buy—A good horse, light delivery wagon and harness, cheap for cash. Inquire at basement, No. 82 South Franklin-st.

Matrimonial.

MATRIMONIAL—A gentleman of the highest respectability, aged nearly 30, whose connections are all first-class and all wealthy, and who has some property himself, would like to correspond with a quiet Christian lady of intelligence whose age may be 25 to 30, who within [illegible] Address for one week, "W D," [illegible]

Wanted—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Everybody, old and young, male and female, to call on Madam DUVAL. She is the greatest fortune-teller known. She will astonish you all with revelations of the past, present and future. No. 387 South Clark-st., Chicago.

WANTED—The best thing yet. To all in want of employment. Ambitious, profitable and legitimate business. Only at $5 to $5 required on the start. Practical, useful articles, that every family must have. [illegible] Address V. T. BULL, 28 South Randolph-st., Chicago.

WANTED—All descriptions of old broken gold and silver watches, jewelry, old gold, silver and plated ware, gold and silver coin, &c. Highest prices paid in cash at BARTLETT'S, 300 East Madison-st., between Franklin and Market. P. S.—Ladies and gents' genuine coin silver watches for sale at the lowest prices and warranted in every respect. Old watches taken in exchange.

WANTED—To exchange a first-class farm near Leavenworth, Kansas, for a house and lot in Chicago. Call at 183 State-st., Room 5.

WANTED—Everybody to know that the celebrated Gypsy Woman has returned to this city. If you wish to know all the secrets of your past and future life, call on her. She will tell you all your hopes, fears and desires. [illegible] Gypsy Palmist, and get your fortune told correctly by the lines of your hand. Full satisfaction given. [illegible] 26 LaSalle-st., near Jackson. Consultation $1.

WANTED—Two or more private pupils in ancient or modern languages, mathematics or English literature. References unexceptionable. Terms moderate. Address "INSTRUCTOR," care of King & Scott, 66 Clark street.

WANTED—To Lease—A lot 25 feet front, north of Twenty-second and east of Michigan, for residence. Address "WALKER," 223 Randolph-st.

WANTED—To give to one young man in every town, a life scholarship in one of the best commercial colleges in the West, free of charge. For particulars send three stamps to J. A. CONOVER, Coldwater, Mich.

WANTED—Commercial travellers who are engaged, to sell an article of goods by sample. It is light and will not interfere with their other business. A good percentage given. Call at Room 1, 10 East Adams-st.

WANTED—A middle-aged man would take charge of a manufacturing business, or act as agent either in the city or as a traveller. The best of city references as to integrity and capability. Salary no object. Address P. O. Box 983.

WANTED—To buy a grain warehouse, situated on one of the railroads leading to Chicago. Address "GRAIN DEALER," Tribune office, Chicago, Ill., giving size of house, terms of sale and number of bushels of grain handled per year.

WANTED—A young married lady who has lost a child a few days old, wishes to take a child to nurse at her own home. Apply at 189 West Jackson-st., for four days.

WANTED—Your Destiny—All persons wishing to know their future prospects, will have them correctly read by MADAM ALWIN, at 347 South Clark-st., where she may be consulted on all matters of money, love, marriage, courtship, law matters, business affairs, and will tell the name of the lady or gentleman they will marry; also the names of her visitors.

WANTED—An active business man with a capital of $800, to take entire charge and one-half interest in a business that is well established and located in the city. For particulars address "S F," Tribune office.

WANTED—I wish to have an interview with any persons having from $100 to $3,000 that they wish to put out on interest on first-class security at 10 per cent per annum. T. C. LAMB, Broker, 184 Randolph-st.

WANTED—The Great Gypsy Palmist is now permanently located at 431 South Clark-st. She will give you a full history of your life. Also, teach you the art of winning the opposite sex. Those living at a distance may consult her by sending a lock of their hair and age, enclosing $1, and will receive a true history of their whole lives. Please address GYPSY PALMIST, 431 South Clark-st.

WANTED—Two good second-hand billiard tables. Call or address "BILLIARDS," 23 and 25 Randolph-st., care R. H. Gillett, Bro. & Co.

WANTED—$1,000, for which I will pay 10 per cent. Security, mortgage upon farm, 22 miles from Chicago, worth $4,000. Title perfect. Address WILLIAM PRATT, 67 West Washington-st.

WANTED—To Exchange—Factory work and lumber for a horse and wagon suitable for delivering work. H. C. SAMPSON, Sash, Door and Blind Factory, corner of May and Twenty-second-sts.

WANTED—One good reliable man, with capital of $2,000, to take an interest in and manage the manufacturing of an article that is entirely new, meets with the wants of the people, and yields over ten hundred per cent profit. Quick sales, no risk. No other but a good man need apply. 331 State-st., or address Box 207 Chicago Post Office.

Wanted—To Rent.

WANTED—To Rent—By a prompt paying tenant, a small cottage, or two or three rooms, within ten minutes' walk of the Court House. Rent not to exceed $20 per month. The best of references furnished. Address, stating terms and location, "C J," Tribune office.

WANTED—To Rent—Immediately, a good sized house with moderate improvements, on South side, north of Harmon and east of State-sts., one suitable for a few first-class boarders. Would not object to boarding owner. One on West Side acceptable if in a good locality. Address "S A F," Tribune office.

WANTED—To Rent—Two rooms in a good location, convenient to Lake-st., in suite or single, of good size, with or without board. Private family preferred. Address "G J S," Tribune office.

WANTED—To Rent—A house of 8 rooms, in a pleasant location, within walking distance of the Court House. Best of references given. Address, stating terms, &c., "J S R," Tribune office.

WANTED—To Rent—Three unfurnished rooms suitable for housekeeping for a small family, in a good neighborhood and at a moderate rent. Address for three days, stating terms, location, &c., "HENRY," Tribune office.

WANTED—To Rent—A first-class house, with all modern improvements, on Wabash or Michigan-av., north of Eighteenth-st. Address or apply at Room 5, 85 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—To Rent—A first class furnished house on Wabash or Michigan-av., north of Twentieth-st., by a family with no children. Address with all particulars or apply at Room 9 Masonic Temple.

WANTED—To Rent—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms, second floor, with board, for gentleman and wife and two children. Prefer to reside in a private family. Call on or address at once, "G F B," 99 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—To Rent—A small cottage on the South Side for a family of two. Address "H V," Tribune office.

WANTED—To Rent—On the North Side, a cottage house of not less than 6 rooms. Must be convenient to horse cars and in good neighborhood. Address "L A W," Tribune office.

WANTED—To Rent—One or two furnished rooms suitable for housekeeping, by a gentleman and wife. Must be within a short distance of the Sherman House. Apply at 126 Randolph-st., in Clark's Saloon. C. BOGEL.

WANTED—To Rent—A house with 8 or 9 rooms, within half a mile of the Court House, North or South Side, for a family of four grown persons. Also, three rooms suitable for housekeeping. Address 21 Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—To Rent—By a young gentleman who will be a permanent tenant, a furnished room, centrally located for business, to cost from $10 to $15 per month. Address "S," 60 and 62 Michigan-av., Chicago.

WANTED—To Rent—By two young men a nicely furnished front room in pleasant locality, within ten minutes' walk of Post Office. Address "C W J B," Brunswick Billiard Hall.

Boarding and Lodging.

11 Eldridge-court—Handsomely furnished suites of rooms, for gentleman and wife, or two gentlemen. Terms reasonable.

17 Pine-st.—Two rooms to rent, with board. Also, a barn to rent.

20 Willard-place, first street west of Ann, near Randolph-st.—A gentleman and wife can be accommodated with first-class board. Family private. Location, etc., first-class. Terms reasonable.

38 and 40 West Madison-st., only a few blocks from Post Office and Court House.—Single rooms, $6 and $6.50 per week, with No. 1 board and every convenience.

50 North Halsted-st.—A gentleman and wife to occupy a pleasant, well furnished front parlor, with board, in a private boarding house where there are few boarders, situated on two lines of street cars, and adjacent to business. A good table, with every convenience and comfort. Terms moderate. Price not so much an object as a permanent and good tenant.

77 West Adams-st.—A gentleman and wife can be accommodated with good board and the comforts of a home.

87 South Green-st.—One large furnished front room to rent, with or without board.

122 West Washington-st.—Board with suites of pleasant front rooms, in a private family, convenient for gentleman and wife or single gentlemen.

133 West Monroe st.—Two nicely furnished rooms for gentlemen, also handsomely furnished parlor; also large unfurnished front room; closets, and first-class board, one block from Madison and Halsted-st. cars. Terms moderate.

137 Third av.—A front room, with bed arch, closet and gas, suitable for a gentleman and wife or two gentlemen, to rent with board, in a private family.

219 Ontario st., one door east of Clark.—A furnished room to rent, with first-class board, suitable for single gentleman.

219 West Adams-st.—Extremely pleasant location. [illegible] rooms, furnished or unfurnished, for married couples and single gentlemen, with first-class board.

225 South Peoria-st.—Pleasant, well furnished front room, with board, suitable for a gentleman and wife or two gentlemen. Two blocks from street cars, and terms moderate.

266 Wabash-av.—Unfurnished front rooms to rent, with board.

276 West Randolph-st.—A gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen can find good board and pleasant rooms, with home comfort. None but permanent or responsible parties need apply.

284 Illinois-st., corner of Rush.—A large, nicely-furnished front room to rent, with board, suitable for gentleman and wife or single gentleman. Only five minutes' walk from Lake-st.

334 West Monroe st., corner of Aberdeen.—Elegantly furnished rooms and first-class board for two or three gentlemen. Terms moderate. References given and required.

366 Ohio-st., near the Lake shore.—One pleasant front room furnished and one unfurnished, with board, suitable for gentlemen and wife or single gentlemen; also, one single room. Reference required.

456 Michigan av.—Furnished or unfurnished rooms, with board, in suites or single. House perfectly new, with all modern improvements. References exchanged.

462 West Washington st.—A furnished room, suitable for a gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen.

508 State-st.—A splendid suite of furnished rooms, with board, for gentleman and wife or three single gentlemen; also, single rooms. Day boarders wanted.

508 Wabash-av.—To rent, with board, a front parlor suitable for a gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen. Table first-class and terms reasonable.

661 Wabash-av.—A large unfurnished front room, with an alcove off—and hot and cold water—in a new house, very desirably located, to rent with board. References exchanged.

890 Wabash-av.—A suite of rooms, first floor, unfurnished; also, one furnished, suitable for gentlemen, to rent with board, in a private family.

805 and 8[illegible] Wabash-av.—A suite of parlors; also, one room for a single gentleman, to rent, with first-class board. References exchanged.

903 Wabash-av.—A very desirable suite of front rooms, unfurnished, suitable for a gentleman and wife. Also a single room elegantly furnished. Terms moderate.

1112 Indiana av.—Two front rooms to rent, with board, (unfurnished) to a gentleman and wife or two gentlemen. No other boarders.

A Married couple or two gentlemen can rent a very pleasant furnished room, with good board, in a pleasant part of West Washington-st., by addressing "C," Tribune office.

MICHIGAN-AV., south of Harmon-court—Two handsome rooms, together or separately, with board, in private family, grate, register, bath, water, etc. House newly fitted up. Good barn. Parties who wish to secure a pleasant home, please address Post Office Box 160 for a few days, and state where an interview may be had. References exchanged.

TWO gentlemen and their wives can find first-class accommodations and excellent table, in a strictly private family on Michigan-av. No other boarders. It is located in a fine neighborhood. References required. Address, for three days, "HOME," Tribune office.

WEST Washington-st., east of the Park—A very desirable opportunity is offered an agreeable married couple to secure a handsome suite of rooms and board, in a private family, by addressing "E," Tribune office.

Wanted—Male Help.

Bookkeepers, Salesmen, &c.

WANTED—A No. 1 travelling man, who thoroughly understands plows and all agricultural implements. For particulars apply to the MOLINE PLOW MANUFACTURING CO., St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—Several good machinists, experienced in turning axles, can find steady employment at good wages by applying immediately to the Ohio Falls Car Co., Jeffersonville, Ind.

WANTED—Men and women to sell the best books in the market. We want canvassers in the country and in the city. For terms and circulars address CLARKE & CO., 3 Custom House-place, Chicago.

WANTED—3,000 men on the grading of the B. & M. R. R., in Iowa. Wages $2. Free transportation by our agents, P. W. WEARE & CO., Commission Merchants, 6 Dearborn-st. Wolf, Carpenter & Angle, Contractors.

WANTED—Coal Miners—A few coal miners can find steady work at fair wages. Apply at 119 Dearborn-st., corner of Kinzie.

WANTED—An experienced and energetic man to build and take charge of a Hotel and Railroad Eating House, at the best point on the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad. Apply immediately in person, or by letter, at the office of the Superintendent of said Railroad, at Burlington, Iowa.

WANTED—A first-class carriage painter to go out of the city. Good wages and steady employment will be given. Apply to J. BROWN, 61 South Water-st., Chicago.

WANTED—One or two bricklayers at Oakland, northwest corner Cottage Grove and Oakwood-avs. C. W. ALLEN.

WANTED—Several canvassers for the city of Chicago, and through the country, for the "Cornell's Champion French Fluid Polish." A good income can be realized by men devoting but a few hours each day. Samples can be carried in the pocket. Address or apply to THOS. B. WALMSLEY, 189 Michigan-av., Chicago.

WANTED—A man to milk, take care of horse and make himself generally useful about a private house. Good references required. Apply to J. H. MARSHALL, Room 5, 97 South Clark-st.

WANTED—A young man about 16 years old to do general work. Must come well recommended. One who lives with his parents preferred. Inquire at 73 Lake-st.

WANTED—10 good, reliable men, with capital of from $300 to $1,500, to engage in the manufacture and sale of the best, cheapest and most durable windmill ever invented. Wanted by farmers and railroad men everywhere. Can be built by any mechanic. Will last a life-time and not get out of order. Agents are making immense wages by selling them. For further particulars apply to S. M. SOUTHWICK, Inventor and Patentee, 81 State-st., or address P. O. Box 939 Chicago, Ill. Also, I would like to make some arrangements with responsible parties in this city to manufacture the above machine at good profits. Address as above. S. M. SOUTHWICK.

WANTED—Ten young men from 15 to 18 years of age, at 66 Lake-st., up stairs.

WANTED—Two reliable salesmen of experience and one of little or no experience, to whom permanent employment and liberal salaries will be given. Apply this morning after 9 o'clock to H. H. CURRAN, 11 Speed's Block.

WANTED—A few good salesmen with small capital to engage in the sale of one of the best paying articles out. Agents are making from $15 to $25 per week. For particulars send stamp or call at 132 LaSalle-st. L. B. WATERMAN.

WANTED—A city canvasser for the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company. Apply to GEO. H. CLARKE, Manager, 128 Washington-st.

WANTED—Reliable salesmen to sell Patented Goods. Best inducements to steady men. Call or address at once, O. H. STANFORD & CO., 13 Reynolds' Block, Chicago.

WANTED—Five salesmen immediately to sell goods everywhere to drug and grocery stores. Agents retailing are making good wages. J. M. MOODY, 132 South Clark-st., Room 7.

WANTED—Salesmen to introduce Emerson's Binder to the trade. Also, a few good canvassers. Extra inducements to both classes. EMERSON & BARRETT, 129 South Clark-st., Room 72.

WANTED—Canvassers to sell and see the most saleable article ever invented. "Just out." Pays large commissions. "Terms easy." SHERWOOD & BRO., 132 South Clark-st., Room 11.

WANTED—Bookkeeper—A capable man, with $1,000 cash (which can be secured on good house, worth $3,000), can hear of a situation, at moderate salary, by addressing "SHERMAN," Tribune office.

WANTED—An assistant male cook. Apply early, at GRANT & SON'S restaurant, 163 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—A boy that understands how to run a Gordon press, at the Great East India Tea Co., 114 Clark-st.

WANTED—A boy at Barclay's show case factory, 141 State-st., to drive horse.

WANTED—A boy in a broker's office one that resides with his parents preferred. Address, in own hand writing, "GROCER," Tribune office.

WANTED—Two business men of experience in selling goods, and two of little or no experience. $20 per week to first-class salesmen who understand our line of goods. Inexperienced, $100 first year. Apply to ORVIS & BOOTWICK, over 123 and 125 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—A sawyer, who understands managing the cylinder planer, shaping machine, and machinery generally, at 32 West Washington-st. A. H. ANDREWS & CO.

WANTED—A young man who has had experience and writes a good hand, to assist in our office. Apply, with reference, to PATTERSON & SMITH, Dry Goods Jobbers, 64 & 66 Michigan-av.

WANTED—A smart boy, of good address, from 12 to 15 years of age, in an office, day and evening. Must write a fair hand. Inquire at Room 21, Larmon Block, corner Clark and Washington-sts.

Trades.

WANTED—100 coopers at Minneapolis, Minnesota, to make flour barrels. For particulars address E. L. HEYWOOD, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—Three or four good cabinet makers. Inquire of A. L. HALE & BRO., West Side.

WANTED—Two good sash and blind makers to go to DesMoines, Iowa. Inquire at 114 and 116 South Water-st.

WANTED—A carriage blacksmith, with capital enough to furnish his own tools. Address this day, "M J," Tribune office.

WANTED—A harness maker, a first class workman, to go about 75 miles into the country. Inquire of A. ORTMAYER & CO., 14 and 16 State-st. None but a first-class workman need apply.

WANTED—A good tinner, immediately, for the country. Apply at HIBBARD & SPENCER'S, 77 Michigan-av.

Employment Agents.

WANTED—100 railroad hands to work on a road in Wisconsin. Wages $2 per day. Transportation free. Apply to the company's agent, at 73 Clark-st., Room 4.

WANTED—This day, 25 saw-mill hands, 25 quarry laborers at $2 per day; 25 shovellers, 4 farm hands, &c. Employment Headquarters, Room 3 Lind's Block, Randolph-st. bridge.

WANTED—1 assistant bookkeeper, 1 entry clerk, 1 travelling agent, 3 clerks, 2 brakesmen, 1 fireman, 2 porters, 3 waiters and 1 bartender. Apply at 54 Dearborn-st., Room 1. Applicants by mail address H. G. HOSS & CO., P. O. Box 831, enclosing 10c for particulars.

WANTED—This day, 250 railroad laborers for the Rock Island & Pacific Railroad; wages $2 per day, free transportation, work all winter. Also, 25 teamsters. Apply at once to agents, H. F. CHRISTIAN & CO., Room 3 Lind's Block, near Randolph-st. bridge.

WANTED—8 men for light work in city, 200 men for Wisconsin, wages $2 per day, 2 porters, 2 bartenders, also 4 salesmen. Apply at 48 Randolph-st., Room 3.

WANTED—15 stonemasons. Wages $4.50 per day. Steady work all winter. Also, 150 laborers for Indiana, 150 for Illinois, 50 for Wisconsin, and 50 stone quarry men. Wages $2 per day. Free transportation. Apply at Laborers' Headquarters, 113 Madison-st., Room 3.

Wanted—Female Help.

WANTED—A competent milliner and dressmaker to go into the country. Good salary and permanent employment. Inquire for three days at D. B. FISK & CO.'S, 52 and 55 Lake-st.

WANTED—A first-class lady teacher as assistant in the Kenosha High School. For particulars address MARK DRESSER, Supt. Kenosha Public Schools, Kenosha, Wis.

WANTED—Bindery girls. Two experienced hands on job work, immediately. KIDD & PHILLIPS, 166 Randolph-st.

WANTED—Girls to make neckties and bows. Experienced hands only need apply. 126 Lake-st., up stairs.

WANTED—Immediately, one good dressmaker and two apprentice girls. Inquire for "DRESSMAKER," at 8 Eldridge-court.

House Servants.

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework in a small family. Apply at 720 Fulton-st., immediately.

WANTED—A reliable girl to take care of children and do second work. Good wages to one who can come well recommended. Apply at 102 Kankakee-av., corner Twenty-fourth-st.

WANTED—A good German, Norwegian or English girl to do general housework in a small family. Apply at 149 West Madison-st., up stairs.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply at 124 North Reuben-st.

WANTED—A good girl to cook, wash and iron; also a girl to do second work. Apply at 297 West Lake-st.

WANTED—A colored girl to do general housework for a family of three. Apply, between 10 and 3, at No. 9 North Sangamon-st.

WANTED—A woman to cook, wash and iron for a private family. Good wages will be given to a competent person. Apply at 52 South Carpenter-st., first house north of Madison.

WANTED—A tidy girl competent to do cooking, washing, &c., in a small family. References required. Call at 1101 Wabash-av., before 10 a. m. and after 4 p. m.

WANTED—A first-class cook in a private boarding house; also, a good kitchen girl. Good references required. Apply at 304 Ohio-st., from 9 to 11 a. m. and 3 to 5 p. m.

WANTED—A good chambermaid. Also, a good laundress; those who understand their business and no others need apply at 180 State-st.

WANTED—At 446 West VanBuren st., a good girl for general housework.

WANTED—A Protestant German or American girl, 12 to 14 years old, can find a good home with small wages at 371 West VanBuren-st.

WANTED—To go a short distance in the country, a good, competent girl to do general housework. German, Swede or Norwegian preferred. Apply at 64 Warren-st.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework in a private family. Apply at 289 West Lake-st.

WANTED—A good girl for dining room. Also, a first-class laundress. Must have city references. Apply at the basement door, 267 Michigan-av.

WANTED—A good cook to work in a small boarding house. Call at 219 South Clark-st.

WANTED—A second girl, one who can take care of children, at 719 Wabash-av.

WANTED—Immediately, one kitchen girl as cook. Apply at 8 Eldridge-court.

WANTED—A good second girl. Good wages for good work. Apply at 281 Madison-st., near Wells.

WANTED—A first-class cook. Colored or German preferred. Call between 9 and 3 at 780 Michigan-av. for two days.

WANTED—At the Barnes House, good dining room girls, chambermaid, scrub girl.

WANTED—A girl to wash dishes at the National Hotel, corner Washington and Wells-sts. Wages $3 per week.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework in a small family. Apply at 11 South Ann-st.

WANTED—A German Protestant girl to do second work. One who has had experience in the care of children and can sew on a machine may apply with references at 409 Michigan-av.

WANTED—Protestant girl as cook and laundress in private family at Hyde Park. Wages $3 a week. References required. Apply at 152 Lake-st., Room No. 6.

WANTED—At Wheeler's Hotel, No. 32 West Water-st., one dining-room girl and one laundress.

WANTED—A good cook, capable of taking entire charge of the kitchen; also an experienced dining-room girl. Apply at 84 Wabash-av.

Pianos.

FOR SALE—Twenty second-hand pianos, from $100 to $300, warranted good. Upright and [illegible]

Situations Wanted.

Males.

SITUATION—Wanted—By one who has had twenty years' experience in [illegible] Would prefer to canvass either the [illegible] Minnesota. Address "EXPERIENCE," [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By a first [illegible] branch of the clothing business [illegible] an object as steady employment [illegible] given. Address "CUTTER," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a [illegible] man who has been in business for several years [illegible] "J P S," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—To run [illegible] still and mix liquors, by one who understands the rectifying business [illegible] in the country. Address "J," [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—To [illegible] a good cutter [illegible] has no objection to fill up his time [illegible] Address "R," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—By an active young man, as assistant bookkeeper [illegible] surance, real estate or notary [illegible] "F O N," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—In a private family to drive carriage. One who [illegible] useful at any work that is [illegible] Address "M & N," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a [illegible] as gardener, or private [illegible] greenhouse. Best reference given [illegible] Chicago, Ill.

SITUATION—Wanted—In a private family to drive, take care of horses, and [illegible] generally useful. [illegible] and good references given. Address, [illegible] 89 River-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a [illegible] to drive a wagon for some [illegible] acquainted with the city. [illegible] Address, for three days, "G W A," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young man [illegible] some wholesale business. [illegible] three days, "G E B," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young man to drive a team or take care of horses [illegible] Address THOMAS WILSON, [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—By an [illegible] young German, as clerk in [illegible] business. [illegible] with a small salary. Address [illegible]

SITUATION—Wanted—In a paint and glass store, by a man who is used to handling [illegible] long glass, is acquainted with paints, &c. [illegible] references given. Inquire of N. L. HILLS, [illegible] Randolph-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—In a grocery store, by a young Englishman, lately arrived. Thoroughly understands the business, wholesale or retail, and is willing to make himself generally useful. Can produce good references. Address, for one week, "J A," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—By an active young man as assistant bookkeeper or clerk, who is a good penman and is willing to make himself useful, and can give good references. Address, "C H," P. O. Box 538.

SITUATION—Wanted—A young man of large business experience desires a situation as salesman, clerk in a bank, or as traveller. Best of city references. Address, for three days, "W," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—As salesman in a clothing store, by a young man well acquainted with the business. Good reference given. Address "S J," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—As salesman in a boot and shoe store, by a competent man. Best of reference given. Address "D S," Tribune office.

Females.

SITUATION—Wanted—A lady will give instructions in music to two children, for board in a private family. Having been for years a successful teacher, she feels confident of giving satisfaction. Residence near Lake preferred. Address "MUSIC," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—In a respectable private family, by a reliable and competent German girl for chamber work and sewing. Best of references can be given. Address or call at [illegible] Clark-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—A permanent one, by an experienced dressmaker. Address "A [illegible] NIE," 306 Fulton-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young girl, to take charge of a baby, or to assist in upstairs work. Address "J F," 329 Milwaukee-av.

SITUATIONS—Wanted—By two girls, one as cook, the other as second girl. Good references. Apply at 809 South State-st., up stairs.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a widow lady as housekeeper. The best of city references given. Address "A B C," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—A young lady of education desires a situation as copyist. Writes with great ease and rapidity. Address "C [illegible]," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a good girl to sew and do housework. Has first-class city references. Address, "M L F," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—By two girls, one to cook, wash and iron, the other second work. Best of city reference given. Call at [illegible] Adams-st., East.

SITUATION—Wanted—In a private family by a girl, to do kitchen work. Apply at [illegible] State-st.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a young American girl, in a private family, as nurse girl. Has objections to do second work. Apply between ten and four to-day, at 150 South Clark-st., up-stairs.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a respectable woman to do second work or take care of children. Good references given. Address "E O," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—By a respectable lady, to attend in a confectionery store or bakery. Can give good references. Address "D G," Tribune office.

SITUATION—Wanted—A young lady of excellent abilities desires a situation as copyist or general assistant. Can furnish the best testimonials from previous employers. Address CORDELIA, 20 Lombard Block.

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS—Wanted—For Matthew Hale Smith's new book, "SUNSHINE AND SHADOW IN NEW YORK." If you wish to know how fortunes are made and lost in a day; how shrewd men are swindled by sharpers; how gambling houses and lotteries are conducted, and everything of interest relating to prominent men and important places of New York, read "SUNSHINE AND SHADOW IN NEW YORK." A large octavo vol., over 700 pages, finely illustrated. We want agents, male or female, in every city or town to canvass for it. Everybody wants to know all about New York. No book ever published will sell so rapidly. For circulars and terms to agents, address [illegible] J. B. BURR & CO., Pubs., Hartford, Conn.

AGENTS—Wanted—2,000,000 Campaign Pins and Badges just received, the best and largest stock in the city. Samples sent for 25 cents by mail. Send to R. R. LANDON, 67 Lake-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—Wanted—To sell our Religious and National Pictures. Also, Looking Glasses, Bibles and Chromos. No capital, but references required. Apply to PATTERSON & CO., 96 [illegible] Clark-st.

AGENTS—Wanted—Agents travelling in the country who can do well by selling our Show Cards. Manufactured by A. STUART, 86 Dearborn-st., Room 4.

AGENTS—Wanted—Male or female. Goods furnished to be paid for when sold, and sample sent free. For full particulars address, with stamp, J. N. BOYLAN, Detroit, Mich.

AGENTS—Wanted — To sell DR. WM. SMITH'S DICTIONARY OF THE BIBLE. The [illegible] family. Profusely illustrated and attractive. Send for circular. Address R. C. TREAT, 117 South Clark-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—Wanted—For Clark's Indelible Pencil for marking linen, &c., and ten other very salable articles. Pencils, postpaid, 50c. Address T. D. STURTEVANT, 9 Custom House-place.

AGENTS—Wanted—Our People's Choice and Pride and Champions of the People's Rights, on rollers. National Union, Republican and Democratic Banners, with and without frames. All the candidates in oval frames. [illegible] For best inducements address SAMMONS, CLARK & CO., 161 Lake-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—Wanted—For the only complete authentic and official LIVES OF SEYMOUR AND BLAIR. Indorsed by all leading Democrats. Send for circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address JONES BROTHERS & CO., 131 South Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS—Wanted—New hand-lamp, seal lock, pocket mucilage, indelible pencil, indestructible pens, ten-minute tops, can openers, crayons, soaps, cement for earthenware, knife and scissors sharpeners, and 12 or 15 other articles for agents. Send for catalogue to O. H. STANFORD & CO., 13 Reynolds' Block. One dollar pocket timekeeper on exhibition. Send $1 for sample.

AGENTS—Wanted—Male and female, for a genteel money making business. $15 to $30 per day on small capital without risk or competition. Profits 300 on the dollar. Send stamp for return, or 25 cents for double sample to E. W. CHAPPELL, 9 South Halsted-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—Wanted—5,000,000 of badges, pins, charts, pictures in oval frames, Lives of the Candidates we haven't got, but plenty of them at lowest prices. Try us. GOODSPEED & CO., Chicago and New York.

AGENTS—Wanted—Campaign Lives of GRANT and COLFAX, and SEYMOUR and BLAIR, handsomely colored, charts, pictures in oval and square frames, pins, badges and all political goods [illegible]

AGENTS—Wanted—In every county to sell "Immanuel" or Life of Jesus Christ our Lord, by Rev. E. Eddy, D. D. The best book ever offered agents to make large commissions. Send for circulars or apply to W. J. HOLLAND & CO., 39 Lombard Block, Chicago.

AGENTS—Wanted—For THE AMERICAN FARMERS' HORSE BOOK, English and German. It treats on every disease to which the horse is subject, and is the best stock raisers' guide published. It is written in plain language and sold at a low price. For list of practical terms, territory, terms, &c., address J. S. GOODMAN & Co., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS—Wanted—The FOLSOM SEWING MACHINE offers better inducements to agents or purchasers than any other first-class machine. F. ATKINSON, 164 Randolph-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—Wanted—MACHINE NEEDLES, for all sewing machines, wholesale or single, by mail or express. F. ATKINSON, Folsom Sewing Machine Office, 164 Randolph-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—Wanted—All over the world. The greatest wonder of the age. $20 per day made easy. Something new and wonderful. Sells everywhere. $20 per cent. profit. Sample sent, free by mail for 25 c. Address T. COFFIN, Box 89, Hartford, Ill.

AGENTS—Wanted—We offer the most advantageous terms of any house in the United States. Send for confidential circular and price list. 40,000 campaign badges and medals; steel engravings in 5x10 oval frames; colored and plain card, cabinet and medium photos; [illegible] &c., &c.; in fact the largest and best assortment in the city. GEORGE F. CRAM, 135 Lake-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—Wanted—Campaign Badges in endless variety. Badges for ladies, badges for gentlemen. Badges for girls. Badges for boys. Largest stock west of New York. GEO. F. CRAM, 135 Lake-st., Chicago.

Machinery.

FOR SALE—Steam engines of all sizes and kinds; the best engines and the best prices in the West. Call or write for circular and price list, to 18 South Canal-st. H. M. AMES.

FOR SALE—We have one 16-foot bed planer, [illegible] inch swing; one 18-foot 20-inch; one 11-foot 18-inch; one 15-foot 21-inch; two 8-foot 16-inch Engine Lathes, five Iron Planers, Drills, Bolt Cutters, Belting, &c., will be sold at low figures, by HAWKINS & JAMES, 126 South Water-st.

FOR SALE—Portable and stationary engines, iron planers, engine lathes, upright drills, bolt-cutters, Sturtevant blowers, Knowles' steam pumps, wood-working machinery of all kinds, belting, files, and a general assortment of machinists' supplies at reduced prices. Send for circulars. C. L. MILLER & CO., 24 and 26 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE—Three 20 horse portable engines, 4 smaller do., nearly new. Also, two engines and boilers at reduced prices. Planers, wood working machinery of all kinds. [illegible] on hand. 70 Lake-st. GREENLEE BROS. & CO.

FOR SALE—At McGregor's, 23 South Canal-st., portable and stationary steam engines, new and second-hand, of all sizes and kinds. Shafting, belting and portable mills.

FOR SALE—Two 12 horse portable engines, in perfect order; 1 small stationary engine; 1 16-inch planer; one 3-horse boiler; [illegible] a large stock of extra heavy [illegible] steam pipe [illegible] Cheap for cash. [illegible]

FOR SALE—And To Rent—All kinds of new and second-hand sewing machines. Old ones taken in exchange for new. Machines sold on monthly installments. Orders for [illegible] General Sewing Machine Office, 186 West Madison-st., near Halsted.

WANTED—Any one having a good [illegible]

NEWS OF THE DAY.

FOREIGN.

Bismarck is ordered to England to regain his health.

M. Guizot, having no doubt of Napoleon's desire to preserve peace, urges a reduction of the army as an effective pledge.

American hay is not to be imported into England, because of the cattle disease in this country.

Application for a new trial in behalf of Whelan is to be made on the ground that the Judge refused to allow challenges of jurors before peremptory challenges were exhausted.

A rifle tournament, to last ten days, commenced at Laprairie, Quebec, on the 15th inst. About 10,000 volunteers are encamped there.

The Provincial Exhibition of Quebec was opened in Montreal on the 15th inst.

The Canadian Government has resolved to assist the starving inhabitants of the Red River settlement.

The general election in England commences on November 16.

The English women who own property demand that their names be placed on the voters' lists. In Manchester alone over 6,000 women have urged their claims to the franchise, and though the claim was not allowed, similar cases have arisen in other towns, and created such a furore that the question has been brought before the judicial authorities.

GENERAL.

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 144⅜.

McCoole has agreed to fight Heenan for $5,000.

Gen. R. Taylor has resigned the Presidency of the Missouri Pacific Railroad.

The concert given by the Chicago Light Guard Band in the Skating Rink in St. Louis, on the 15th inst., was attended by the elite of the city.

The steamer Abeona and the tugboat Sam Brown collided on the Ohio River, seven miles above Paducah, on the 15th inst. One woman was fatally injured, and two children were drowned.

The General Conference of the Central Ohio Methodist Episcopal Church meets in Lima, Ohio, to-day.

Mrs. Stout, wife of the proprietor of a hotel in Des Moines, Iowa, was burned to death in Des Moines, on the 14th instant. She was preparing medicines over a stove, when the liquid caught fire and the flames communicated to her dress.

On Sunday last, in Winterset, Iowa, one Henry Porter, in an altercation with his father, struck the latter. Death resulted from the blow.

Governor Brownlow, of Tennessee, has issued a proclamation declaring that acts of lawlessness and violence will not be tolerated, and that, if need be, the military will be called upon to suppress the Ku-Klux Klan and kindred rebel organizations.

The Fifth Cavalry, United States Regulars, left for Nashville on the 15th instant by special train. This movement is the result of the Tennessee delegation's visit to Washington.

Later footings of returns from Maine give 21,000 Republican majority.

Two boys, one fourteen years old, were arrested in New York on the 15th instant, charged with robbing a Wall street bank of $7,000. They confessed their guilt.

Two members of the Arkansas Legislature, a County Clerk, United States Collector and two Contractors have been driven by rebels out of Lafayette County, Ark. In the same county three white and eighteen black men have been killed.

The Grand Lodge of Good Templars of Illinois convened in Galesburg on the 15th instant. Seven hundred lodges, with an aggregate membership of 22,000, were represented.

Senator Howe addressed a large meeting in Kenosha, Wisconsin, on the 15th inst.

One seaman was lost by the wrecking of the schooner Echo, off Cleveland, on the 15th inst.

A drunken fellow was burned to death in a shanty in Cleveland on Tuesday night.

The Michigan State Fair opened in Detroit on the 15th inst. The entries were numerous.

The Niagaras, of Buffalo, defeated the Detroit Base Ball Club on the grounds of the latter, on the 16th inst., by a score of 38 to 17.

THE CITY.

The great billiard match for the champion cue of America and a stake of $1,000, between John McDevitt, of this city, and Joseph Dion, of Montreal, played here on the 16th inst., was won by the former. In the third inning Dion ran 261 points. McDevitt, who had only made 42 points, then took the cue and ran the game out, making the unparalleled run of 1,483 points.

On the 15th inst., Thomas Meehan, a boiler-maker, who had been discharged from the machine shop of the Rock Island Railroad Company, struck the foreman, John McVicker, so severe a blow with a hammer that death is likely to result.

Before dawn on the 14th inst. several brutes beat a woman, named Ida Price, in a shocking manner, and left her in a state of insensibility and nudity. Her injuries are serious.

WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 15.

THE NATIONAL BANKS.

A valuable statement concerning the National Banks has just been prepared from official figures for the use of the Republican Congressional Committee to refute the statements of the Democrats that the government has virtually given enormous subsidies to these banks. It has been compiled from a report of all the National Banks in the country, from which the following appears:

Total capital invested in National Banks	$422,804,666
Taxes paid to the United States	9,525,607
Average rate of tax on capital paid to the United States	2¼ per ct
Taxes paid to and assessed by State authorities	$8,[illegible]
Average rate per cent of State taxation	[illegible]
Total tax paid the United States and State authorities	$18,[illegible]
Rate per cent of United States and State tax on capital	4¼
Deposited in Treasury by National Banks, 5 per cent bonds	$[illegible]
Six per cent bonds	$[illegible]
Six per cent currency bonds of loans to Pacific Railroad	$[illegible]

VALLANDIGHAM'S ORDERS.

J. J. McMahon, of Ohio, is here dictating the revenue appointments in the name of Vallandigham, for the third Ohio District. They are in constant telegraphic communication, and Vallandigham's responses read very much like orders. The Treasury has received several despatches from the "great martyr," similar to the one published a few days since, ordering McMahon to stop appointing Radicals.

CORRECTION.

The troops reported as passing through Lynchburg for Nashville, are not destined to the latter place, but are en route for the plains.

STOREKEEPERS FOR ILLINOIS.

David Renner, Asa ly Poore, and M. S. Keith, were appointed storekeepers to-day for the First District of Illinois.

RESIGNATION PROBABLE.

The probabilities are that H. R. Hulburd, Comptroller of the Currency, will shortly withdraw from the Treasury Department. He is now quite sick and the office is in charge of J. J. Knox.

TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

REVENUE APPOINTMENTS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—The following appointments have been made under the Internal Revenue: [illegible] Alexander Temple, Cincinnati; Gaugers, Thos. Taylor, Twelfth District of Pennsylvania; Jno. Hurdicliffe, Twelfth District of Illinois.

AGRICULTURAL.

The Commissioner of Agriculture, Hon. Horace Capron, has completed arrangements for the exchange of cereals, seeds, medicinal and other plants with the various institutions and several governments of the different divisions of the globe.

REVENUE SUPERVISOR.

Colonel Marr, the first and only Supervisor so far appointed, left Washington to-night to enter upon his duties in Missouri and contiguous territory.

BINCKLEY'S RESIGNATION.

Binckley's resignation as Solicitor of the Internal Revenue Bureau, has not been accepted by the Secretary of the Treasury. He has not entered the bureau since his return from New York, for business purposes.

THE FAR WEST.

Removal of Indians to the Reservation near Fort Randall—Indian Depredations.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 15.—An Omaha despatch says advices from the North Platte state that Spotted Tail, with 1,700 Sioux, is starting for the reservation near Fort Randall. General Augur went there and personally arranged matters.

A Denver despatch says the Indians captured twelve mules from a grading party on the Denver Pacific Railroad.

A new company of scouts has been formed at Golden City, and another at Colorado City, for service against the Indians.

A Helena (Montana) despatch says the snow fell there [illegible] and again last night.

Fort Wallace, Kan., Sept. 15.—Reports brought in to-day [illegible] state that a party of forty-five Indians ran off twenty mules from Clark & Co.'s contractors, west of here, to-day. [illegible] of Pond City, four miles west of here. They were pursued by the owners and citizens, but not overtaken. At 11 o'clock the Indians were seen making for the Quartermaster's herd, but were driven from this post. [illegible]

[illegible]

CANADA.

Application for a New Trial of Whelan—Ladies' Rifle Tournament—Provincial Exhibition at Montreal.

OTTAWA, Canada, Sept. 15.—An application for a new trial in the case of Whelan, will be made in the Court of Queen's Bench in Toronto in November. [illegible]

MONTREAL, Sept. 15.—The rifle tournament opened at Laprairie yesterday. [illegible] About 10,000 volunteers [illegible]

The Provincial Exhibition was opened to-day by Lieutenant Governor Belleau [illegible]

DETROIT.

Loss of a Steam Barge—Politics.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

DETROIT, Sept. 15.

The steam barge Illinois and 115,000 feet of lumber was lost off Port Austin last Sunday. [illegible]

THE CAMPA[IGN]

Encouraging Repo[rts from] the Campaign i[n]

Enthusiastic R[epublican] Gatherings in al[l parts] of the Stat[e]

Vigorous Canvass Pro[gressing in] Southern Minne[sota]

Governor Oglesby at [illegible]

Republican Majority [illegible] About 21,00[0]

THE CAMPAIGN IN [illegible]

Special Despatch to The Chi[cago Tribune.]

COLUMBUS, [illegible]

Next Monday Governor Harr[illegible] his tour of the State at Newark [illegible] orator from outside the State [illegible] Ohio. Governor Morton is to [illegible] Gibson's district, and is [illegible] other parts of the State. An [illegible] to-day from the Marietta dist[rict] [illegible] Logan. The committee say you [illegible] all for Grant.

The following speakers were [illegible] [illegible]ville, Hon. A. Hart; [illegible] E. White; Marysville, General [illegible] Moody and General Moses B. [illegible] Hon. Rev. Maxwell P. Gaddis [illegible] and Hon. G. Volney Dorsey [illegible] J. Twing Brooks and General [illegible] Fostoria and Freeport, Hon. [illegible] Waldo, General John Beattie [illegible] General C. H. Grosvenor, and [illegible] eral Garfield.

You may well say it is impossible [illegible] lines, each to these meetings [illegible] be well attended. All our [illegible] this campaign.

A DEMOCRATIC FIZZLE AT [illegible]

Special Despatch to The [illegible]

URBANA [illegible]

The unregenerated rebel De[mocracy of this] place were to have an immense [illegible] day, and had flaming posters [illegible] speakers for the occasion, and [illegible] counted on a great demonstration [illegible] best laid schemes of mice and men [gang aft] agley," and the day wore away [illegible] tion arrived until about noon [illegible] [illegible] officials succeeded in getting two [illegible] eight wagons into line, and [illegible] principal streets of the town.

The speaker for the occasion [illegible] Comstock, of Syracuse, N. Y. [illegible] usual tirade of abuse of the [illegible] Toward evening the unwashed [illegible] spired, and numerous fights [illegible] quence, in one of which a promi[nent] politician struck an ex-Colonel [illegible] return.

To-night Frank Hurd, of [illegible] speaking to the few of the [illegible] able to navigate. The only [illegible] to cheer for Seymour and Blair [illegible] the Emerald Isle, who had [illegible] than he could take care of [illegible] mour staggered around [illegible] Seymour and—and—and Blair [illegible]

The Republicans are jubilant [illegible] from Maine and the noticeable [illegible]

AT MANSFIELD.

Special Despatch to The Ch[icago Tribune.]

MANSFIELD, [illegible]

The Republicans of this city [illegible] tory in Maine to-night by a grand [illegible] cession which passed through [illegible] streets, exciting great enthusiasm [illegible] guns were fired on the public [illegible] meeting is now in progress [illegible] dressed by Hon. J. Twing Brooks [illegible] Warren Keifer. The Herald [illegible] illuminated.

The Democracy are making [illegible] secure a large attendance at [illegible] here on Monday next. Hon. J. [illegible] vertised to speak.

VIGOROUS CANVASS IN S[OUTHERN MINNESOTA.]

Special Despatch to The Chi[cago Tribune.]

WINONA, [illegible]

The campaign in Southern [illegible] opened to-day by a grand [illegible] [illegible]

LARGE REPUBLICAN MEETING [illegible]

Special Despatch to The Ch[icago Tribune.]

[illegible]

REPUBLICAN PROSPECTS [illegible]

Special Despatch to The Chi[cago Tribune.]

[illegible]

PENDLETON AT SPRING[FIELD.]

Special Despatch to The Chi[cago Tribune.]

[illegible]

REPUBLICAN RALLY AT BATA[VIA.]

Special Despatch to The Chi[cago Tribune.]

BATAVIA, [illegible]

[illegible]

GOVERNOR OGLESBY AT P[illegible]

Special Despatch to The Chi[cago Tribune.]

[illegible]

REPUBLICAN DEMONSTRA[TION] [illegible]

Special Despatch to The Ch[icago Tribune.]

[illegible]